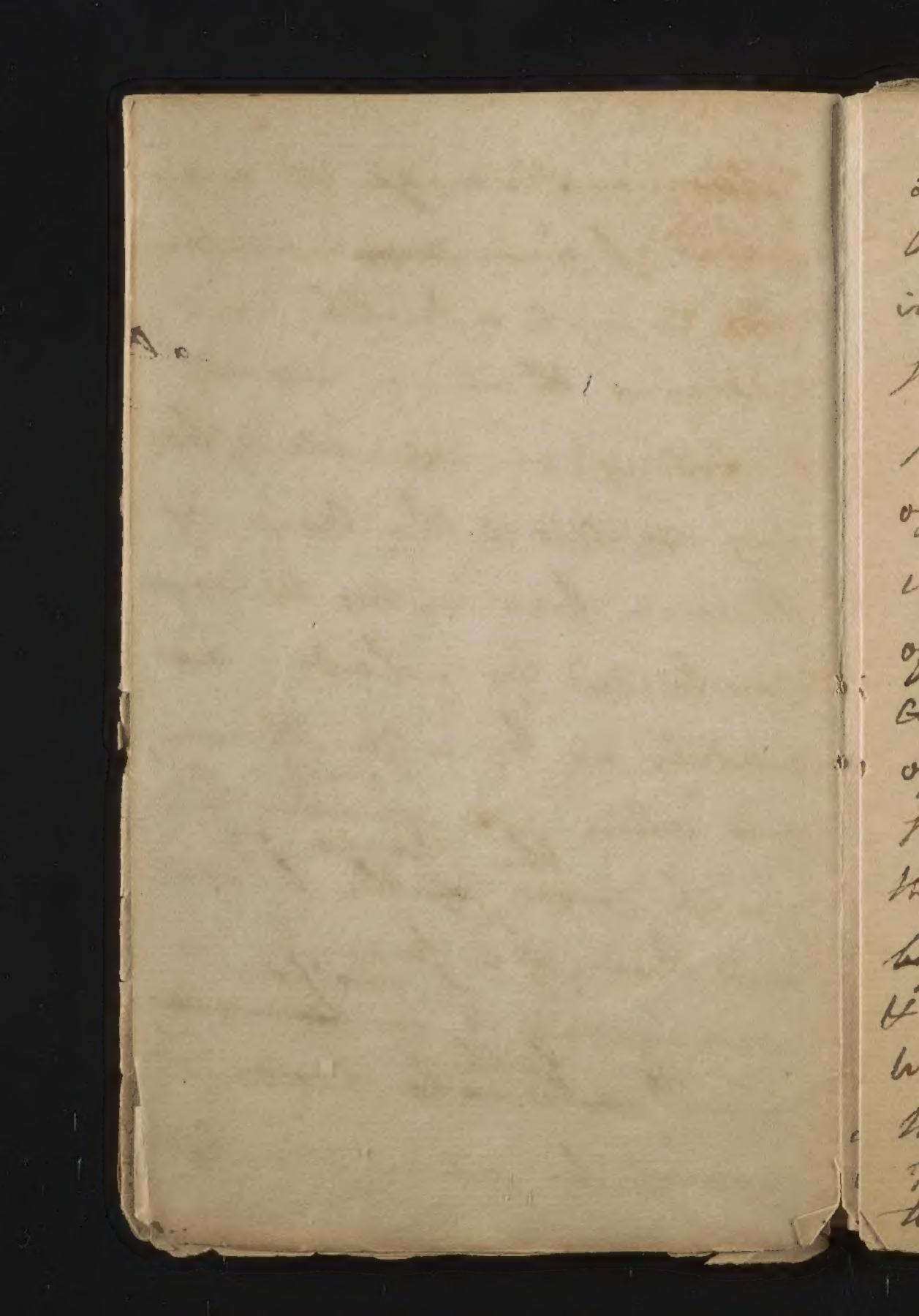
Ladris / The boson unfortunatity the practice to wrap up all Sciences in the dead languages, too by which means the knowledge of them was confined exclusively to the members of the burned profesion. after the revival of letters by means of the reformation and the ant of printing, the Sieves were emouripated from the dead languages, but they were invelevopred in obsume, and roge technical terms as to be intelligible only

However Stronge it may Donne, & and der maintain there is not a touth in, mediume that is worth knowing, or capable of being applied to the line of discases, but may be com -prehended by a lady, as madily as by a gentlemen, and when we consider how the charge of the health and lives of a family is committed to its france Than to the head it must be admitted that

ports of them as will Ly gentlemen. Of late years, be I hopse be perpetty pains have been taken to intelligible, The & bugin mores them intelligible to by remarking that Arminal ladios and even to young life as applied to the human body consists people. The drience of medicine in 3 things viza: in a particular manner has undergane a partial another from the lebes of In order to enable us to understand our hely'ut it up in this respect, and hours will be neep any to prewee find ou but much -mise 3 propositions. remains yet to be done april 16.1801. to remed men suind.

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Jone instruction in the animal Ouomonny, and in the principles of medicine thould form an epurtial part of the idreation of every homon is who of a family. Bisides taking of her own Children & Lewants, the will be enabled to ant the part of a Lady Bounteful by administant medicines If advice to his pringh bons 60 who were unable to obtain The apistance of a physician. The between which I am about

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as a System of instruction in midicine. Far very for from it. They will consist of a delection of such Suly uto as me most practical be Easy a formedation for your aupions of medical knowling, by reading & Observation. The first object of oming noris Shall be one which is desply interesting, to to us all, and that is the firence of life is Tolling to ing, is the business of the

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Leahing art; and in order to \$ do this, with effect it is necessary to know in what life consists, and what are the means estar : blished by the breator for maintaining it for 50, 60, denn an too years, Under the many biscomo tomus which opprosed threatenits extinction. The history of these means thate be the bur. - sinch of our present withere. - They are contained in a small panishflet, which I published a frew years ago - I shall read to your Such

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Endination to them I you by you to Shine as twines & mothers-& mistreped of families when it is to - portant finale stations to. Definition of Chemis: " · try. Heat be mixture two franfrel & minersal agents in hatire & art.

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formmits of mountains -13al. : lovins - Lect: 2 nd Effects of heat =/h 1 Expansion - all bodrio fr e zpand what, & contract the cold except ine. air - in a bladder mist rand g in a thurmome tis fring light 3 han in lotts - brafable in Clocko de. - troid for trachs hord Spits fire - explosion of red when heat and wheter explosion of red when the heat of the hoter explaints with byents evadint pipes - inthing the ground - home its effects in emobing houses - -Jee enddendy from the Swelling Le. Bal: 2 Fluidity - all bookis in: - palele of it by heat - water flaid only from heat - being in at 32. fre neupony at 82. 3 Evaportation vall bodies &corporble of it by heart. Its effects a

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ful coldest - semove per: - Sprindelinari - H give Buefs to weld are to come in contact with the body. \_ great force A Hlame - hir nucleary to it. It y course of thomalthe same in all bodies - may &. le comme our becomes imprime by it - is said to be phlogistigated - kills omi.

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fort three y is inflam matter-or only bront wood me inforfrom taking fine in Chrimmeys -Effects of heat un begetally I dionle themselves of all their Strovers - leaves de - on aminuto begins it in Chishans - as in Eght - continues it as in in many insuts - when here withdrawn - they beame longind - and are mired only & by y return of ets cheering instrucce. Huppily proportie

- Jos much would expand all fluids - nivers own flow y banks - dolid browns an earthy be enelted - Too little - all nating. Dhe tribied in ing thams, I over globe present y anoful Irhanom: Frankrig chaos. Leet:3 on manne 1 Solution - 2 mistrul 3 diffrision - I cold - 2 heat 1 on many bodies 2 only two com beenmited. Eg: Lallin J. & Br& V. Decomposition - add Sal 4 or In Tal arm - to a Tolestin of marble ein. Dr & V. catted Elective attroction. smirers al -

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extensive use in com: life. none mar of oxean. why ?. — 2 Hocks - Ornans 3: Jea - Why M Salt - I preserves from frontific 2 is more brugant - is more Fronth Isborth poles. - How.
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ife. Sarths They are I talearions cas hime - marble - Charle -a quat body - especiation frost in Pennsy: - Chalh in In. Thise to some Discharges frag agin Effervere with Rinds - of friend In discharged -2 gypseurs - asplanter of in 3 Hinty - no fito ones - up puris to precions tones sewels come worth 1000000 in the is come their is winity of color to metallic

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or fofil coal - thorswal - hard te heat-or turd-abounds would notes & vigetables containing & A - wood. 2 Oils - avonatre & unitrond - le Spr. of Turperstrine de homimal Huget: - Butter - west on france - fat - Brans grease. He & Heat makes y ranged thou jumbfied is 3 A egrand frants of All Dingle visgin - bowels of y carth - the metalo-catches fine there - water breaks in-Steam & fixed air compa of the carthan with- with a in hard first by distillation & in. 4 If if wine - imposed of V-aut.

And & fine oil: - Dither made of Til Usia S/be D7 - is a fine Oil- Exp: -milldoms. 3 Resins & asulur. \_ W

6 Phosphones - duid & A meteor - light wood - fine fly Decan - artif Dry our heraves Story. ~

the whose before to the hereward and she wanto and it is the manual being the bounds of the she was and the best of the standard of the best of the be

Let: 6 - betob 23: on metals Drivided into metals - and fæminetals - 12 malliable. as lead - 2 ho not as f. - Inetals contain and The extraction of it by fire or arids enables y drops called Kalcination. The restor - nation of it called reduction. 28: in lead - grease restores it. why that wondenful y our bries the various at The last day. The Soul line Dasit were its Da when!

Separated by death - The body becomes the a calf of metal. Salls into a promoter - but by its received of the force it again apames its ancient forms. Jula The heavist of all metals - The 1 prinset - land biable to be affected by fire - air De home most uniful for Coin. ancient H minersal. 2 for buttons the waterness to a very dromable. punions most unefully y: 3 gor gilding - cupable of oxten : sion tim wine & leaf almost

beryond Conception. presums Ly franciture. Looses its colon ale in The light Dark - right the by cance of color in plants - The when of Gold delightful to the again eye-next to green - with granden et y city if new The Jerses alim whise walls re all parts of the world. Brazilo next to gold in all its proper. tio & uses, nevenfles en plate found in mexico Køpranish dominiones. rtin made here ammerelly. est

The Spanierdy larry - herrie y money drawn from Thein in Or making lunar countie - when the black of heir black of most useful - prost districtive - First ward for an aling weathern of death. Implements of husban. - Bry from it - Britishiness tools of all kinds. - Surgeons in trum! - Crationary lestocho - le a great bleping to the world . Twish enely of death - Bit let we look

Thall be brissed into prough u Shares, offeren in to pruning · ~ hooks, & nations learn horn tues when no more. - fair als from melted by heat -in etric Custing Justs - The heat immonse afrons Story of Carron from works in ban Settland. - Tarids aut on it 60 green ? itriol - what - " hater esse! auts on it-de umodes it-mot Cm. what? - Fibrit botteel. Lig: Crothingent begetables - & from Jann Colon -From a wary where - Diffmed in aminals Wregeta bles - even in honey. -

Copper all Cirios actoril Iteat melts it - B7 Blue Vitral bluettong-a coordine behavies too Spefal armon. en a Solution of it - beautiful Le ves: virio - Verdigrepase, - answer orghes it winte - Bruss Brigging Bells & princh beech - Bells - telescopes - bymins copes - cumon Lopper other . La la O Easily metter becalined. All airds, especially, regetable berrones diget act on it - Sugar of lead - white lead Avinegande lead. from ter made of find filation in solution of Do not with Linky Ever! Resides. usy admirmetal BY & Z. White Vitrist-formed in Calamine.

Dipolues in all airds - in 197 Calomel. not in Water - no Vermijnge mixed in trinfoil - makes up. troking glapes. - gilvenses brafs - unites w brothered 'O - James off Goldnings. Levt 7th on braters Ine simple water - all chart Diffireme from foreign mutters.
The frest visible - or invisible. -1 pollen - red dand - 3 red animals as in Southoden -h grun-from Vegetables - come

fouldin from tignating heatergood out of wilproisible - Jalts - common Salt detected by annar constit. Cartho - Calennions Enetals-christly iron anown by astring leagetails jised Cris - Symmont water -Prost Rain - Inon Truest water - next siver - Creens. dioft - Rower by Jolephole - Thy drot prings - promps - lay tatie bullaine tagnating difsolves foreign ins multins - prince waster of hers fersisalism - whom one one

will watribute to hulth Epile anne -5 Common - 1 gallon in 1 minete - 15 poum de om a square inch - 30,000 of a middle fired man: how exist? - internal bir resists it Barom Tunght or prove 2 Deptologisticated air - 1 1 74 or 5 1-, אינורט , of common air - abounds ind is sureted from lugetables.

- information in the tester - 5 to sed Cad - 2 to in Salt frette a king

is the course of red color in hed lead or waters - imparts rid color to branns - A Do to the blood. The more of this trin granes - 5 times as long in it as in Common - hence the refresion: of regetables near a house - is validizating - see Inilton The new treasuns no fogs - exhalations - home ingerity means new atmosphere bytem called so - It will contribute like if from a water, to health I pleasure of the in buli laints of the new Levasalim.

3 Intlamma a ble Din 29 Ballowno - fire dannfred catch willare not willramber. minte in Commall - Wheel-De gamyronder y zaviste of Logio lated 4 tring air - I from fine 2 butte of Commals - Bing thursed in A Basis offenforder.

5 fixed Mir - from marble 4 to. brine cellers - Landledy grafte del come near neaples. Barris of Gumforodes de/s fulm:

tjilletaltes right - course of color -Durity of cotor 20 iff Gum. - Lities of light - from course of circulation of days - turn to it - grow most towards it merinne be . Thorn bush in a senden lovses ets thorns -

erint Lation Lect: 8: Having finished zun Grim eifeles - me come to y application. Considering in much duty & neufrity complise to wahren lady to dur house - its conveniences of quat lonsiquemel. I Direction - with be north. East be west from Emopre especielle Britain - crolest in own mark dans down opposite to each to ther. Intry - him: 2 materials - Loys - braids -Stone - bricks - bruid - called in Ingland Cobs - which best hovd - in this commeny - Culsonle at

intimal moisture - Stone next-abrorle 20 hence heavier when wit- thom dry - Bricho when plastered moister y when not - mud -or Cobs 2 feet thich exallent-lesore. de 3 Bisades direction - large rooms - Lin winter - drangtit lefs felt Ja - indimmer lefs extlusion of pr heat - windows byen above in duminer - closed in winter. - Jone houses windows not oppor. wite - The be a thorough ford - h buttilator - what?

- how the increased by a listing to protects of and bago to ceiting

x 13y might - blanchet under ig Sheet bed coming compains - note to close if sheet - migue. trong - Imall - tron backs & dides - closets at a distance from fire or Reptonen. -Terems - newsing Thefort of fire. the floor - setting high, ashes in the marth & Ather walls love of from y rouffrom Shade & eraporation which produces with -1 Cohen well round in Immer houses 3 Rufung windows & Shrelters elesse while John Shines on thim. a floor of earth - brichs - or marble -5 Itting man a Chrimney. bligh willing of min from 9 downwards
brigh withing tools & keeps med

from 5 upwards in cummer p

By night matchips of waters - a room He Fire places - Small be - toves clay-Britishy-iron - the pist called ,... /**)**~ Franklin, & Ritten brownes. by the 2" close - various - templated for baking - boiling - The longer the funnel-y less Sort - mone mut - Deonormy - wealth of firm and from Them. 5 moby Chimneys - disagnable inflame y eyes - Itain fromiture HWalls - durhun y complexion. Heartly burt the temper. Thereny - Imohe don't assemd by its weight - is driven up by rarefilair - what

London hnohe - de. form of es france - nothing to do in: I rowing a - no drawing - smrhe driven 2/2 by dumonnd fir. the I Too tight noom - no coment late of air - common in new homes en drundt en well ad great worns uned by Estling in this Seboure 5 - A Vintilator or war is down. 2 Too large fine place - air ble does not fill y whole of them. hence they fall - when rooms 7 -Imall-lover ones cargles. contract fire place by meaning 3 Short framel a Expensit 4 Two Chrimneys attracting

Jour cach bether - and Them. 5 lops of houses or a will on 3 tiles - I raising y himmey & Incommient dituation of adover-presing his too Juddenly-throws it out as Hombe from above a Shide the Salt - artimetron of fire plaining it at wight of affect the salt of all the salt thire - proper to beep things from heat & Colo : Cillers w Chimneys Ruges trituals from hunding by promoting anculation of hovod presenced by ; Drying, &

then painting - direction in which wood has grown - posts - burning of resin - Sefore they are put into a house - walls presented by plasting - weather bounding opening windows - removing Offal malters - whering of protection in Fortola when protected de - Stables not in: insions near a house - tritwool Some - Combile Southly - When offming -mummets of the fall of Inter. tell us y we have jorfuited our right to y south, bethat while

har incim this world, me and flus & mosquetres - water m 15 V - or en fish prevints y: - flies besides reseful in the 26 in frod to singing bride - & consume 8 infrare matter. night to distray them on the at frinciples of treas - by molupes on a board - Hymmfrowder - by fly Stone in bruter - aproson by avoiding hies man whomse Durch soven - Driving y out be Buts & mice - Lett Bondes former rose of insects ithey

hint to us to repair our houses formed only in old ones. Distroyed - 1 by traps. 2 Cats- Inch to be fed. - or if human 3 by amin or ruts burne - wrong - Dungerous to Children - & rats when they ore in their holes thent a nouse. I humanity revolts as yesterday at enther of these ha Bill, or 5 Thaving or unting the hair. Comifico Them creeky - -Lightning biomnder y/ame when near no perefetion of Elictricity in conducted by netals. Bonot by glas.

· pr hener y true of ison Conductors ligh Drew it sitentty inte yearth. - 3 Sharp pornito best. Ening George AD Franklin at the College. r tor ves ven a Chimney - historion ne or dvor - middle grunn -13. avrid trees - der Pontes how they aret. Ritchens - Sont Stim they re. -ceptarbles of chirt & wis worth Dich. To prevent both fronthony Bunerati proposition - In lange families - be in the present Itale of enriliered Joriety inn: to

provible . The best of Light of dist - out of light under ground - Sunderfran: - Corr - Krishes - on traw hie vents pupage of Sound. - If or bad in ambley neceptables of dist believe - best of Respe Children out of mem. Both They encuent both Trice in a prentumber enemner when knowledges there and by burns purpagated. But if there no way of prevent this Dist or trice - are our ten. to all abandoned to district I revin ? no - the own into to one the words of L'huster!

hre are unfortente fried her or the hords of our thorows in van brettinen. There is one des I but one me that of freven. lis Tring the Disorders of a Kitchen ma the presumer of a mistrefs. put - the tongue of a mishelp in her kitchen a remedy for 9 all disorders - on visit it two or thou times a clay - it is in. : consi table w a woman dives by it: de after all - a Inan brues y evenuen anost. him where affection from himself he feitz every time he detsdown

to a meal, or puts bio hund in his porhet. not incompatible in rational Intrio of bife - timos to mano Whomal a calonine knowledge from Censuse. Tolom ons Wife husbund no med of Short why " best wall appring francis to instrume our a burshand. Catensive brich heath - pump-Fice house - Itam- hay. Drep presence by tobacce Cedar Marings - Selsprice -Complower - Celler in alhest himmen. Brease by Chath & hot inon - and from the by turnertine - how? I form mariles -, Dy funder the form of funder the form of the form

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leptouched - Tim safest - hus assenice - puroter of time Line Jufe - mugs & plates - Bromomy in the latter saves knives - and closeths - the old fushioned. from dafe - durable - the airs l'even water aut on it - no mjenny francit - teahettles best except plate - pots best of Elizaber w comprised of -Emanuel - sale Alap - w made of - Whitegrafs of lead - Cornes in the home glup how mude - Safe no I whent in Chemistry acts on Earthin Warre - , lone green's

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ympathetic - Sue Sat: and Opripement dipolard in hime water or higher 4 ris Saprer - from 2 ago -مدمه Books frinting Office. -Thomas & Barran. Lee y: neupny in a house . soft. The latter preduct classinger in The weather. Beauty - theyre - Complexion Thate promoted dup - exect/ms: tith-not close or superate from Jumps pressed for the low french the definite from The un. 2 mostone - arin

Britain vorchand - Chitto here frequent washing the face Inon water 506." Howarh myself wohns wester & make myself myshand never so clean's Soly. 30.

3 Jord health. deprints 1 on moderate verice Zearly country six air of thillo Switch rising 3 arviding late harties. = b - 4 modrate aminal ford not th too high seasoned 5 right purpoun ben on y briend of Fred. above allavois 5 Cosmetres - Injure breakth & give a yellow color - made of Jesting - Sout - no hould best for clean lines - I best - no hould best 6 innovemen - Junty of small Be Aknowledge - ignorance has burn called if crime of god agives a Vacantine, & face.

Dr young "Beauties of Soul irradiate &c. Lest: 11: of aliments we shall begin by engining into the finish cause or seasons of the frequent returns of appetite. - whose The so much time be empe : Coyed in this animal gratification? that esting one beston meal in 26 sousting the not be drifficient to 620 support our bodies for a week-a month-overen a year. - Two reasons may probably beginn for why this is not the case, I why we are so deprendant upont

our bodies, no to require two or three meads a slary to Inpport H I It is epential to our happi nep that we the netain a con. stant dense of our creator repron our minds. This was weren To presence this Jenses kindly information dependant K upon his bounty, be has by the negular bedonily returns of an appetition, implanted a monitor in our brains to prevent our forgetting him I to remind us of the

Obligations of gratitude, and blediener which we once to his good rep. - The language, Thin filmery meal we set den nis, "when this you 2 a suond use in y frequent abs. return of our spretites is, They seme to promote comer-- sution by & thereby to enercese know lidge & Social happiness, by bringing the members of even Strangers together for the proses of cating, and dnisking.

franklin instance of the divine Governess in connecting so much pleasure in the employments of eating & drinking. Had this gratification left to reason, to to instruction, how Often w: pleasure - businep or indolever have rendered us ilead to the necepitris of our 10 bodies - and how often inveld a perverse temper in a Child have been the cause of its
this was
that for if to thild the
and by impelled by the pleasure it devised from

difficult to unshelit to lat, as it is to make itteam its book. There is the summe la relation bestrum diffirent aliments y: There is between, diff notes in Innsie g - the perfection of Cooking consists infinding Horn out these relations. fame disposed to believe the I will remain do till it is served from the hands of Cooks I make the July just of philo-- sophier l'experiments, and investigation. I believe there are pleasures to be enjoyed

in eating, that we save sayet Stronger to - and that then are diquees of health, & long life to be derived from the pro-: per de harmourious mixture of almounts, that live an as yet strangers to. Perhaps Discousies infrom this Suly'ut to may be seemed for some of The female philosophus of This new world. I shall briefly explain w: I mean by harmony of Olim: lay a few examples. Fish deflester the designer. - where so Bread & meatwhen missed together.

Bread. Genilh - Bread, and yel Butter - ment & Salt - Salted & fresh meat - mustaind & ng mutton & langer port & apple source - to each 25 to the taste be healthy when hs it 8 taken into the stomach. 5 Let in mest mentron a four instance of so want of har mony, or discord in alli-: ments. Fish & flish when mixed 23. tagether - Bread & pudding -Logowo Salt-and Ingar -meat & Sweet Same Butter

H'Union-Bread & Dnion milh are all contrary to each other, and disagreeable to The toote, & if they do not iffend the stomach, it is ving to its premian Strangth & health. U - fred State - \_ The same observations upply to drinks - There is the Janu harmony Hdiscord in Them when properly, or von Throperly mised tigether. I shall and one or two remarks to this landjust when francis 15 an infallible mark of wis healthy in aliment. It is true The Stringich Often received

with rebelling aliments that are not grateful to the laste -But this is owing to its punliar 0 Strongth. The taste bethaftomach one naturally in Union with wary each other - and the the temach eth. may forbrar long, get it some on later accords in the cluisions of laste: Eg: Fish & flish are confileasant when mixed together خبد in the month - But they may 222 may be taken in Succeptions the impunity - This is owing Other Stormerch hot restorme being offered to it - Butattend to the consequences of persons

who have long mixed fish & flesh together in their flomachs - They connot digest them. hence we find - when they eat fish - they prefer eating nothing lefter it. 2 - How Shall bel amount for do many old people in high life in all countries? - me read of noblemen of 70-80 I even go years of age who have fared sumptinously every day, and yet feel no incom. : venime from it ? fors: life intivity to their hims

youthe less tof food - mixed 1 in a monner 50 as to begins
upon the faste bling
the flowerth It is this agree: E. ... y - able & harmonions mixture ting of aliments that enables dome. persons to eat ouch large He agreeable meals without much t the want of this harmony of le is! Justrase that makes even the 80 most wholsome aliments, Angric . Then in the most moderate. Grandities produce diseases I state in many prople. The germans in this state are much afflicted with the to 3

Their alements not being in Generality - or mixture proper. = tioned to their constant la.

- tioned to their constant la.

- bor 3 useful in vegetables - blants

- bor publite for except of meat.

- appetite for except of meat. cen intestive motion between dif imilar bodies, or dipimilar elements. all animal be regetables boris undergo it. Thave Stages - Vinous - accitons. I pritiquetire. For fermentation the following circumstances neupon I heat of & go-to low degrees beyond too refind. \_ 2 moisture - buganneur berments:

3 Oris - acceps necessary 22 4 Rest, & in some cases of firments. every animal using of the se principles way animal using in diet.

In we go along the food himself for from the food the service of the servi Ive Shall 4: onts wear digestion - heated by exercise - espe: to putrifuction - henre Dont

been long keeping - Bull bear lin - tring - & throwing at is who fuller Abitules for wild flesh. Legs of gradnifieds - & wings of & brids from being anost used hard? of digistion. Domestrie - flesh white - lefs downing a grain w grangel confirmement helpy to tendenthin muchany - tran heepine are Imodulate exemine diffuses the fat traduced by et - more do if

killed by electricity - ligs less carry of digestion them wings fo. Juse-bepies bust eaten soon - vil it p Thong Stormaches - abound is: Immeritage - all carry of charten But the Met Handins; fact christ persp? Beef & Meitton carrier taken.

best at 5 by years - wales & Feath. Descrivelle taught me - The first from greater bringth of tætte - Homae lible more ami: lu : malired - veg: matter still present in Vial & lamb. -Fish - The Ivones But after it comes out of the water the beller-practice in Holland & health to bean it. Bleppenthe Vinegan-daye-necessary is

it hence the africans all fond of high seasoning with it. Irvin three times. presente d'in desttand adram + It floats when boiled eno tion sinh when boiled too much. Disters - abound w nowishming: when best - mogn's frekon on g: best som - or only heated -**)**- " vorstid in a pot - - Clarons best in book - Strong - de hand of digestion. Cordsons case.
Broiling fint invented. British - roasting - frying -Iterving - By broiling Ludd? we retain the juices of the meat to are sowonny thelp

Boiling most propelle and Lary of cliges tron - raw - or it which dipolice it! 07 the last - modern 2xfr: prove ennest of digestion. Soupe & Brother - way winsportant butieles in housekeeping. - Take up y fragments that mothing many be bost said own H Saviour to his disciples. By the this injunction. The fold. incomestance concerto les meat & fragments on Courts of bread many by these mans bedaned from 85%.

2 bralth - 3 a lively State rith of y mental powers - Spranter Hotelland. Joups Various - French Their dough gros & maigre - the Ine w Ithe other wont meat - Sesteh Barley broth Silvell progle - all composed of ment It regetables of differ kinds, and in differentions - the be catter before mat - afford much fromisht deprevent exceps by Thunting gappetite.
Improper in fevers-brief crowns
preservation of fishel flish I by Salt - 2 moly Sum-lapel-Smilers 3 frost Thurding

in houses - holle Voulta moisture - Camada - 4 by Jugar & molapes 5 Exclusion of Chi - Innd flows - by whe = 17 birting- a pique och - extracts, juice xhams - himming birt ferment ins part of small & large ymanti. ty of Salt on meat explained. Condiments - what 2 Ph Sælt - useful - helps digestrøm h Indians use ashes -Vinger - detto - his some 2/3 Sacharine malter ir mahes it nomishing. \_ prichels\_ Vincean in solid form. Pepper-ditto - in warm Chrinates & by old people.

elt of milhfan Differ kinds- hbounds whigen Cows milk es Reserved 1 By a cool Celler 2 boiling it 3 definding it from thrunder by weights - ison and. The Conception of the Oris only - as the horn blowny 2 Butter - be 3 where. The I is of a Viz: nature 2 humal- hence milk Butter made by firment! of Cream - Thouthand in

alletting it - Cleamlines hot water to clean be -Butter milh - Gonsisting of Da when - de -t inds-Cheese-made by 1 Runnet - what - 2 Wine. 3 Vinigar. 4 molupses. 5 for fr. florrer of antichohe - 6 fish. : ton hence disagreement instomach. Jus Remnit best - no taste mi Checol - old best - Salt - lol? by Armetto Lee When - Sweet be wholoome 2980 how presumed by Jound by the tosque. -

wheat aminal the eary of digestion - madame Derconville. The not be cut Regetables by briting - well boiled best truefet Cabbage - fintablishe Jish when builed uno-poto= toes repet from transtring by porring wold water on the but buils. preserved by Treserved - I by drying no Chessies - He 2 By bahing as peaches 3 by kegon - by by excluding air - as Grapes.

Herbs - by drying in the That. fre hyantree - But canot be I hourish 2 bil 3 mucilage of Oils - Satt - I washing -1/2 wholsome - would by amient I Sastim Frations - 13 utter better - principage mahrs it mia carier de of water - exullent minh. De nothingill'i opinion of it Bread-lian & innlean.
Sarahis angels wyinst. 10

first discor by a foregul woman Leav with 1 sows doe of & last bahing 2 yeart what? how preserved -4 Syranout water 5 fermented higher & water Bread presenced by tiere bahring - universal food - wholsome - corrects humal food - & prepes out Jaliva in Cheving - Timous firm. lovene - and - Sprint - Sugar & D - novinishing inpropor. : tion to drear - White - Fweet Hned. - heeps best in propost; to Sprink - Vaults for red\_ no heather Indicina - on Therry - bust for our

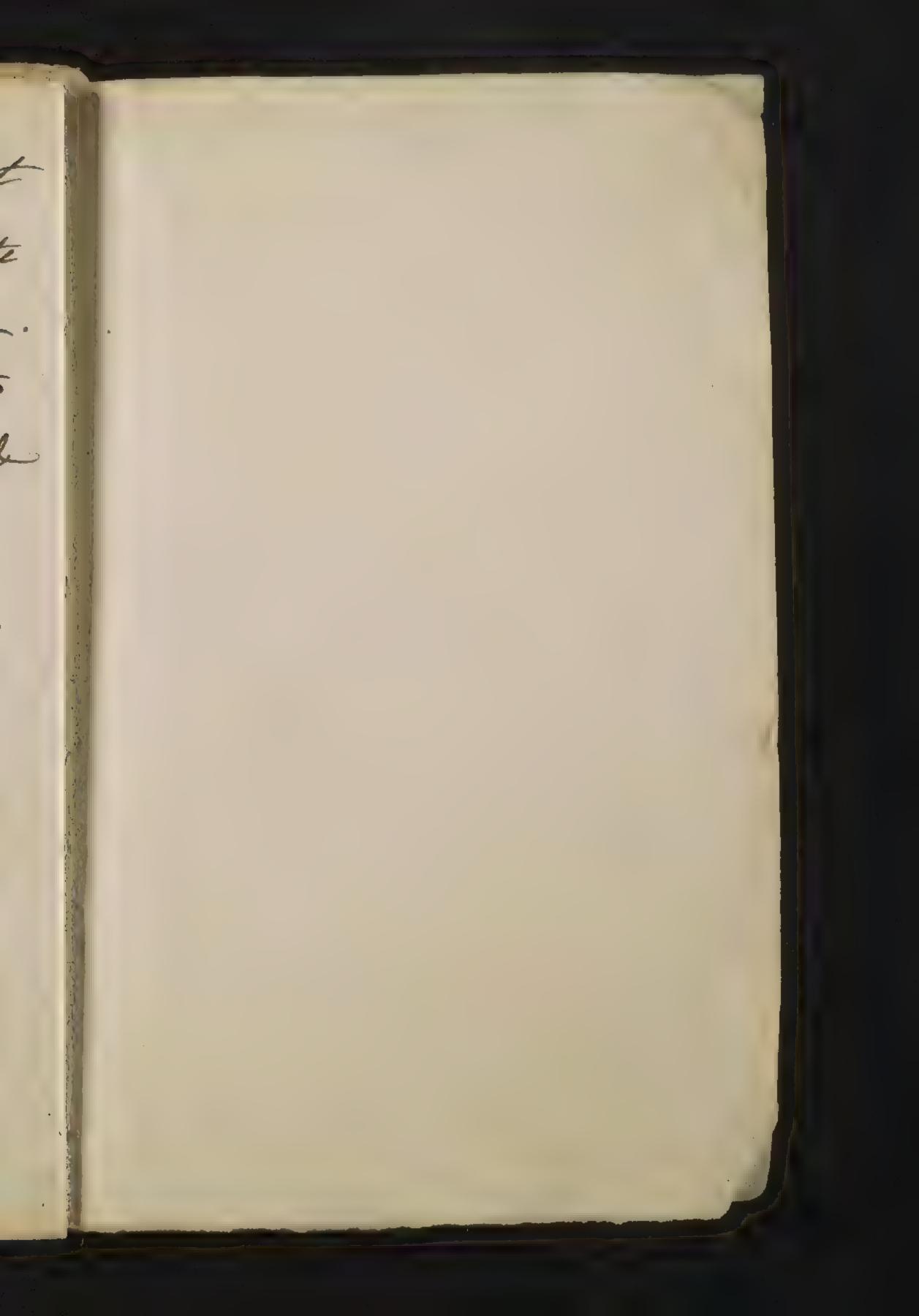
Chrinati - pres Lead used to sweeten and which wines - detected by bothstron of in fried-by midte 2985. Jand be 13 white paper - how do they act. Cyder - promo rached often\_ orstrained thro dand & tol-Alprivates muri lage - Tomona brine - how made -Bur-from all gravino -Burley best - nourishing meat & Drink - Norter best all Vinous Jennenta n Vinegar-from down lines - cyder - Bus - mither -If twine derin \_ or f

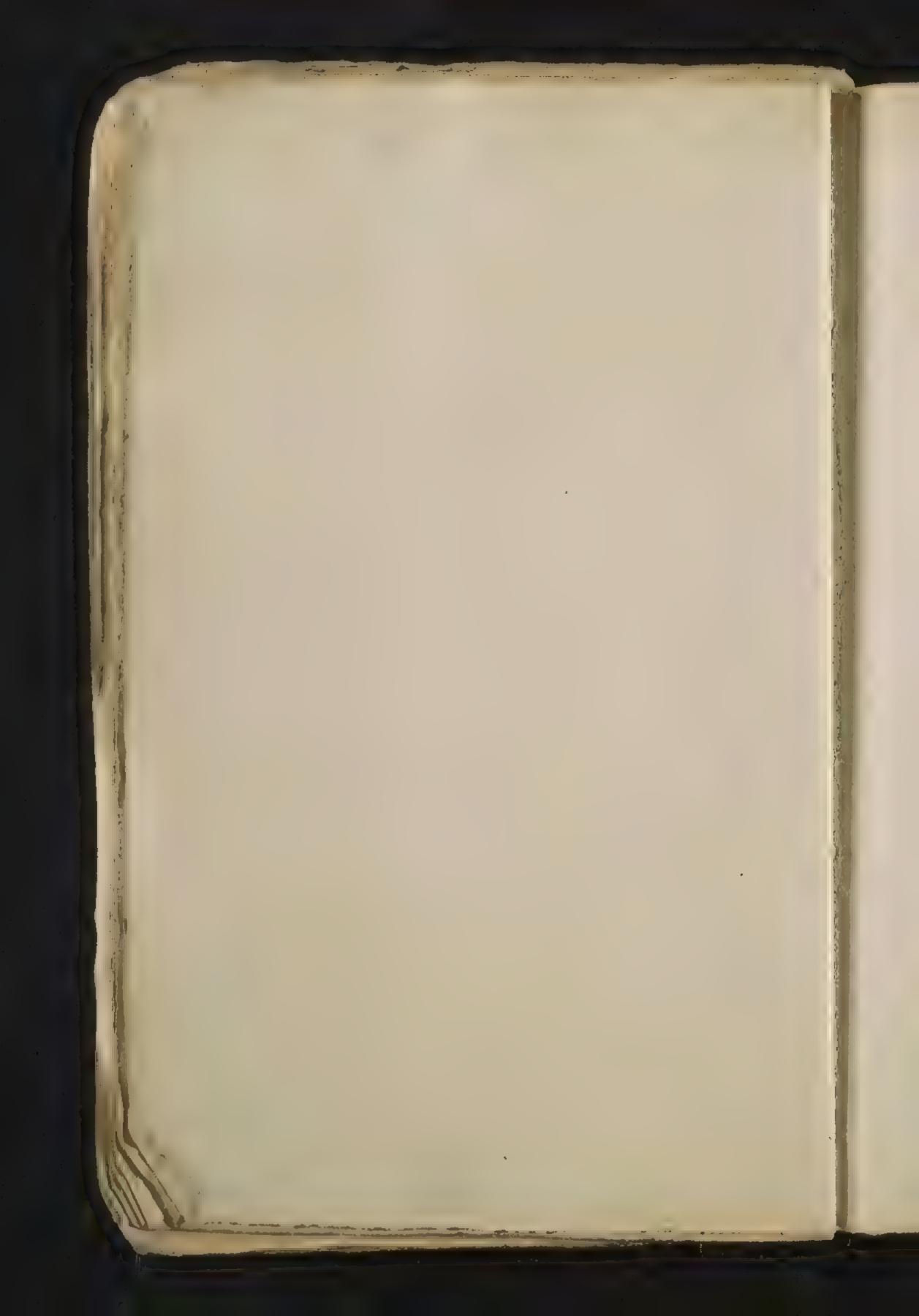
grishmed by a black bottle. priets - distilled liquors in brions State of furni. Brandy from tirne - Rum whishy - peach & apple Do nigreves vooled - I by wa. -poration - Wolntrons of Jalts. not by sivers or dea - dame lamperature de Pris- matin long book -Teas - Same thrub - the Gragoant taste from herte Greca - Burbties -Flagsed - & Bran Cornen

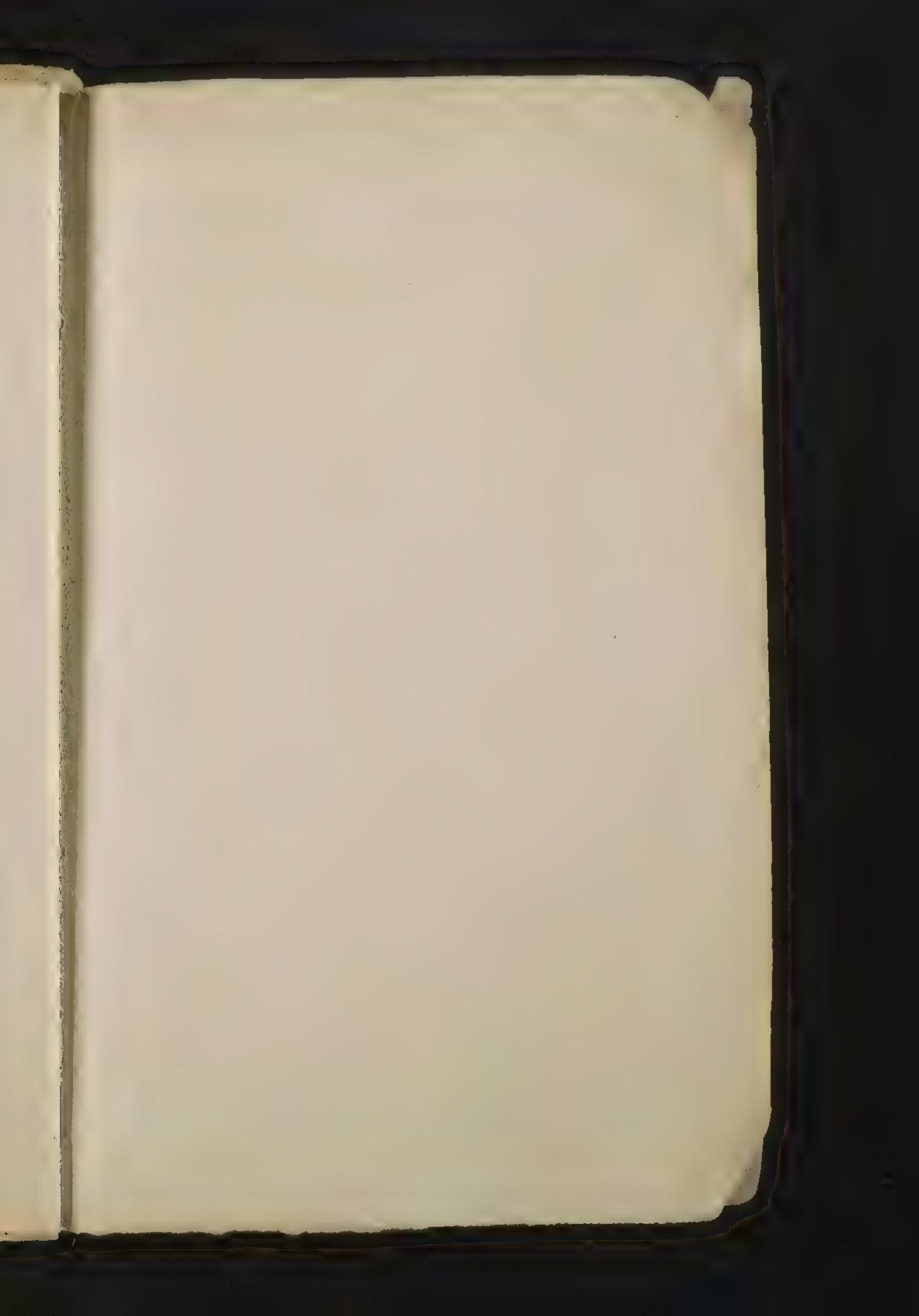
in all families - how has Chorolate thelles best for yor meale Stomach & indolent n puple - bil heavy. June Loffer - how cleaned -Eggs - brothish thin by singles The ala with this ladies I bugy my have to close the present Eruse of lutines. I have freto for. only to lament that the Ihvet time allowed for them has me mand med way 10 - fireal pandatethe some fr

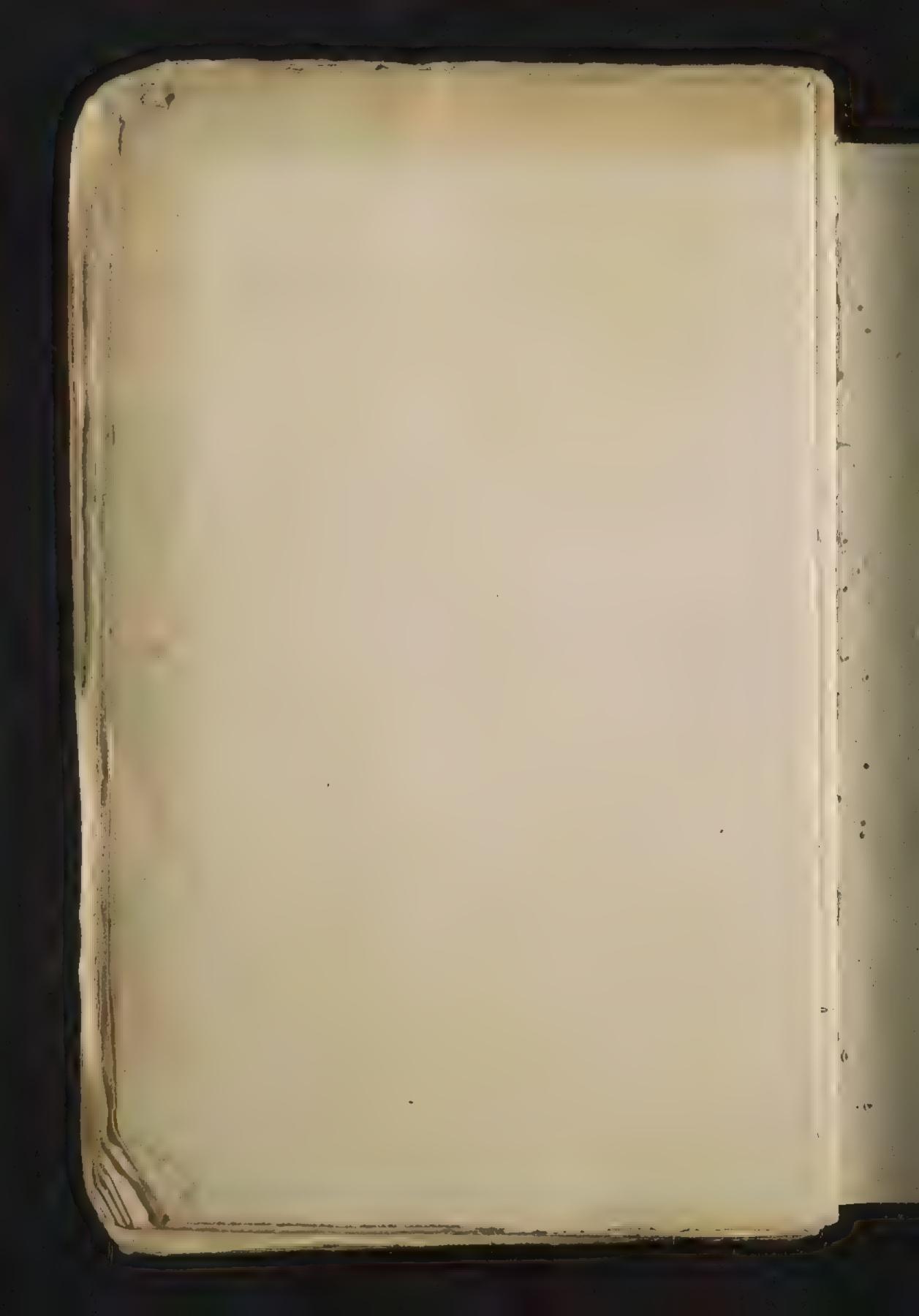
I have given you a few hvito which will mable you to pressur your inquiries you these Subjects with Sump & pleasure. De From The improvements you have already made, it I flatter myvelf you will buronne philosophical as well as prustical pursuhufuns, and that you will beable to levine instruction ar well as pleasure homeafter from the ordinary duties

of domestre life. accept of my thanks for the polite altention with which. you have been pleased to brown these lutures, & of my lust wishes born your future happings,

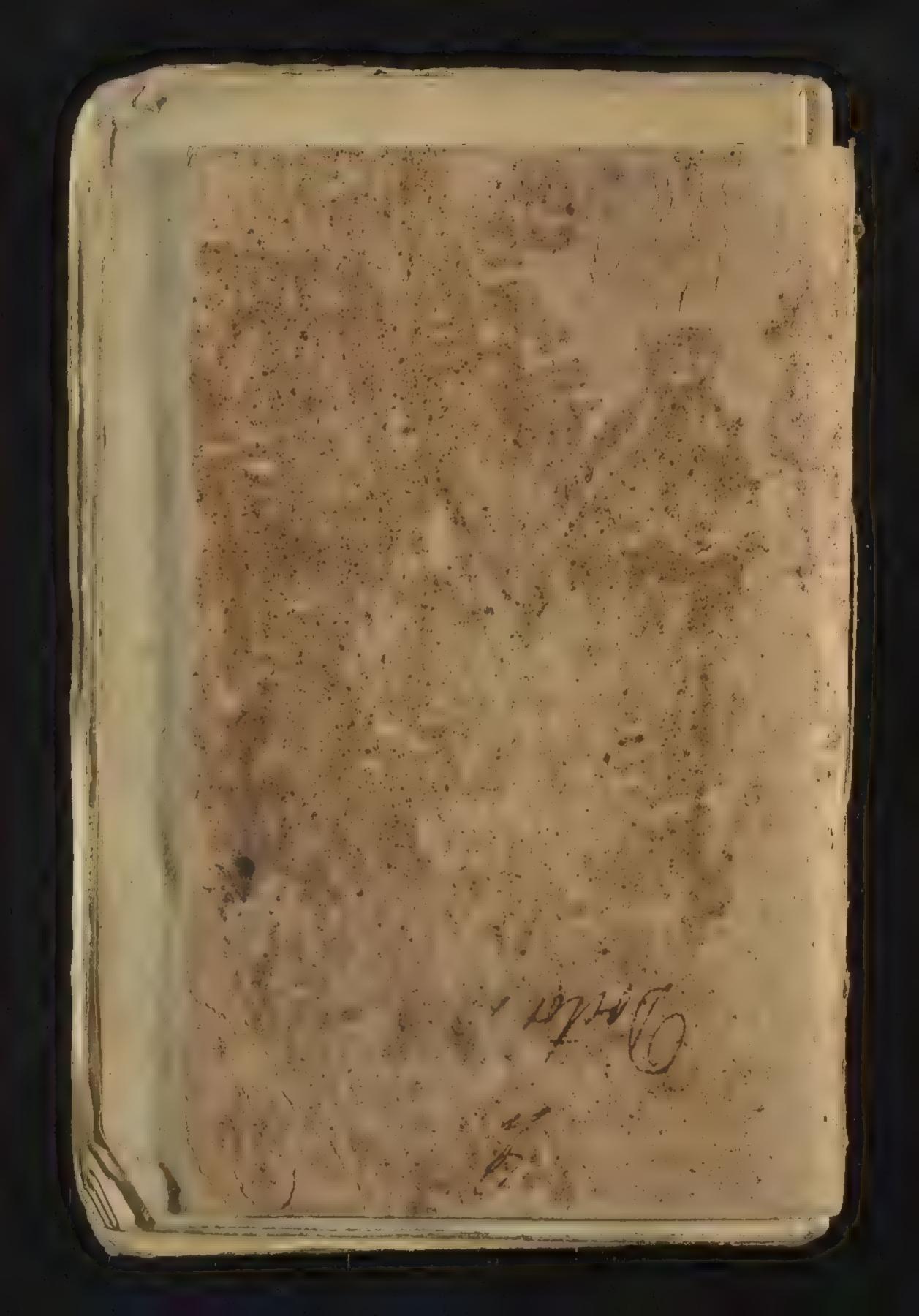








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FQR THE YOUNG LADIES' ACADEM! Near St. Paul's Church, in Third Street, Philadelphia. EAR, we children, the influction of a father; and attend to know underlanding. dom is the principal thing; therefore, get wildom, and with all thy getting get under-Bending .- Exelt her, and the half oremore thee, the fluid bring thee to honour when thou duit embiner her. She faut g. 2 to thive bend an ornament of grace; a crown of. glery that the deliver to thee. PARV. W. 1, 7, 8, 9. If fingers entice thee, confent thou not .-- FROV. i. 12. To write a free and legible hand, and to understand common mithmetic, are indispensable Though well-bred young women flouid learn to dance, fine, recite, and draw, the end of a good advection is not that they moved become dincers, ingers, players, or painters : its real object is, to make them good daughters, good wiver, good milkelles, good members of tociety, and good civillians .- Mys Mone's Effect. your endeavours are descient, it is in vain that you have totors; hooks, and all the external arrow aux of li chary purchies. You must love learning, 11 you in end to possels it. In o de, se leve is, you must feel its delights; in order of feel its delight, you must apply o it, however inclosure as first, chelely, constantly, bill for a comidence's time. Pleatant, indued, are it the paths which lead to roll a shall elegant literature. Yours, then, is foreiv a ion poculiarly happy ---- halve duly the opportunities you enjoy, and which are 'snied to thousands of your feelow creatures. we that everyphary Elligance, you will make but a cortemptible profesency. You may pals through the forms of schools-but you will bring nothing away from them of real value, - Those infle cor may, indeed, coefine you within the walls of a school, a certain numble of holes. Me may place books before you, and compel you to an your eyes upon them; That learning belongs not to the semple char. For, and that the semale mind is incapable of a degree of improved out equal : this of the other. fex, are narrow and unphilosophical projudiced. The prefere times exhibit mod honograble inflances of female learning and genius. The toporior advantagers of boys' education, are perhaps, the fole reason of their Julileque l' ingeriorir : Learning le equally accainable, and, I chink, equally valuable, for the fat staction ariting from 21, to a worr mas a man. -- Knox. ment from the property to well the service of the s with the state of the transfer with the state of the state of 249. 200 2 VI BOLL BOX

## SYLLABUS

OF LECTURES,

CONTAINING THE APPLICATION OF THE PRINCI-PLES OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY, AND CHEMISTRY, TO DOMESTIC AND CULINARY PURPOSES.

COMPOSED FOR THE USE OF THE

YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY,

IN

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA:

PRINTED FOR ANDREW BROWN, PRINCIPAL OF THE SAID ACADEMY,
M,DCC,LXXXVII.

The Application Principles of Natural Milosophy, and Thernistry to domestic, and culinary purposes. Composed for the use of The young Ladies' Academy, Muladelphud! By Benjamin Rush M. (D. and Tropper of Chernistry in the thriversity of Senn-sylvania Read, by him, in a course of Sections,
to the first class, October 1787.

INTRODUCTORY remarks, on the effects of heat and mixture, and on the different objects of Chemistry.

Of Salts.

Of Earths.

Of Inflammable Bodies.

Of Metals.

Of Waters.

Of Airs.

& Situation

Of the direction of a house.

Of the usual materials for building houses.

Of the means of rendering a house cool in summer and warm in winter. +

of the means of exciting heart become of Fire-places—Stoves—and Fewel. #

Of the causes, and remedies, of smoky chimnies.

of Cellars, and Vaults. - a Garden Mable

not unboutty - home blown be

+ Hole a few feet deep in a Cellen

excellent - -

this of the laws of heat.

first. - He cold thouse battaga;

# Hire in flammable

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The Application Principles of Natural Milosophy, and Thernistry to domestic, and culinary purposes. Composed for the use of The young Ladies' Academy, Miladelphia. By Benjamin Rush M. (D. and Trofefor of Chemistry in the University of Senn Read; by him, in a course of Lictures, young Ladies of the first class, October 178%.

Of the preservation of the wood and walls of as houfe

Johnson Of rendering and destroying setting in it ious animals as inselt houses. Of rendering and the clean and wholesome. + Of preventing and destroying such insects and nox-

Of the means of defending houses from lightning.

Orhes but Of Kitchens, Ice-houses, &c. out fire vol: 3: 5:88+ wilness in 7:4/1
Of Woollen, Cotton, Silk, and Linen cloaths. Jul 106.2 OF FURNITURE.

It reinstages.

Of Plate.

Of Iron, Pewter, Tin, Copper, and Brafs, veffels.

Of China, Glass, and Earthen ware.

Of Looking-Glasses, Pictures, Prints, and Busts.

Of Beds, Sheets, and Blankets; and of the means. of preferring them, &c.

tolinelarging Of Washing, Bleaching, and Ironing ..

Of Soap, Starch, Blue, and Dyes.

Of Clocks, and Jacks.

the lime - I'm Of Pens, lik, and Paper househouses flower Oil good.

to not it waser means .

- v ]

Of Books.

Of Thermometers.

Of the Barometer. - Tobacco

Of the means of preferving Female Beauty. of cash of D of Cis as connected,

Of the final cause of the frequent returns of appetite for food.

Of the harmony between the different kinds of aliment, and its influence upon health and pleafure. Of TERMENTATION + fixed air

Of Meats, wild, and domestic, young, and old.

Of Fifh.

Of the different methods of cooking animal food.

Of Soups and Broths.

Of the preservation of fish and flesh.

+ Of Salt, Vinegar, Pepper, &c. Gf Cream, Butter, Cheefe, afid Whey. of Eggs & & Reptsmeet by Dr + presents worms ? # known to begard by , transfort. classe end warm 3 by Jinking.

The Application Principles of Natural Milosophy, and medicine (Meinestry to domestic, and culinary purposes. Composed for the sure of The young Ladies' Academy, Muladelphud! By Benjamin Rush M. (D. and Tropper of Chernistry in the thriversity of Penn-Read; by hum, in di course of Lectures, young Ladies of the first class, October 178%.

[ vi ]

OF VEGETABLES.

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Of the means of preparing them for food. Them. Of the means of preserving them
Beans - Chinese meth of using for
OF FRUITS. + pleasant -ag: Of the means of preserving them. bila Hworms. Of the means of preserving herbs. Low pres: Of Sugar. Y see wilsiams letter. Of Oils. Cash's hined with timfoil.

Of Water. F minual te Of Cider. -- Pomona Wine wines. Of Beer. - Im Belknaps recipe -Of Vinegar. Of Spirits. - composition & sanger Of the methods of cooling liquors. X recipe from surjew lay Of Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, &c. Frighing Disorders in in Drane not consulted as wants - ring Worms - Whittoe - Corns -

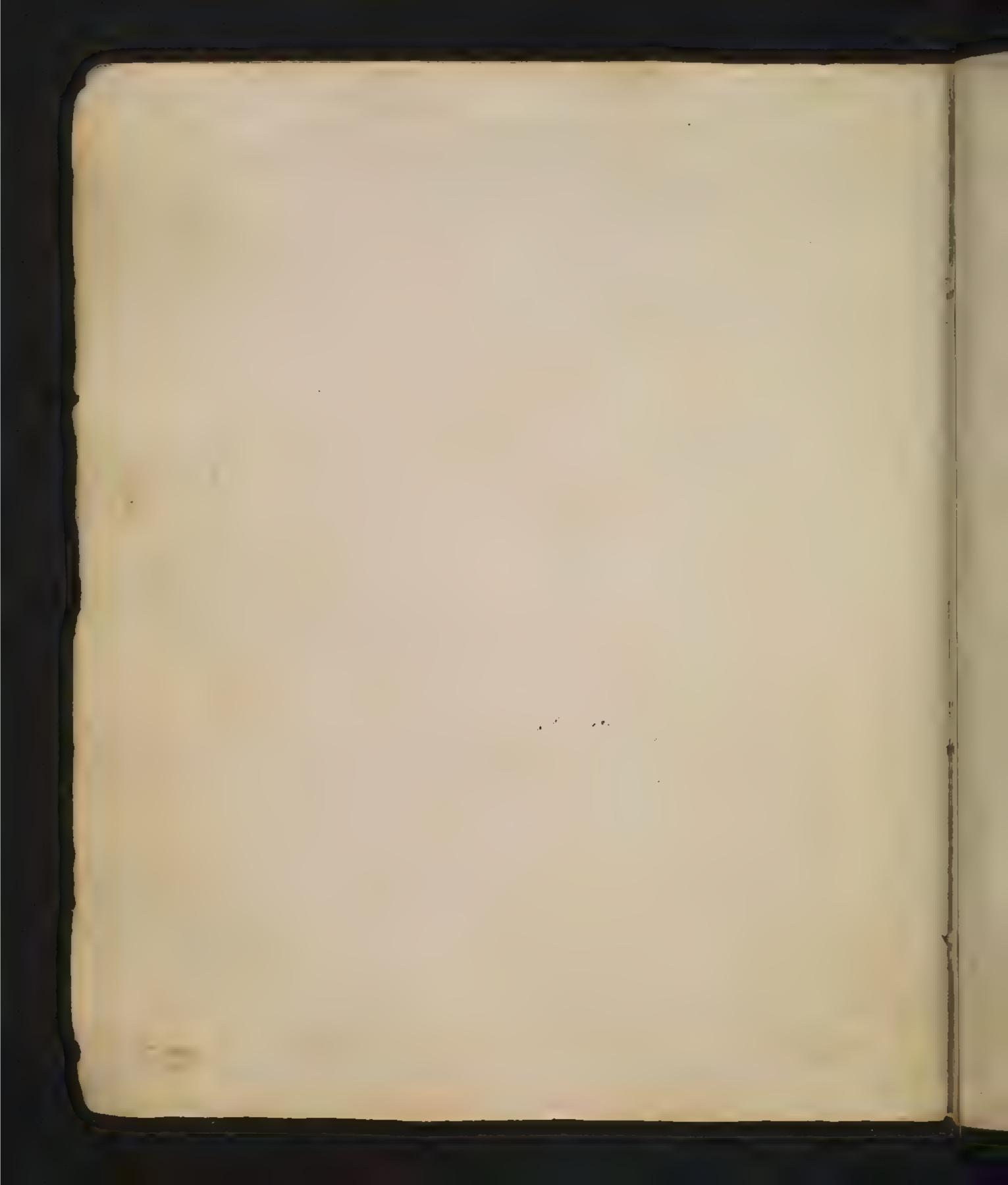
de lalam sint! materiales.

to both wind yemale beauty . -

Horse & Com - how to le brented - a gunden ber i produce Dyspipner. \* Esoe in diet - Scale of Do-timed with higs - negrous in wifredis -Jelague not known where und - lament being denied from labord regross - might be had from maple tree - Best - anth refinemi of Jugar - use in preventing Worms.

the effects of what wester to Drinks - every from from une Society; pulle

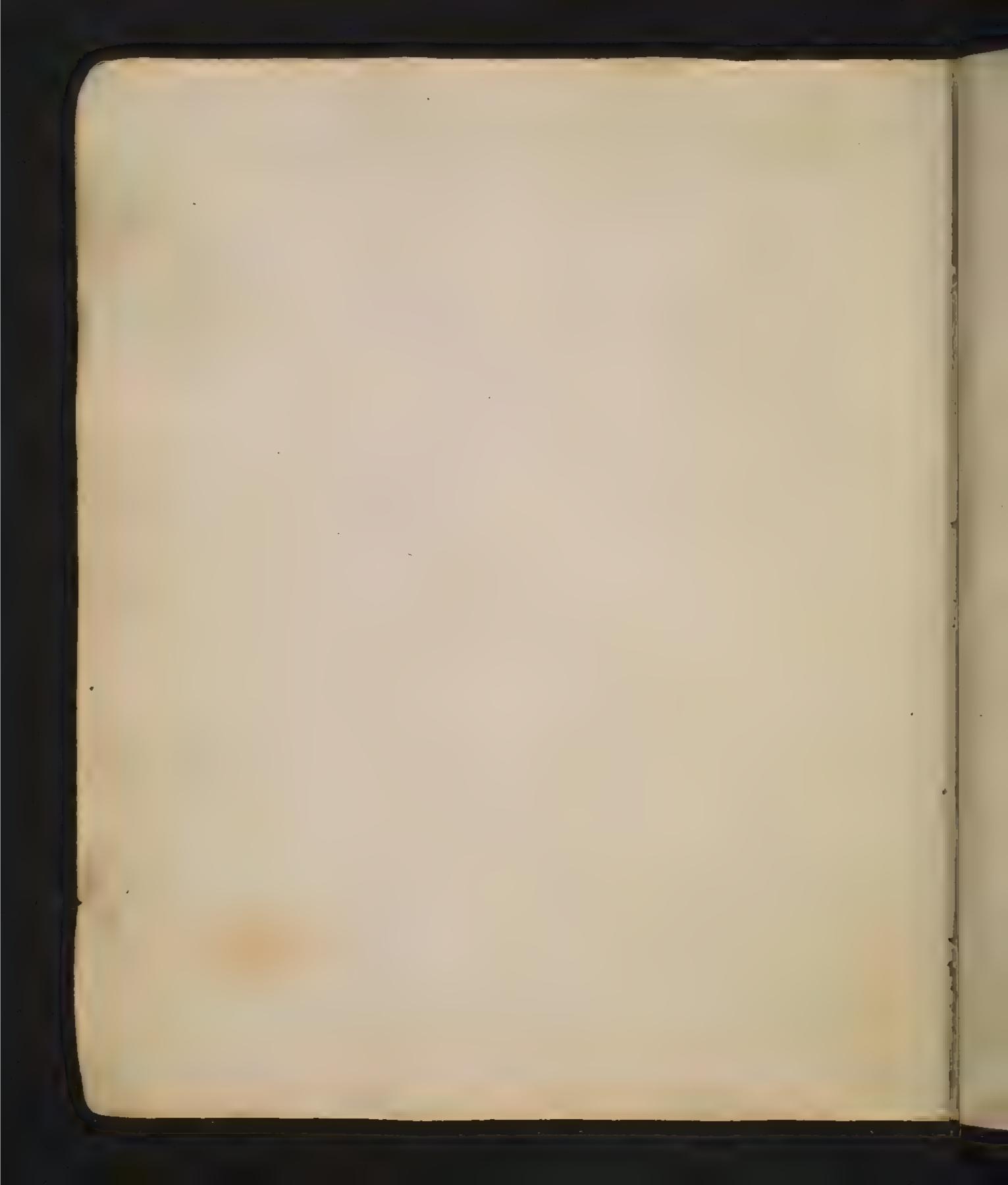
The Application Principles of Natural Milosophy, and medicine Chernistry to domestic, and culinary purposes. Gonsposed for the herese of The young Ladies' Academy, Muladelphud! By Benjamin Rush M. (D. and) (Inofesior of Chemistry in the Hinnersity of Chem. Read, by him, in a course of Lectures, young Ladies of the first class, October 178%.



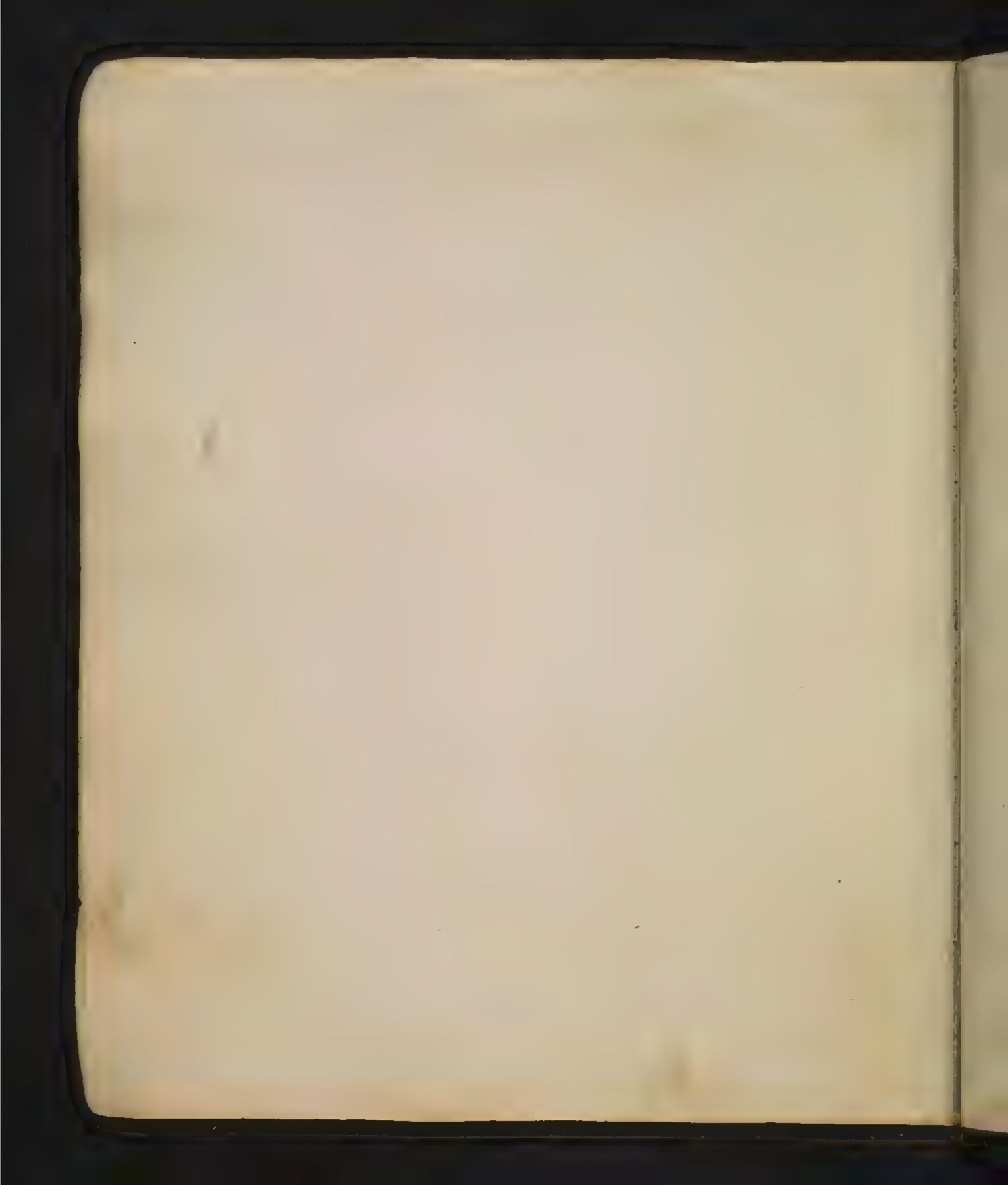
Introductory address. young ladies, The last time I had the pleasure of addressing some of you, I endeavoured to shew you the Jolly, and impropriety, of acquiring such accomplish. ments as were not accommodated to the present Male of society, manners, and government, of the United States. Its supply the place of these accomplishments, I beg leave to offer to your. attention a few plann, and simple, remarks. Chemistry, as are applicable to domestic, and culer very purposes. This hund of knowledge well be useful to you in a variety of ways. 1. It will excite a toiste for such books as treat more fully whom there subjects, and raise you above the necessity of stooping to novels, and porrances, for entainment.



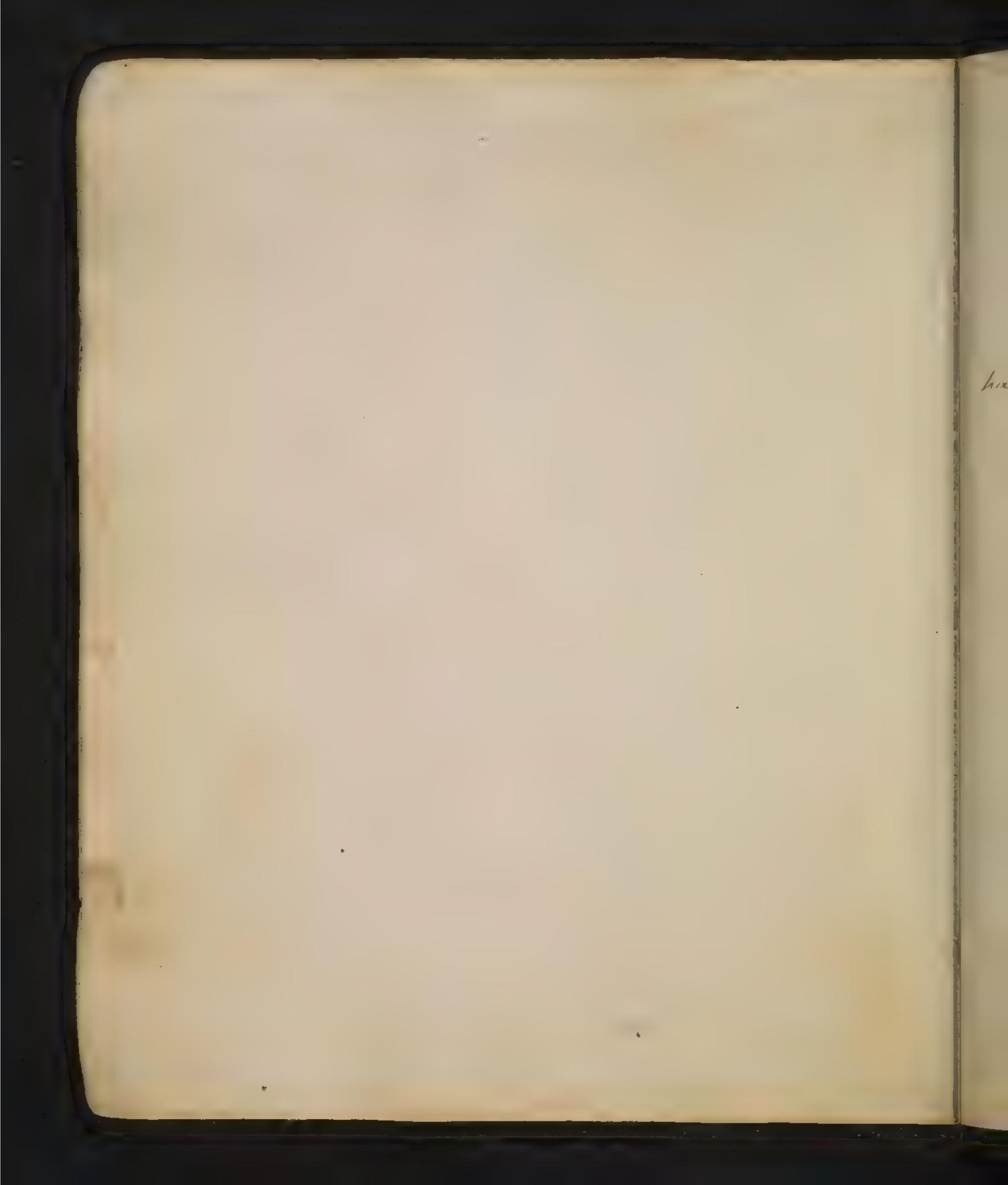
2. At will furnish you with subjects for rational and improving conversation, and, thereby, preserveryou from dishonouring your understand. ings, and wasting your time, by deriving allyour conversation from dreft, Jasheons, or deanded left innount belights. 3. It will come your society to be sought for, and courted, by sensible men, and be the means of banishing fools, and coxcombs, from your company. It the Affird you pleasure in solitude, and render you independent of public amusements Jor your happiness. 5th offis kind of knowledge will make you use-Jul to your parents while you numain in subordination to Them. and, 6. It will teach you frugality, and occonomy, and there by, qualify you to shine as wives, and mistrefses, of Jamilies, when it shall please God to cally you to fill those important, female, stations.



Chemistry Is that science which teaches the effects of heat, and mixture, for our improvement, in the works of nature. Heat, and mixture, are two powerful and universal agents, in nature, and art. We see them every where. In nature, these produce ream, earthquakes, meters &. In art - The baker mixes flour, yeast, and water, which, , by the application of heat, he makes bread - The brewer from a mixture of matt, hops, and water, with The assistance of heat, is enabled to make beer . - The brage founder from a mixture of copper and zink, by the afsistance of heat, procures brafs. &6. All heat is originally derived from the sun. It is bodged en all bodies, and is excited, 1. By percussion - as from flent and steel. I By friction. There have been flowers produced by the subbing of the wheels of a court against the asletive. The Indians, frequently, himself fires by rubbing two sticks together.



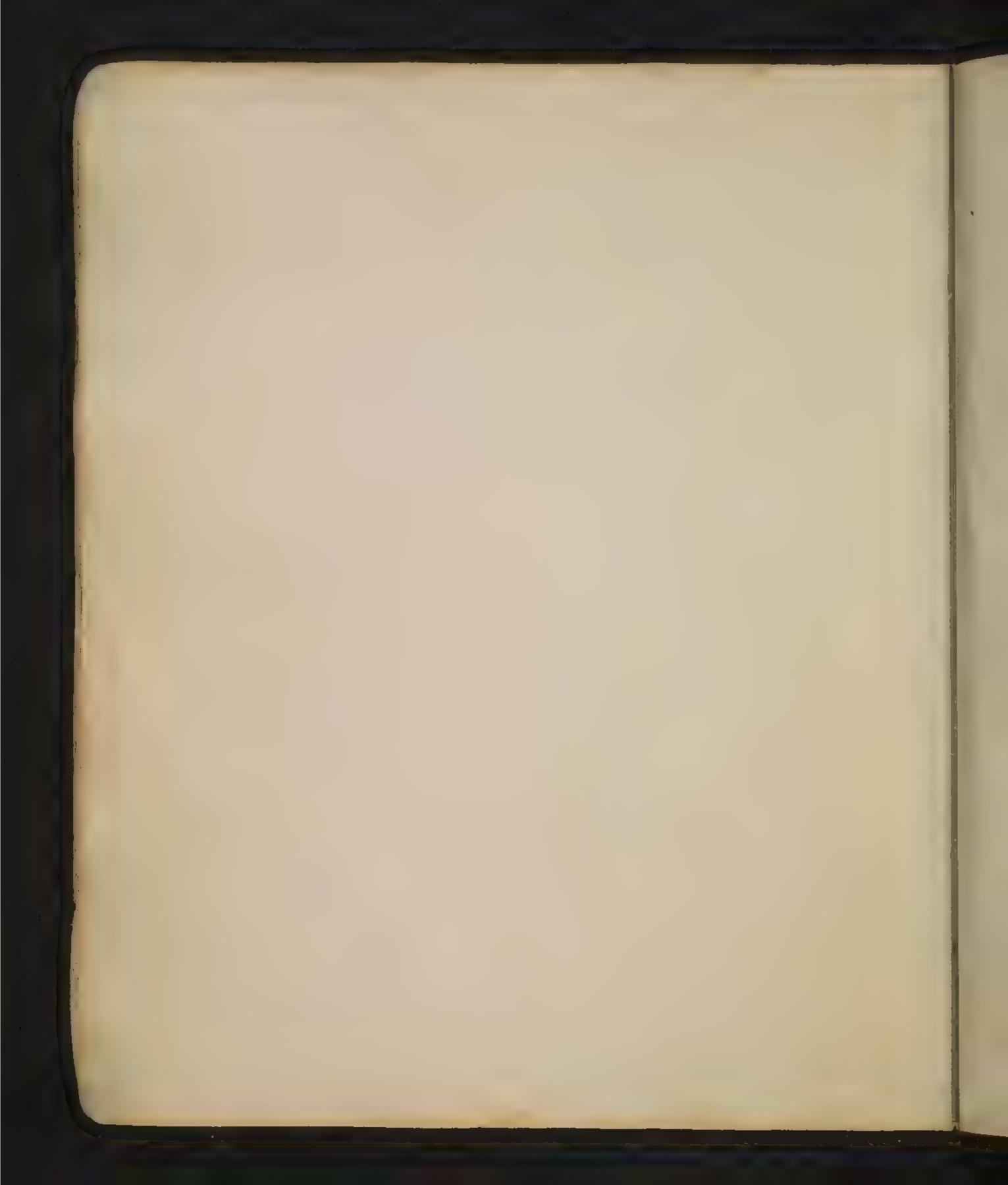
3. By fermentation - Hay, if stacked too green, fer-ments, and is liable to catch fire. 4. Thy mixture. - Sime in the hold of a ship, mexing with the sea-water, has set the ship on fire. Vitrio. lie acid, mixed with water, produces heat. 5. By accept of air; \_ as in phosphorus. 6. By the rays of the sun, collected in the focus of a burning-glæfs. y. By the application of a burning body. Laws of heat. 1. At passes more slowing through soft, and spungy, bodies than thro dense bodies - hence woollen cloaths are warmer than silk, or lingen, by relaining the heat of the body: whow this principle. many of the Germans, in this country, in the win ter season, use feather beds for a covering; for these, being much more soft, and springy, than blantids, are also warmer: hence tiderdown covertets are so useful hence snow, by retaining the heat of the earth, is so useful to the farmer in cold coun-



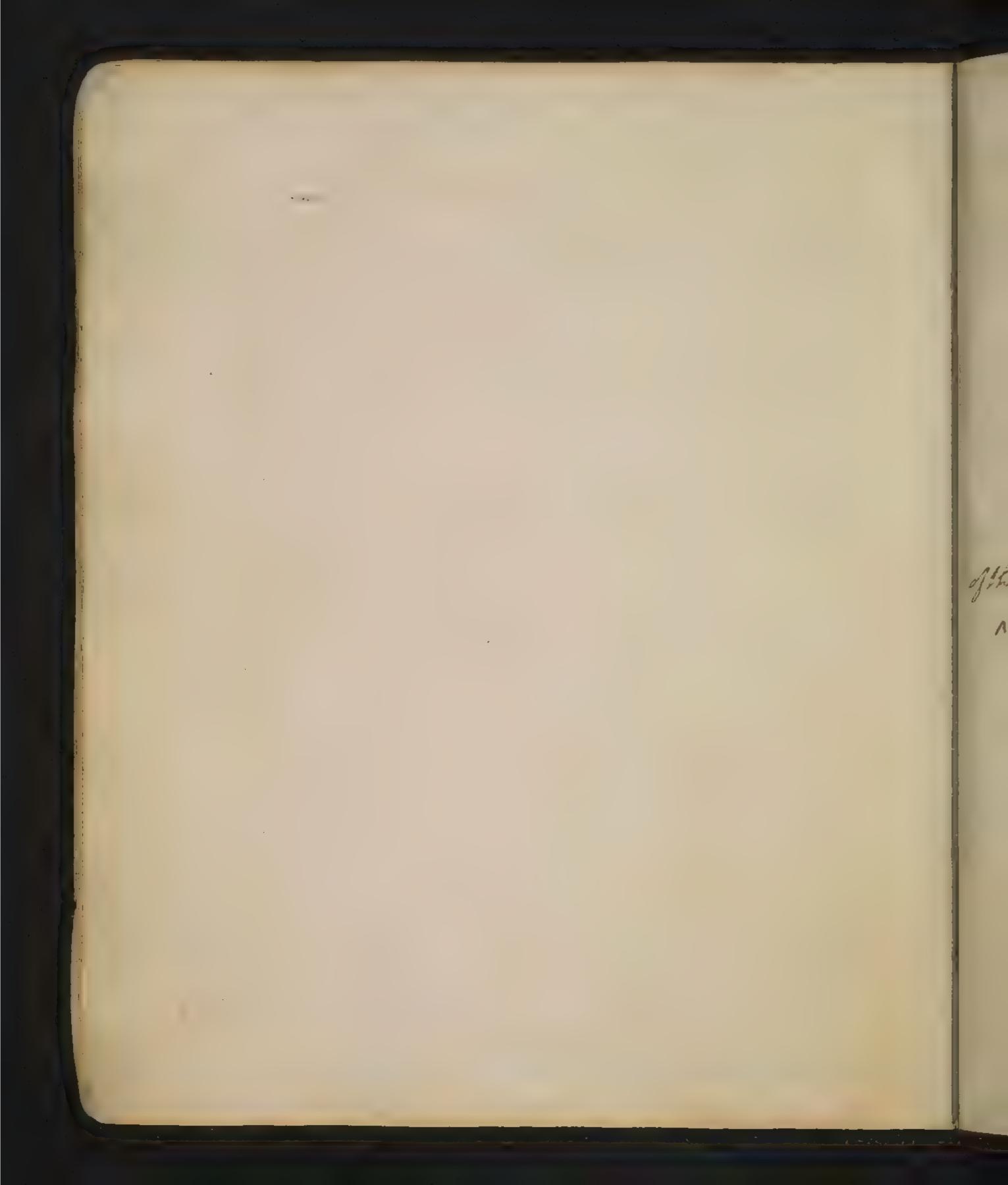
countries and promotes verdure early in the spring. may, so effectively does it confine the hear of the ground, that a rapid regitation takes places from the formations sometimes local down to isleep, in the woods, with a blanket. wrapped round them, and in the morning have found themselves in a vinted sweat, the covered with smow, which had fallen, in the night, while they slift; the snow having prevented the escape of heat, and also the admission of cold: hence also, that wool, with which providence has covered sheep; for their defence, in cold come tries, becomes how, in warm ones. 2. Heat passes slowery there white bodies - hence the use of white hats and clothes in summer - and hence the goodness of Browndence in covering the heads of old people with white hoir. 3. Heat, by communication, produces an equilibrium Hence islands are warmen than continents, the air in the form a being warmed by the communication of heart from the surrounding waters; besides, winds blowing over large tracts of uncultivated land, in the latter



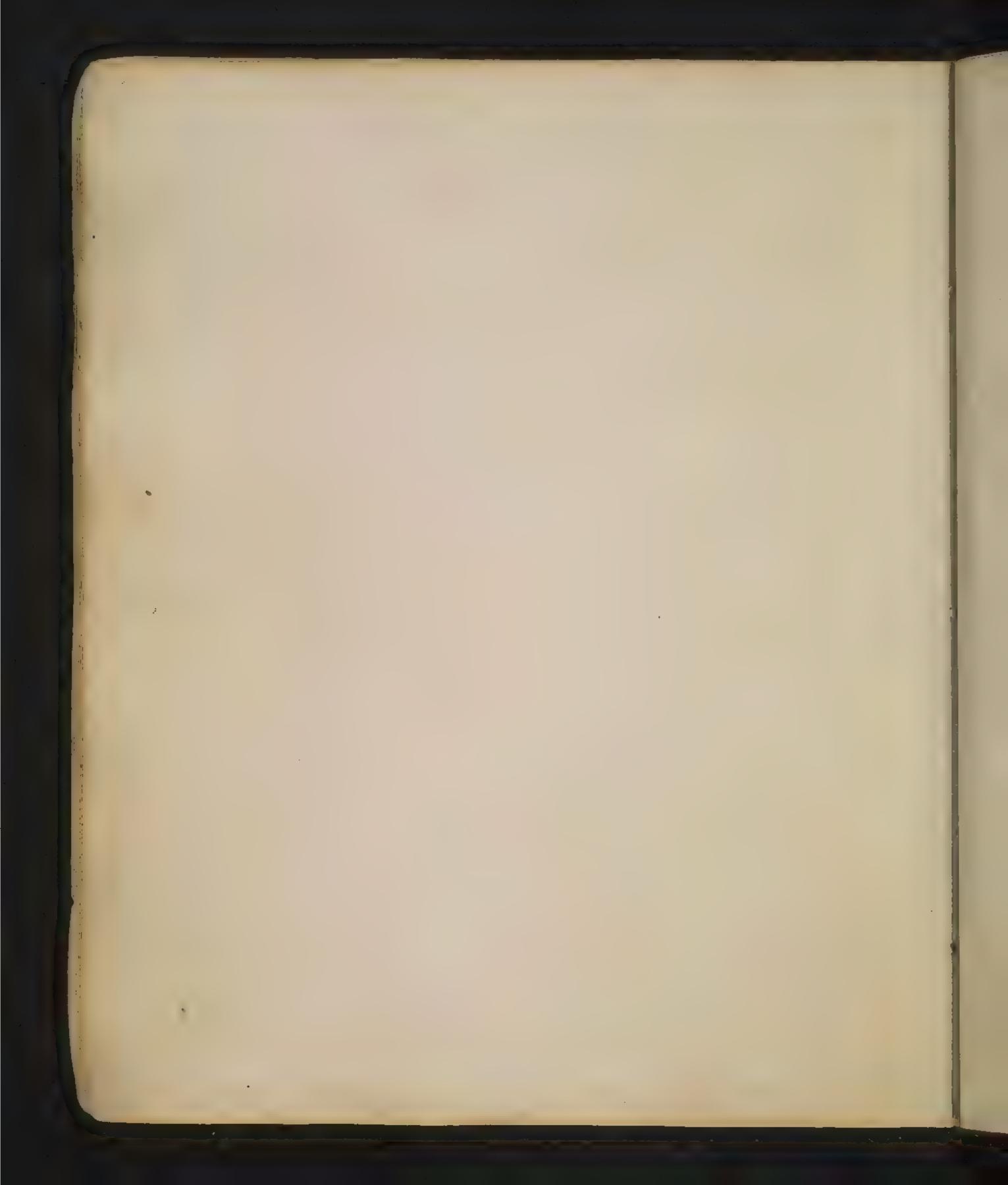
latter, produce cold- hence it is, that orchards on the banks of locker, or rivers, are less hable to be injured by frost, in spring, than those which are more reconste from the min hence, if a frozen apple \$6. be thrown into water, the warmth of the water for it will be hereofter proved that the coldest water is properted of heart will be communicated to the apple, will gradually than the front, and at Length produce an equilibrium of treation hence, also & downspe air is so cold in winter, and so dis agreeably warm in summer; for this damp I conducte of the heat of our bodies to the relation the 10 a hour of the series of to out the heat of the warmer air in summer. 1. Head ascends - this a very be illustrated by opening a room door, and holding a candle near the top of it; the blaze of the candle will be forced outwards by the warm air, going out; but, if the candle be held near the bottom, the bluze will be larned inevands, by the cool air, coming in; for an like treat tends to an equilibris um hunce it is that laylors in Germany sit high; and the French sleep in beds raised is high this



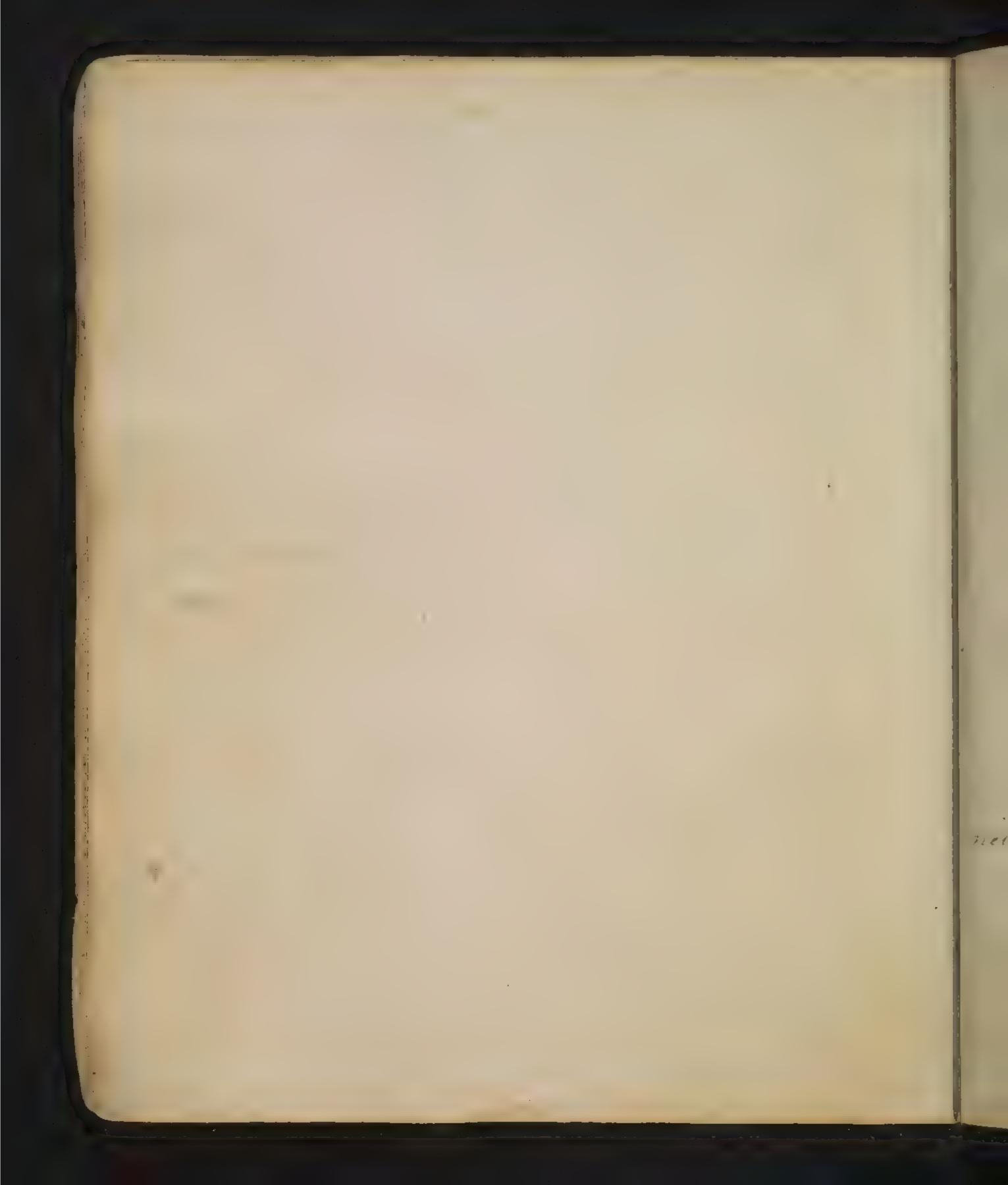
they are under the necessity of ascending to them on chairs 1/6. 5. Air is healed by reflection only - not the small test degree of the servis heart is imparted to the air in its passage thro it to the earth; but, this heat is afterwards reflected by the earth, and imparts ed to the surrounding our; the heat, thus perflected, does not ascend very high; for, on the summits of some high mountains, coldness, and snow; are found throughout theyear; and some adventurers, who have lately ascended, in ballooms, to a great height, have felt the cold so intense, even in the summer months, that they they were immediately to descend, test they should be frozen. Section the 2. Affects of heat. 1. Expansion - heat expands, and cold contracts all bodies, except ice; this may be proved by the air in a bladder which will be rorrified, and expand when placed near a fire; or by the men



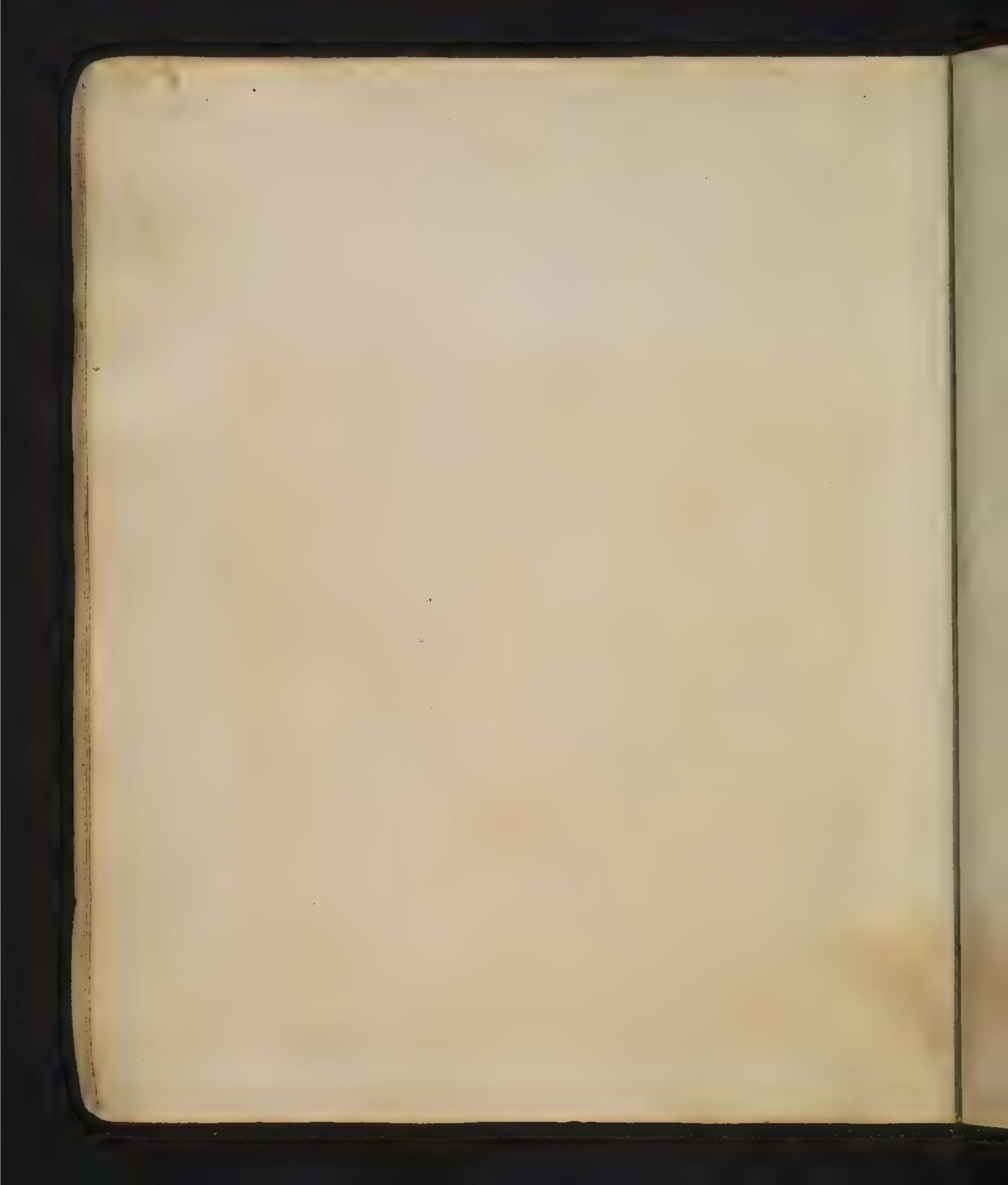
mercury in a thermometer which expands, with The heat, in summer, and is contracted, by the cold, en writer - These effects may be produced by placing the thermometer the dely, in warm, or cold, water hence, clocks vary, becourse of the expansion, and contraction, of the brafs &6. which compose their works, in warm! and in cold weather - Brow botts are affected by heat Foold, in the same manner of the constant action of the sun, whom that hast within the tropics, is supposed to have expremoled it there; which accounts for its being an oblate ispheroid - Afred hot won be apr plied hastily to a drof of water, or to a spittle, upon a smiths anville expansion will ve so great, that an immedial very lassion with the place that into ice - hence; ice bursts bottles, conduit-pipes & hence, also, its use in crumbling, and fertilizing, the fround and, hence its effects, in countlings and throwing down, houses. 2. Fluidity - all bodies may be rundered fluid



heat - the fluidity of water is enterely owing to heart where the dequees of heart are so low as 32, by the thermometer, water becomes ice fire is necessary at 62. 3. Evaporation\_all bodies capable of it by heat\_ water, evaporaled, is condensed into clouds, and falls in pain - Evaporation wastes all bodies it produces cold hence new washed rooms are cool, and dangerous to sichly persons for the moisture, going of by wasperstimment on by cools, but is invited at the first. hence we are cooled in summer by the evaps. ration of sweat from the pores - The treat of the human body is the same in all chimates, and is from 96 to 100 degrees; and however wonderful it may seem, yet it is an established fact, that the human body, in a heart of 120, does not exceed this term-The broader the surface the greater the evaporation - hence, on a windy day, lakes, rivers & undergo a greater



greater evaporation than on a calm one. Evapora. tion encreases with the removal of evaporated matter - hence, winds dry roads &6. quietrly & hence, also, windy days are coldest, by removing persperation, and geving accept to cold air to come in contact with the body. The force of end for ation es sury of real as un steamer sufficient. H. Planne - this is occasioned by the accept of fresh air, which is absolutely necessary to its existences Inflammation, in all bodies, depends whom a certain principle, in them, called phologiston; and hodies are more, or less, inflammable, in proportion as they contain a greater, or left, quan tity of phologiston. Otho fresh air feeds flames neither feed flame nor support animal life hence, he people who have gone to sleep, with a fire in their room, and no chimney, or other aperture, to admit fresh air, have been sufficiated, in the might, by the air's being phologisticated. The moving of flame, and its conical form, are owing to the action of an on it. Stool.



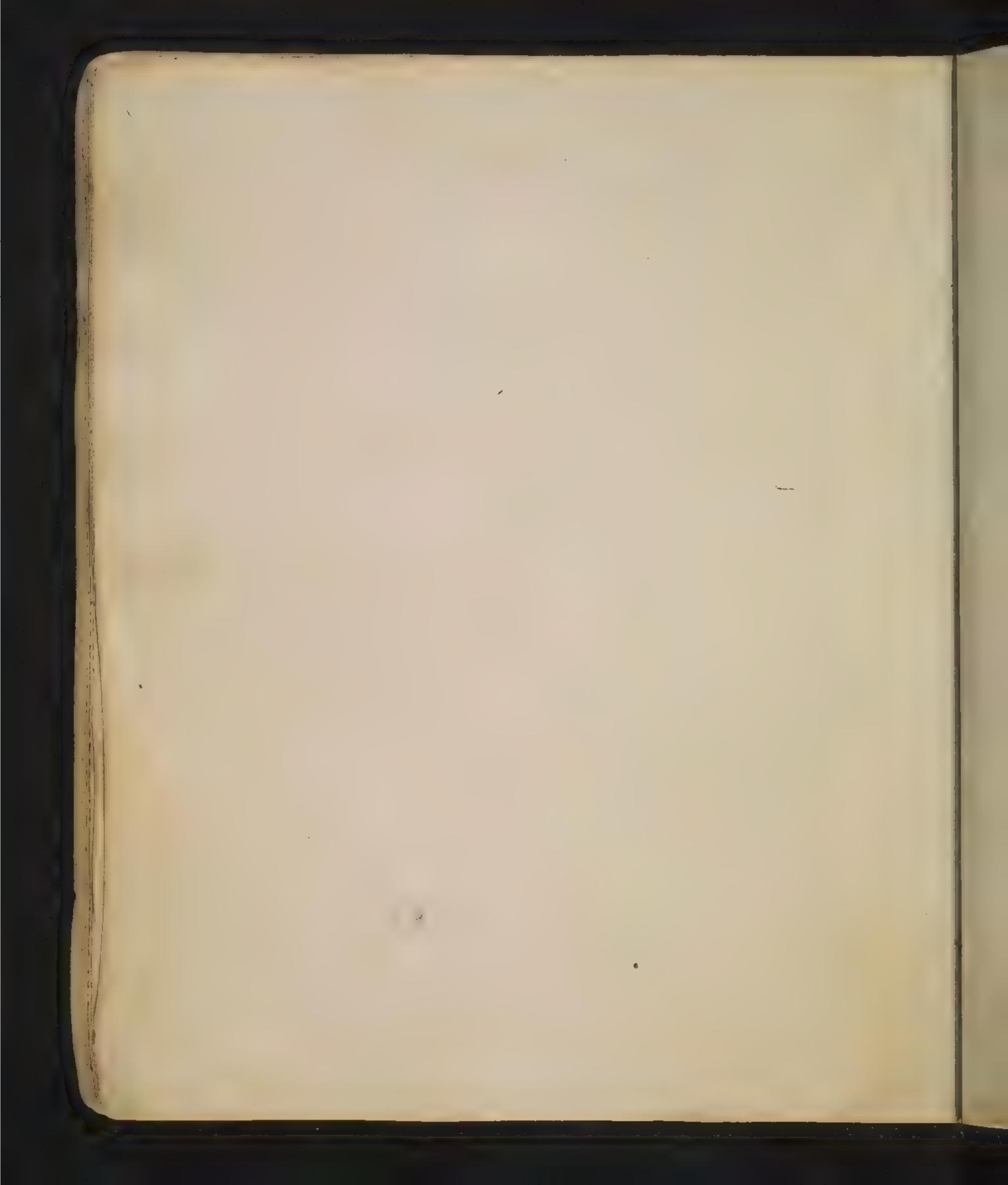
foot in chimneys, is produced by vegetable matter, incompletely consumed, by show fires - hence, it contains much phlogiston, and easily catches live. Heat has the most salutary effects in every! part of the creation; withdraw it, and vegetables immediately dismobe themselves of all their gay and fragrant plowers leaves &6. No heat are all animals indebted for their existence-So well are the people of Egypt tound, lately, some mations of surope) apprized of this, that they have contrived a method of producing chickens, in thousands; not by incubation, but by an artificial heat, imported to the eggs, in ovens curiously constructed for that frurhose. Several insects become torped, when heat is withdrawn, and are revived, only, by the neturn of its cheering influence. Oreator of the universe to answer every hurhore intended by his goodness - too much would expand all fluids - hence nivers would overflow Theur

Asolition of ice, and oil of vitriol, is much colder than ice alone = Asolition of smow and satt, is extremely cold - hence, heat is lodged in ice, and in snow.

their banks &6-it would also depolve solid bedies, as earths \_ Thos little all mature would be held in icy chains; and our globe present the awful phonomenon of another choise Lecture 3. On mixture This is threefold 1. Mexture properly so called, is when two bodies are united, and produce heat, as vitristic doid and water. 2. Solution- is when two, or more, bodies are united producing cold - a solution of water, and common salt, is colder than the water alone; by adding a little netre, the solution well become still colder. Experiments may, here, be made, with a thermometer. 3. Oliffusion - is, when two bodies, as vil, and water, are united by agitation - this union always ceases with the agitation, which produced it. Decomposition. As there was body sockers has not some affin nity to, and is capable of being united with,

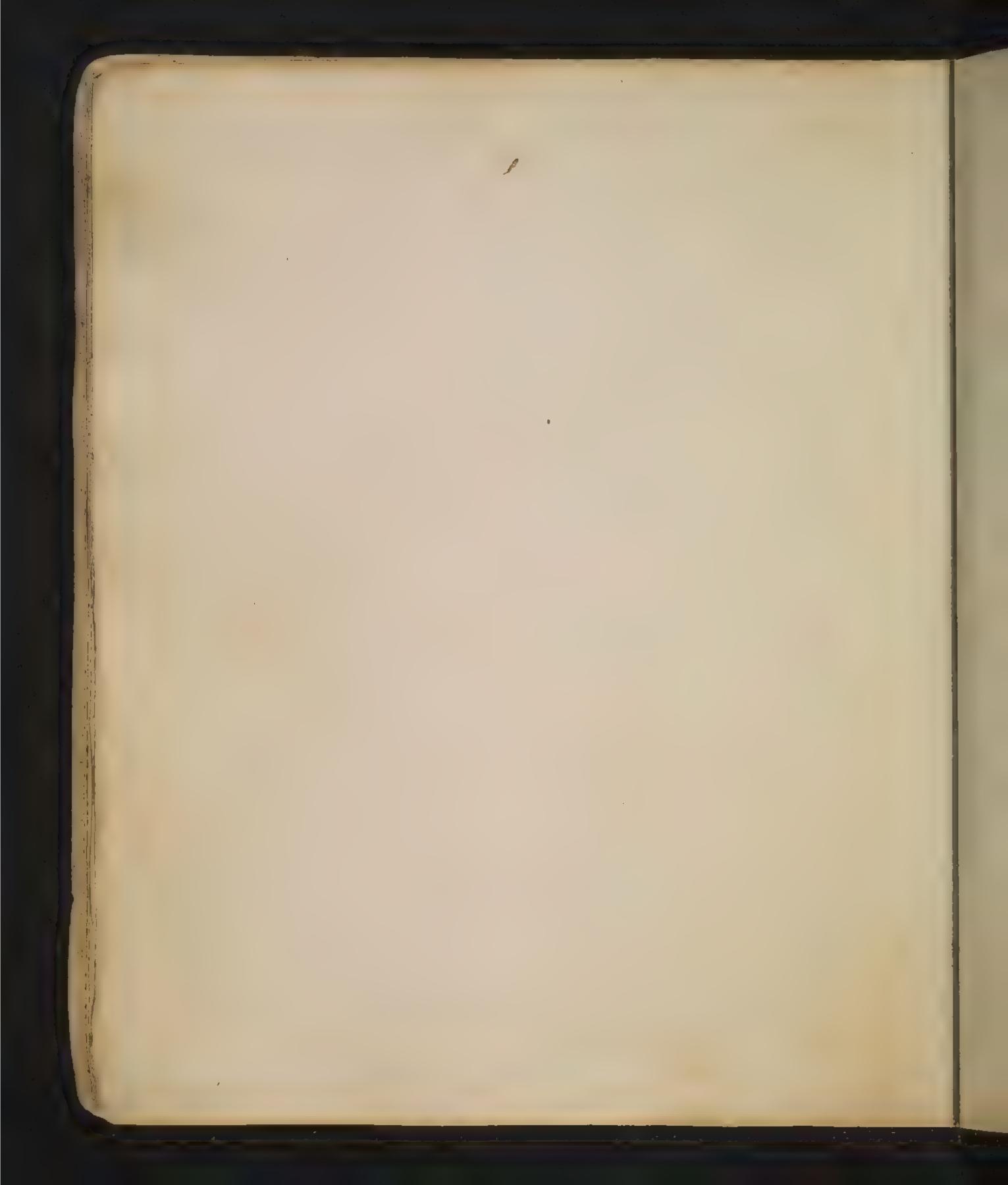
+ See Bergmann table printed by mr Don Esan.

some other; so, the union of any two bodies may be difsolved, by the addition of a third, which has a greater affinity, to one of those than that with which it was united and This is called decomposition or elective attraction. - thus, if to a solution of marble dust, in vitroolic acid, and water, we add a a otatile de hali, or spirit of sal ammoniae, the wetriotic acid having a greater affinity to the vol. all: well unite with it Ho. So well is this principle of affinity understood, that some chemists have calculated the different desprees of it, between different bodies, which they have arranged in tables for our instruction. Then are divided into acids and alkalies acids are divided into the mineral- the vegetable and the animal \_\_\_ Mineral acids. are witriolie, nitrous, don't marine Vegeta ble acids are native, hime juice, or fermented, as vinegar Animal acids are those in wind,



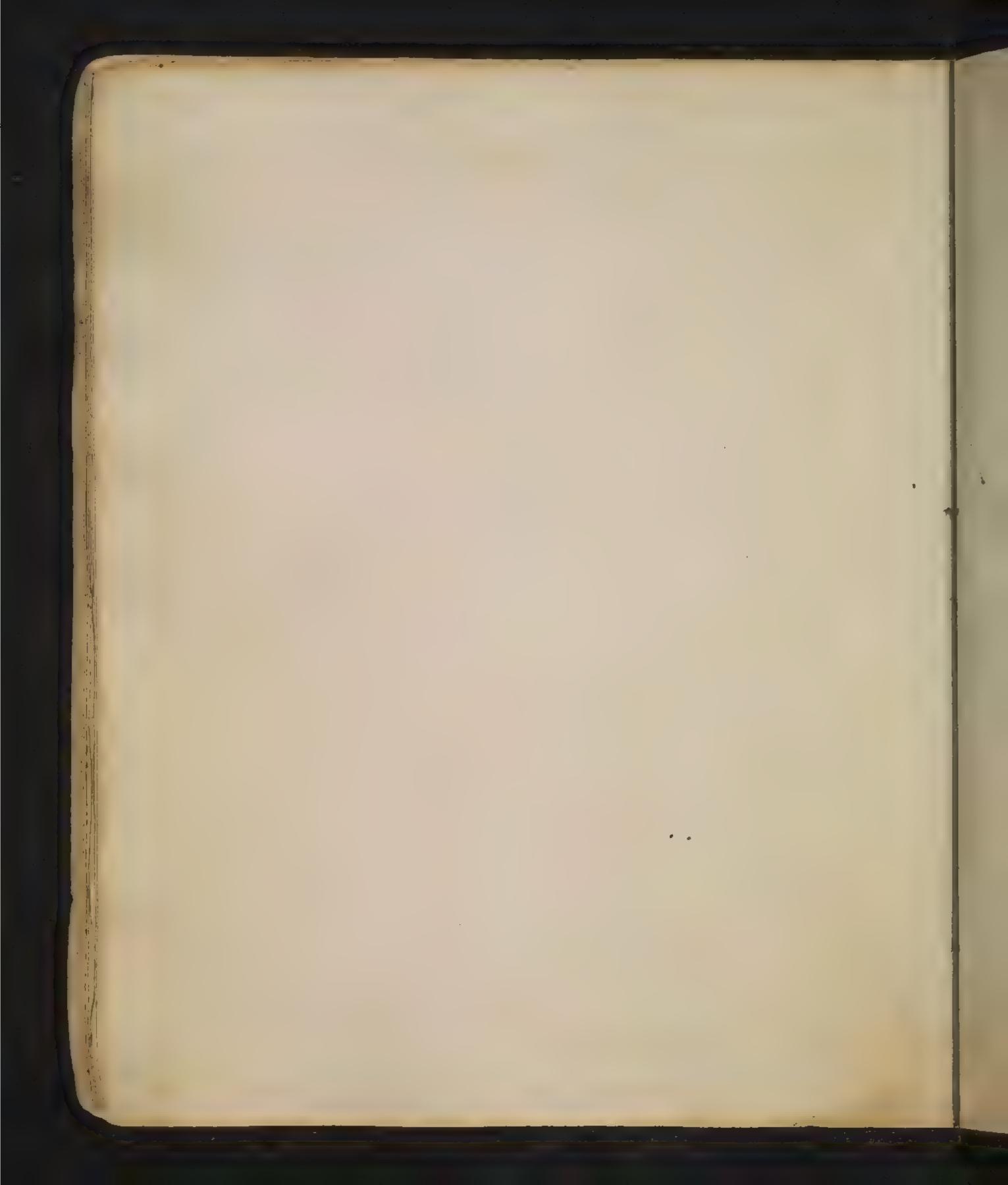
stings of there are poisonous - Acids changed the syrup of violets to a red. Alhalies are of two hinds - 1. fixed - as potathe from burnt regetables. I work is obtained, by distallation, from animal substances. Alhalies change the syrup of violets green and, as be mixed together, They well immediately unite, and with a considerable effervescence, our ung to the escape of fixed air from the alkali; by elective attraction The proportion of fixed an, in alhalies, is 4 of their weight: This may be proved by weighing the vit. acid, and alk. before, and after, myture Alhalies are mild; but, having emitted their fixed air, are exceedingly corrosive, and courtie; if applied to the strin will burn it.

Lect.



## Lecture II. Salts,

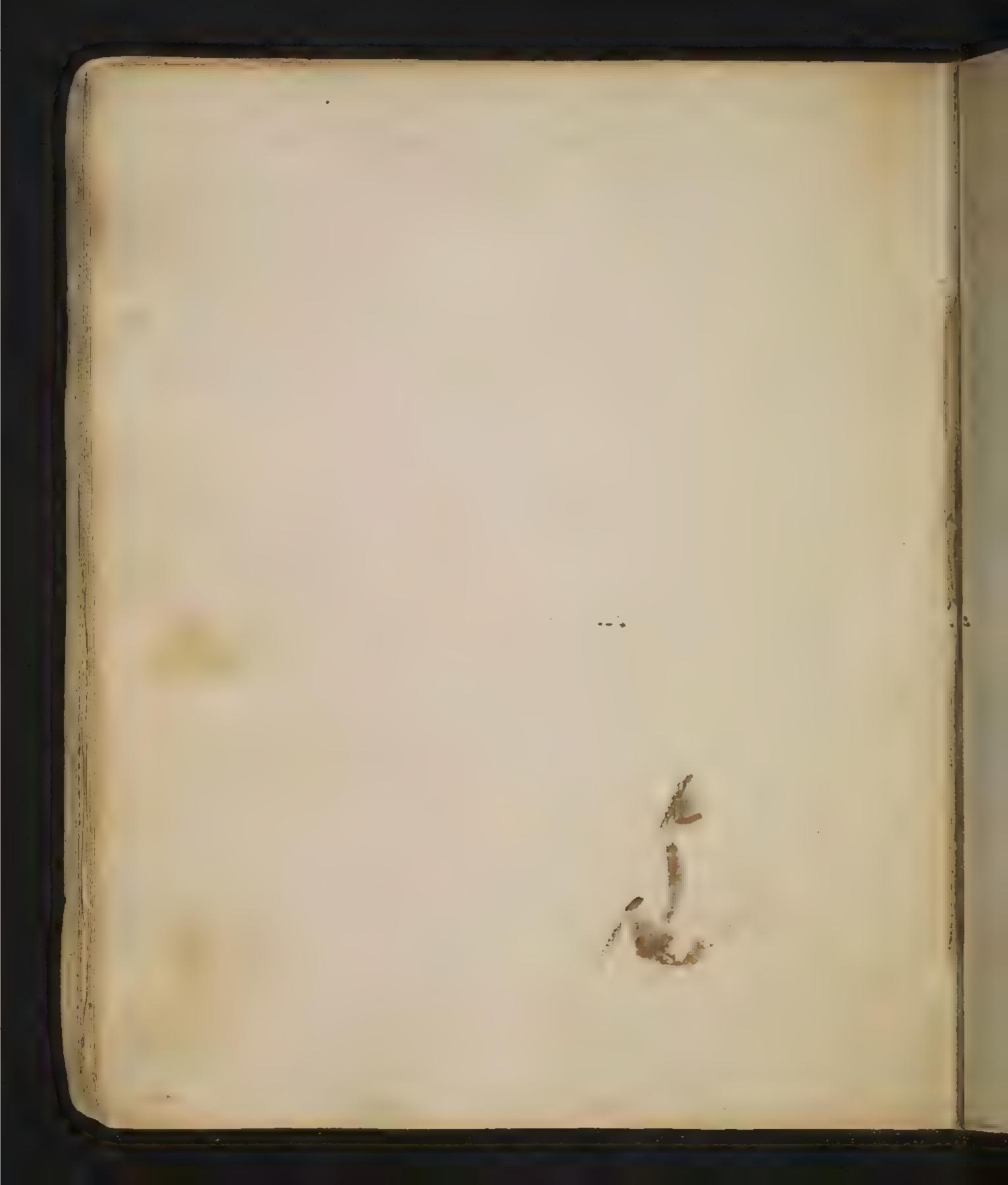
Common salt, statt pelve, or bylanbers salt, are composed of an acid and an almales Common salt, because of its intensive use in life, particularly deserves our attention-We find the goodiness of knowidence displayed in our uncommon degree, in having distribu ted the means of procuring this necessary article to all his creatures. Thus, in parts nemote from the seas we find salt springs and invers abound from which the people in those parts prouve salt In some parts of Europe, especially, at bracow in Colound, there are large rouses of Jofil salt, or salt rock, and in the island of Orners, in the Indian ocean, houses are built with it. Bu some places, a sort of soil, called muriatic salt, is procured from regetables, in which it abounds But



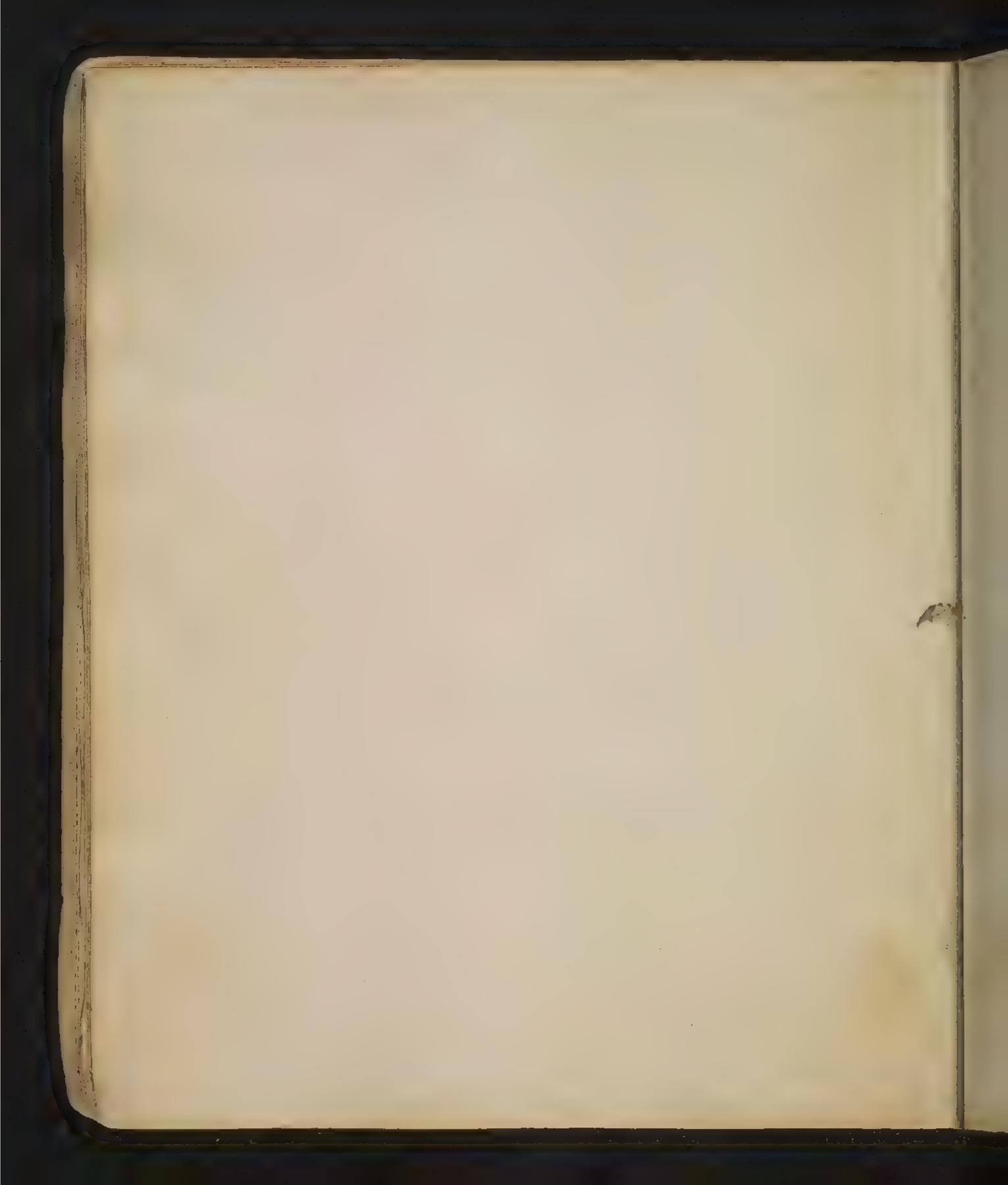
But the great and methanistible source of this valuable article is the sea - The great Disposer of all things has so ordered it that there waters should be impregnated with salt, for our use also, to preserve them from putrefaction, from the numerous animals drying, and regetables frothing, at the bottom - another great advantage is. that salt water is more busyant Man fresh hence, it is favourable to the navigation, and tends to promote a commercial sand freendly, intercourse, between the different mations of the earth - The water of the sea, and the water, is onegenally forth; and its saltness is entirely our foreign sometimes have, It is satter within the tropics, their towards the poles, by evaporation Storms at sea, against which we are too aft to complain, are useful two ways Jest offer agitation of the waves a greater sur-face and, of course, a greater evaporation takes



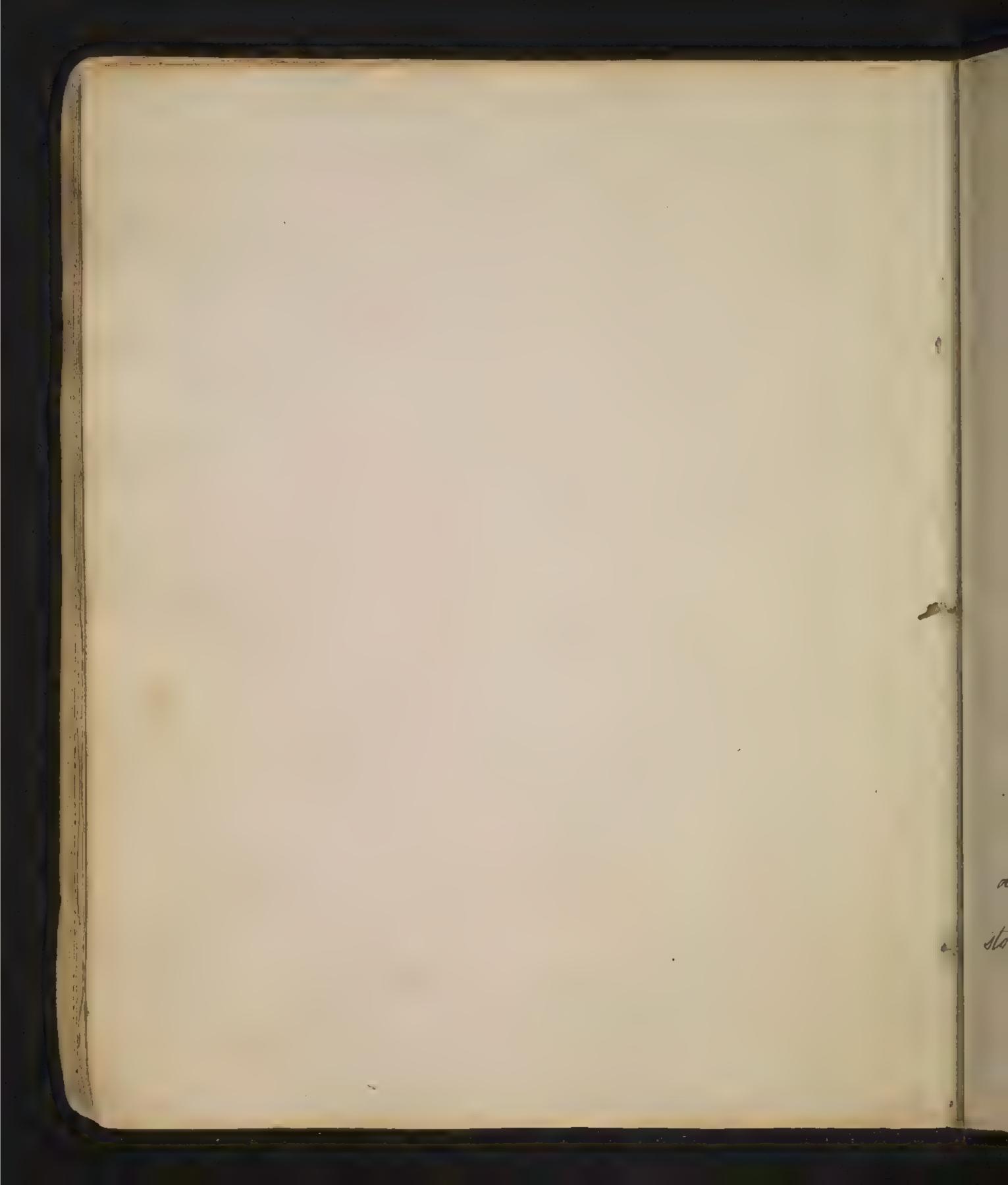
takes place: the vapours thus exhaled, being condensed en clouds, fall estrefreshing showers of rain, and impart their cheering influence to every production of our earth I. The water shear the poles & within the troppies, also of rivers, and of the dear, are hereby more instrumentely mised together. Satt is procured from rea water, 1. By drowing the water into canals, and leaving to be evaporated, by the heat of the fun, the salt will remain at bottom. This method is practised at the Cape Mend islands, and in other warm climates 2. By boiling it, in large pans, as in Ingland France 86. An this process a curious method of Junifying, or refining, it, is used - They take the whites of a few eggs, on some bullocks' blood, which they mix , and effectually incorporate, with a little of the water, and afterwards throw it into the poer



this, while the water is working, coaquilates, and unites itself with the filth, which it raises to the surface of the water, when it begins to toil this being scummed off every impurity is rumoved after this mounter pure salt is also obtained from sal gem, or south rock, by boiling it in freth water 3. By Jucezing, as in Norway - the ice being pernoved, the salt will rumown at bottoms The water and salt are also seperated by the pores discharge property to be thirst may be nemoved, at sea, after the fresh water has been expended, by placing the person in a barrel of sea water; for the water, without any of its saline franticles, will be imbibed to the poves.



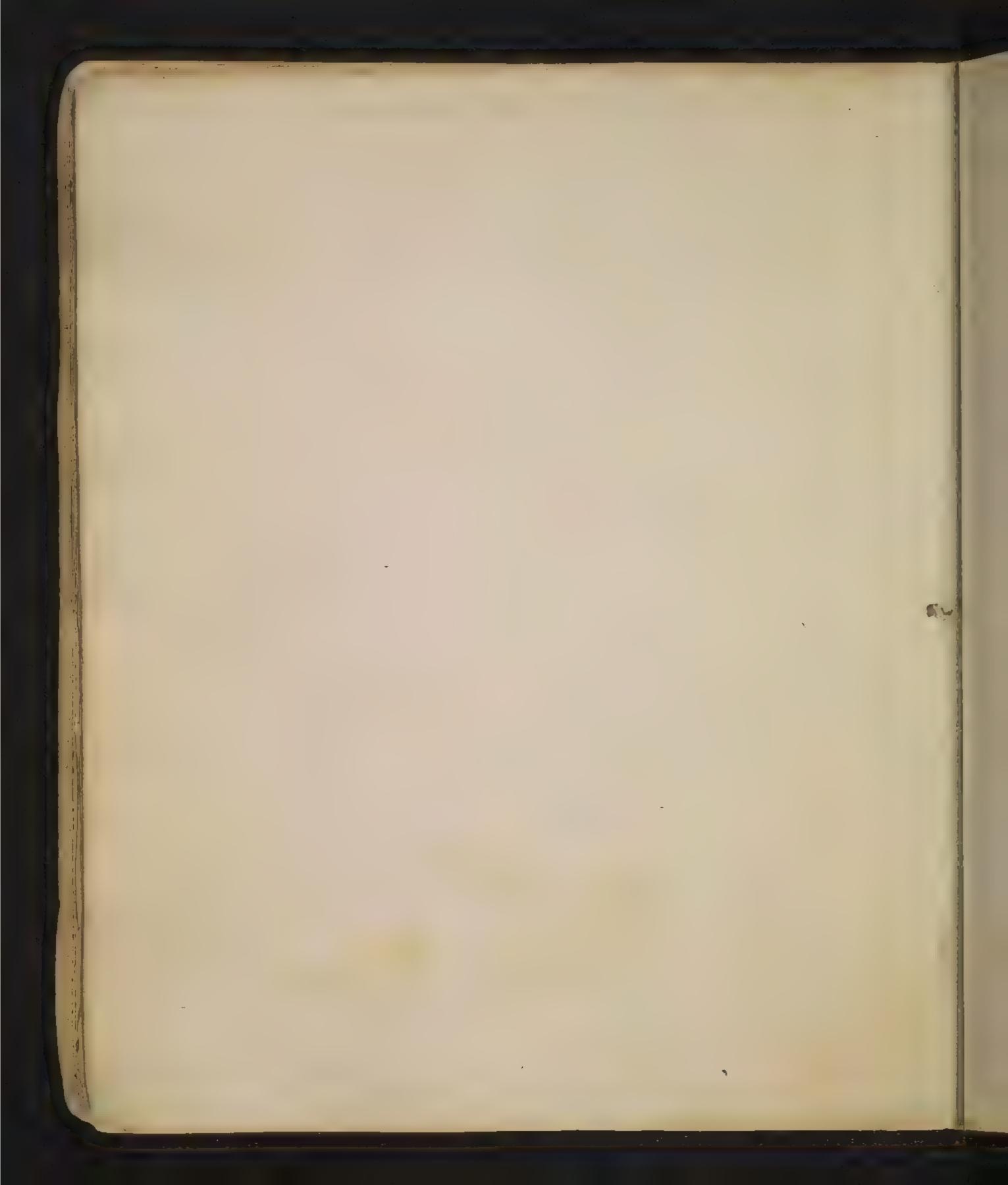
Of nitre, or sall petre. As of very extensive use in different arts; it is the principal ingreatient in gun powder; it is useful in glæfsmakung; and en medicine but, its principal domestice use, is, in preserving meat, to which it communicates a red co. lour hence, the method of procuring it is well worth the attention of every lady, who would with to excel in housewifery, and domestic oconomy - This, like common salt, is composed of an acid and an altraliwe take sweepings of cellars, pridgeon houses, stables &6. nubbish of old houses, and any animal, or regitable, matters capable of few trefaction- these steeped in water will communicate a mitrous acid to it; if to this water an alhali, as life, be added and boiled with it, the acid and alkali well unte, and produce nitre Dn



In Germany where domestic oconomy is smuch attended to every family generally makes its own salt petre of this liherioe obtained from tobasco leaves.

Earths.

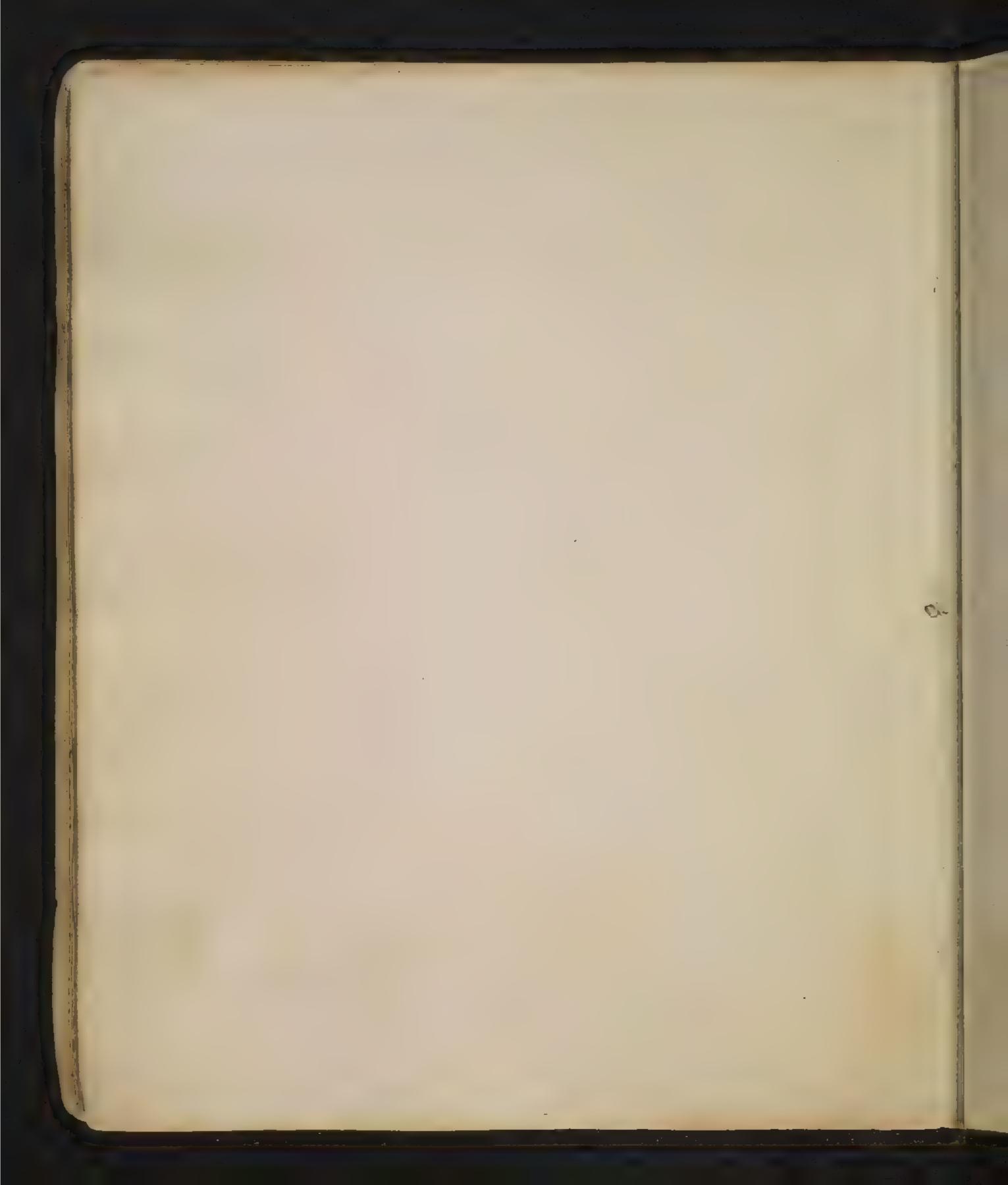
are, 1. Calcarious, as lime, chalk, marble & lime stone, and marble, abound in Pennylvaniastone, and marble, abound in large quantities in Ingland; chalk is found in large quantities in Ingland; hence we hear of the white cliffs of albion which are nothing else but great bodies of which are nothing else but great bodies of



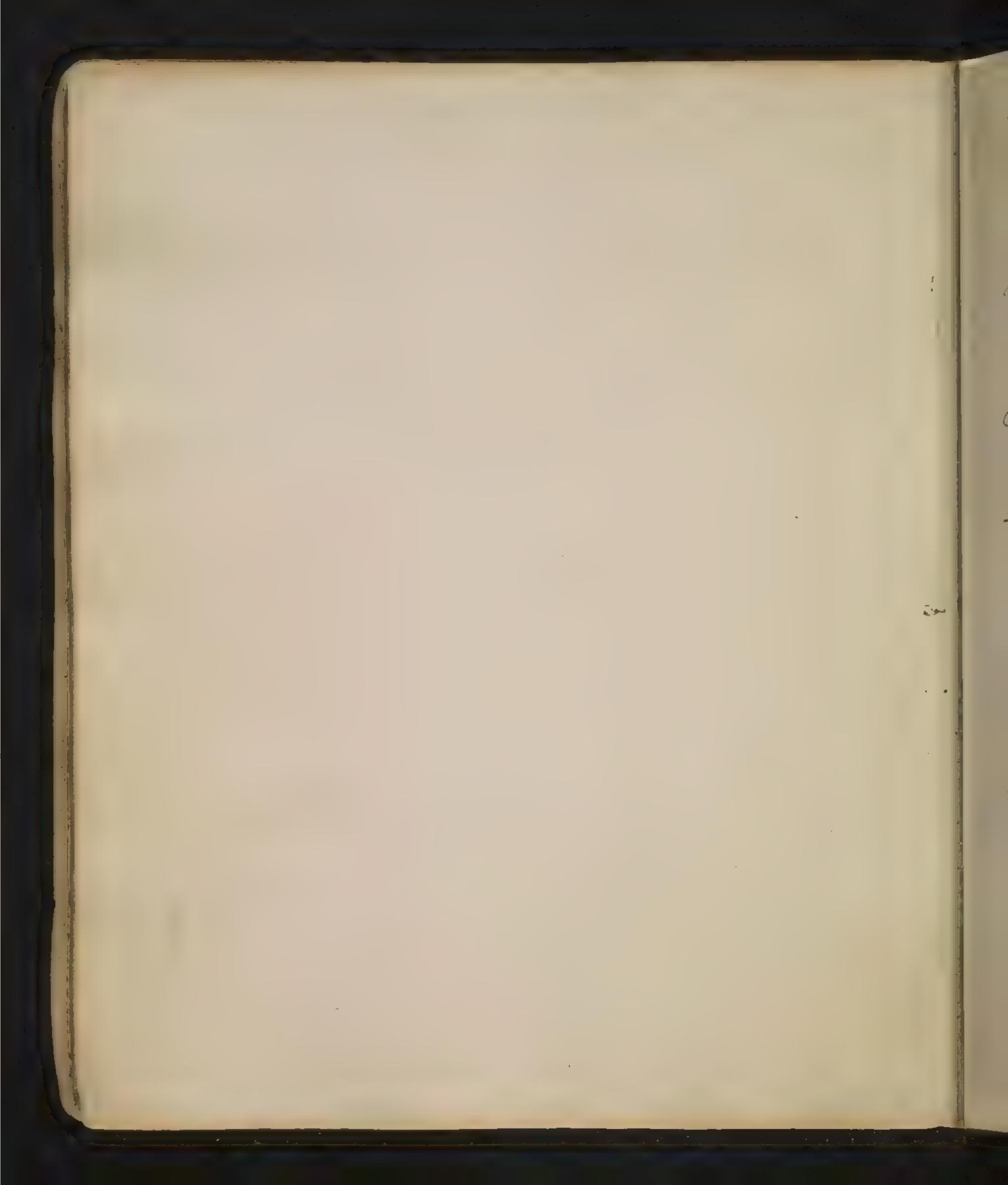
chalk - one fourth part of the weight of these is fixed air they also contain some water they are soluble in acids; and effervesce with them, by the escape of their fixed air when calcined by a strong fire, they part with the water and air which they contained; acquire a great degree of causticity; and lose their power of effervescing with acids thus, lime is obtained.

2. Jupsions, which are not affected by acids, as plaster of Saris, . It is much valued, and used as a manure for promoting the growth of goof.

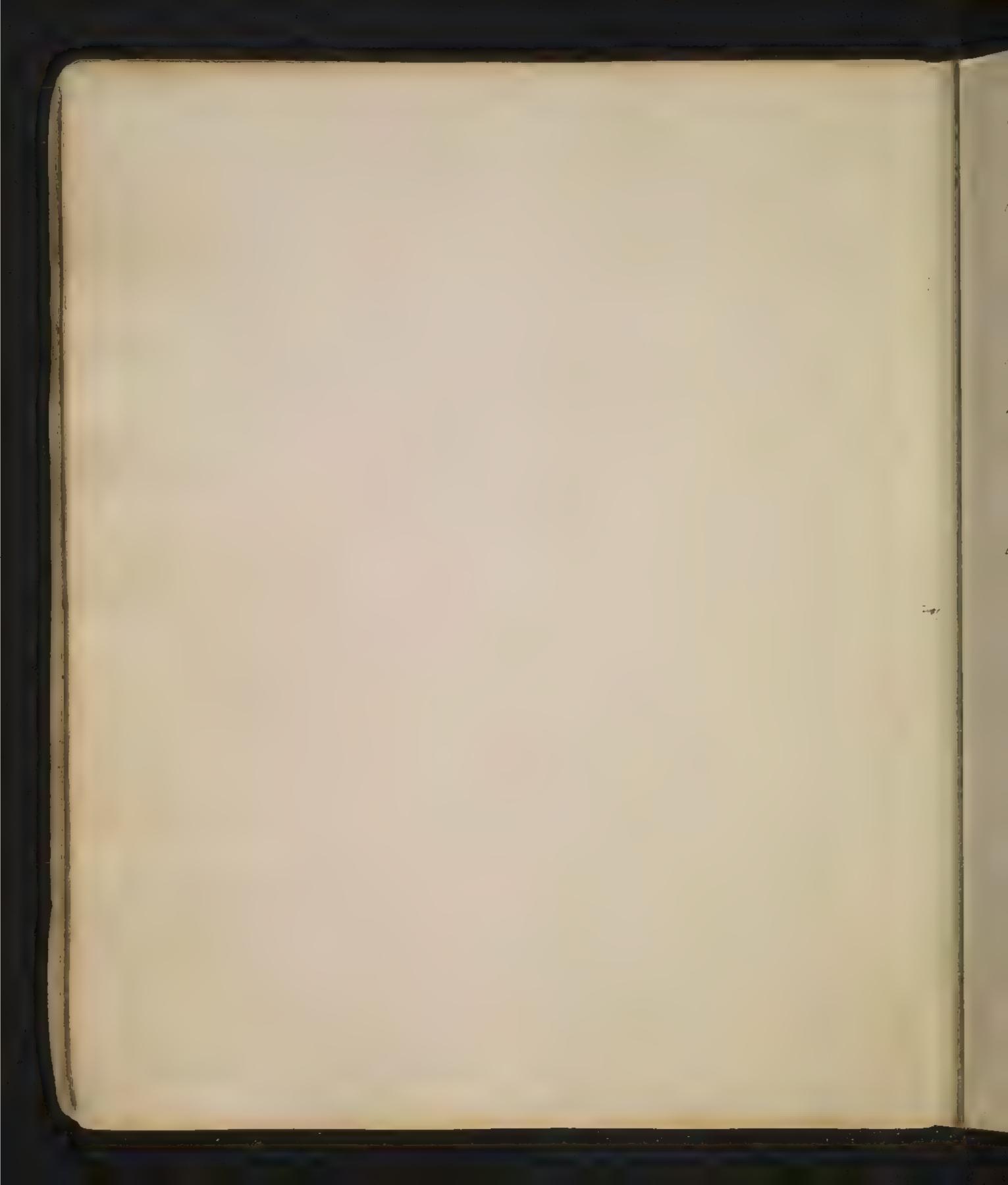
3. Minty, as sand, stones, jewels &. there are of different values - one, in the crown of the hing of Great Britain out Lloo, ooos their variety of colour is owing to a mixture of me tallic matter-hince a method has been dis-



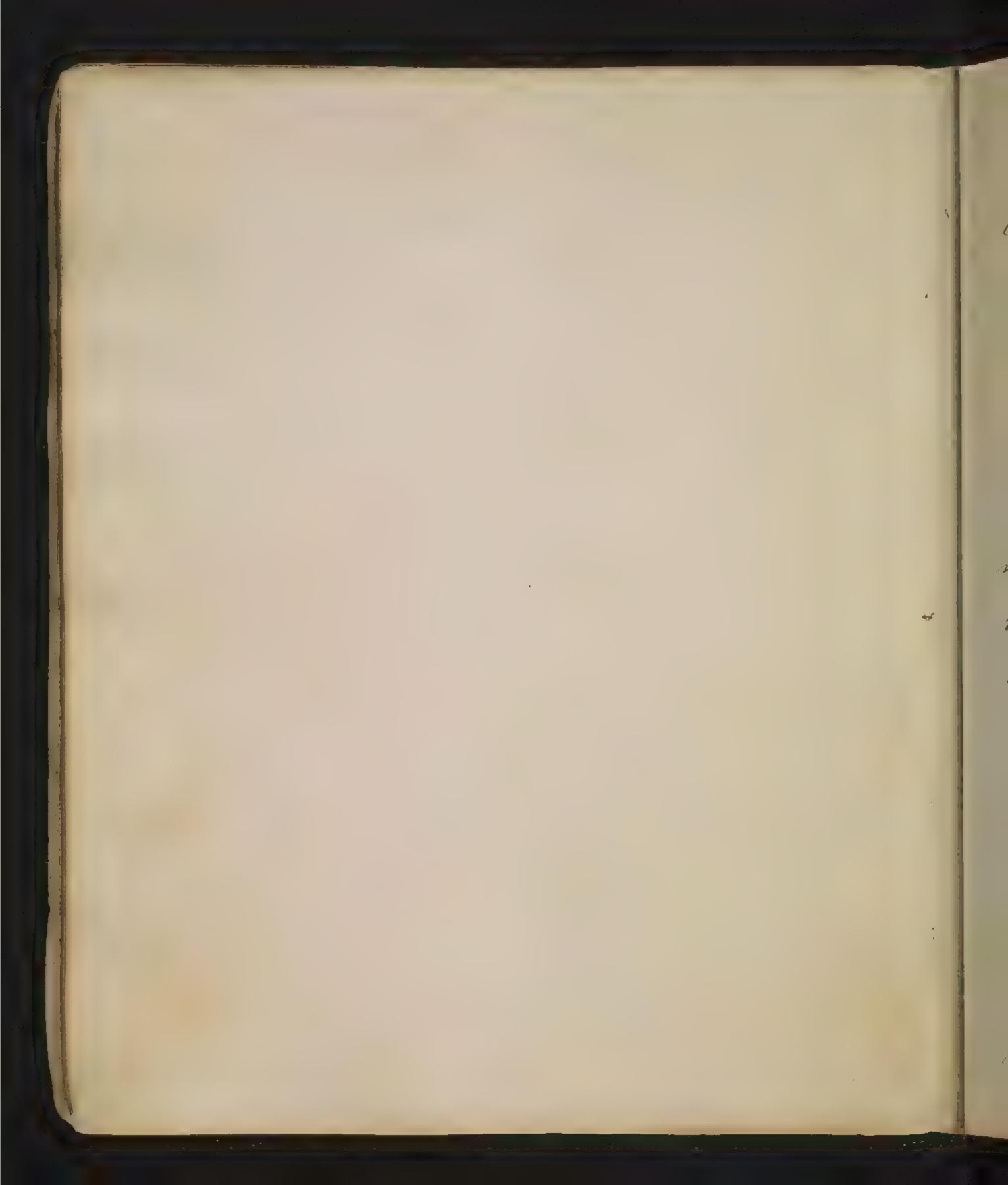
discovered of making artificial stones, from fine sound metted by alkalies glass is made I this discovery was first made by some men who were cost away on a desart islands having hundled a fire of wood whon the sandy beach they beheld a liquid running in streams along the ground which when cooled was found to be at transporent glass- this effect was produced by the alk. salt, in the wood, melling the sand un dernialti\_ 4. Myrous, which present fire; as wing glassanother species of this couth is, the ashestos, commonly called the 'salumander stone this is of a greeyish colour it may be spilet into thereads, from one to ten inches long, very fine; and brittle, yet somewhat tractable, insomuch that it may be carded and



with cotton (not alone) - The stoth, made of this, is endued with the wonderful property of perrounny unconsumed in the fire; the Jue only cleans, and muches it a little whiter it deprives it also of a small portion of its weight which may be by depriving it of its dist-In governments of this the Egyptiens burn the corpses of their departed friends, and so prese serve Their ashes from being dispersed. of this a certain Sus: Wright who lived on the banks of Ausque hanna, and was famed for her industry, and great mental brunnflishments a purse which she presented to Coctor hanks. line this the Doctor, in a pretended fit of pafuon at his servant, before a newnerous company of gentlemen, was designed, threw into the fire; which so alarmed them that they ran to save it; but how great was their surprise on Jewding it intirely safe; only a tittle whiter thou before the



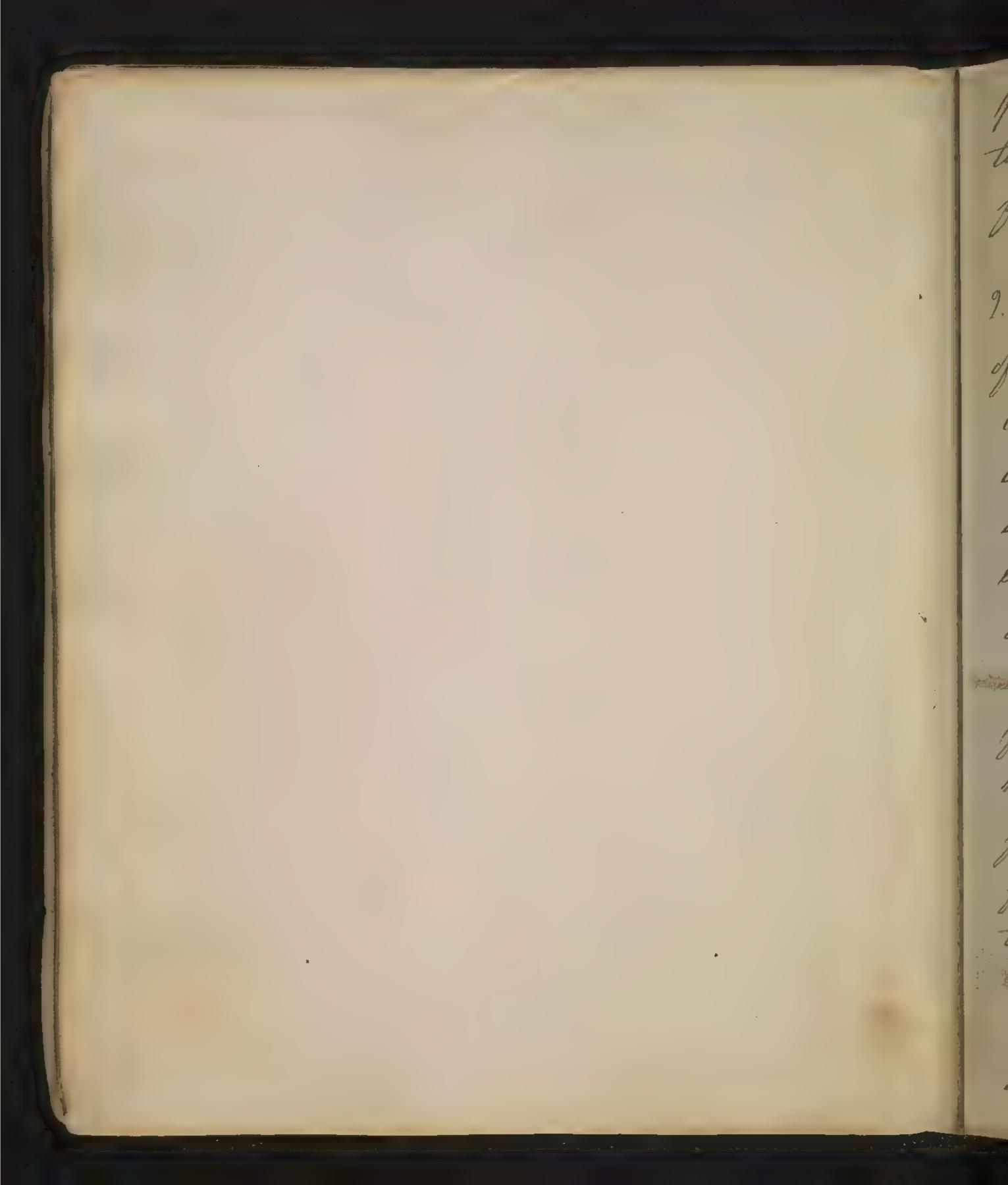
The Noctor having explained this Thenomenon to their, a very agreeable fit of mith ensue This stone is found at Anglesey, in Wales, and at aberdeenshire in Scotland; it is also found in large beds in Christer county in Sunnyl 5. Clarys are various in their colours according as they are mixed with metallic mothers fire by depriving them of their metats, makes Them white from clays thus burned are made tobaces pripes - also a sort of substitute for China ware, which is called dell from its having been first made at a town in Holland called (Delft) Clays may be dipolved en aceds - alum composed of vitrolic acid and clays whate produce withough with frequents this by adding an alkale, fixed sor volatele, gives adams a grentral falt acording to the mature of the aird added.



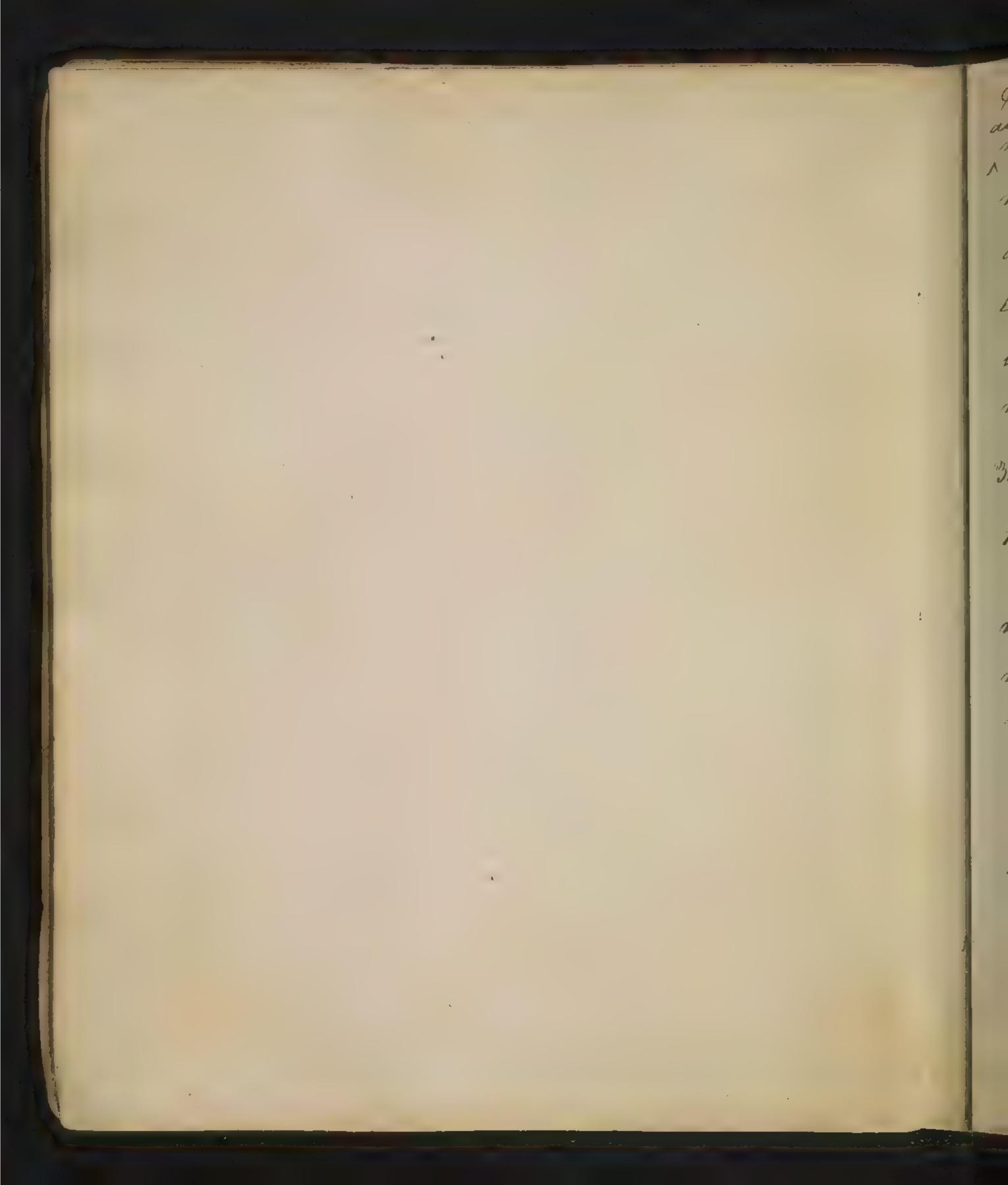
term hasti, and a flinty earth, which they call petimes, china ware is made

Sectoure 5th Anflammobble bodies.

There are, all animal, vegetable, and some mineral substances - the diff! soits are, 1. Tuel of all hunds, which contains much phlogiston, as sea or fofsil coal - also charcoal, which is much used by artificers in metals, and is made by burning wood to coals, in a pit covered over with earth in Scotland, and Gueland they burn a sort of black earth called freat, or tung, which, being much mixed with regetable matters, is very inflammable I another tout of fuel is wood which is more or less inflammable in

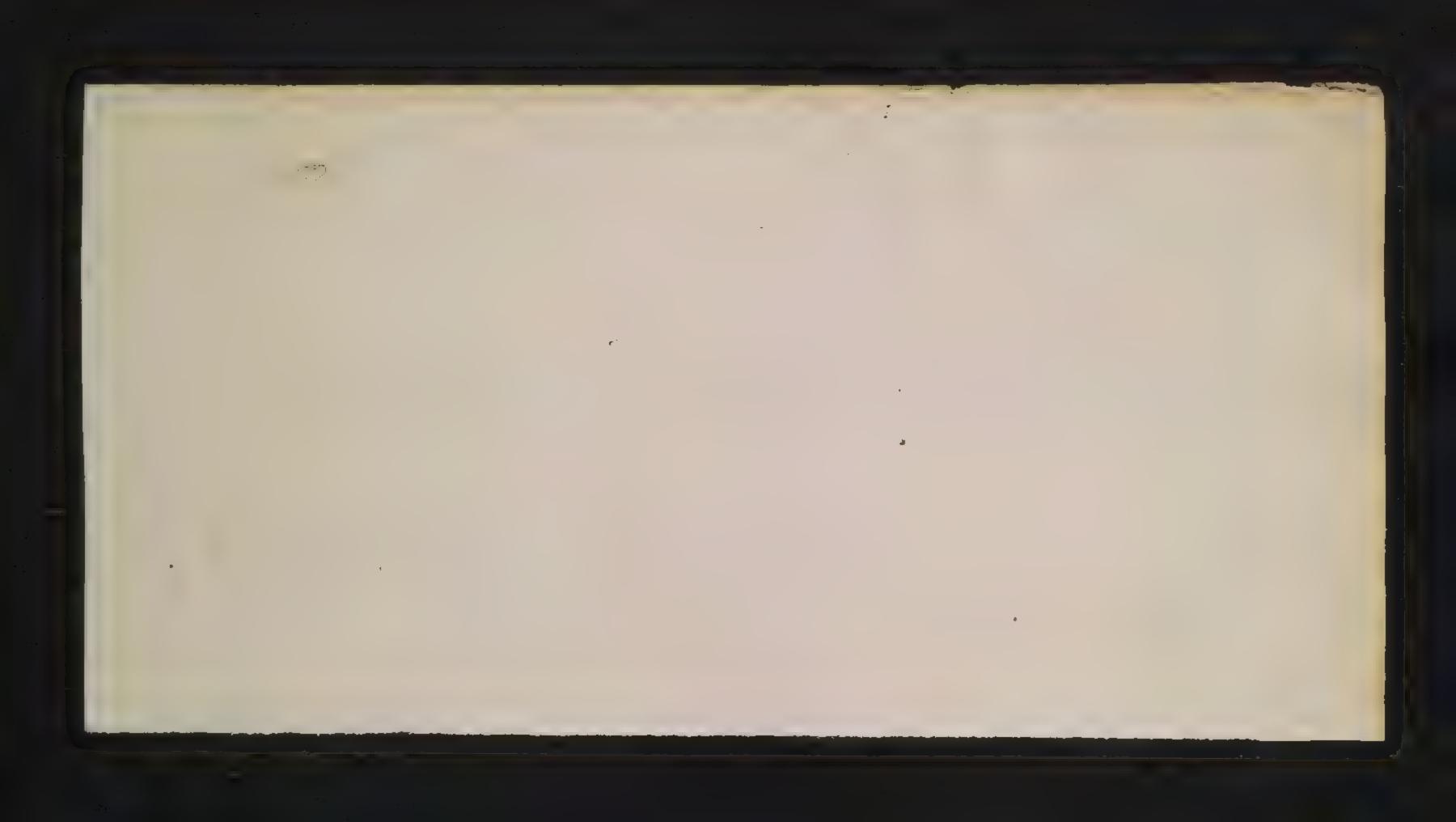


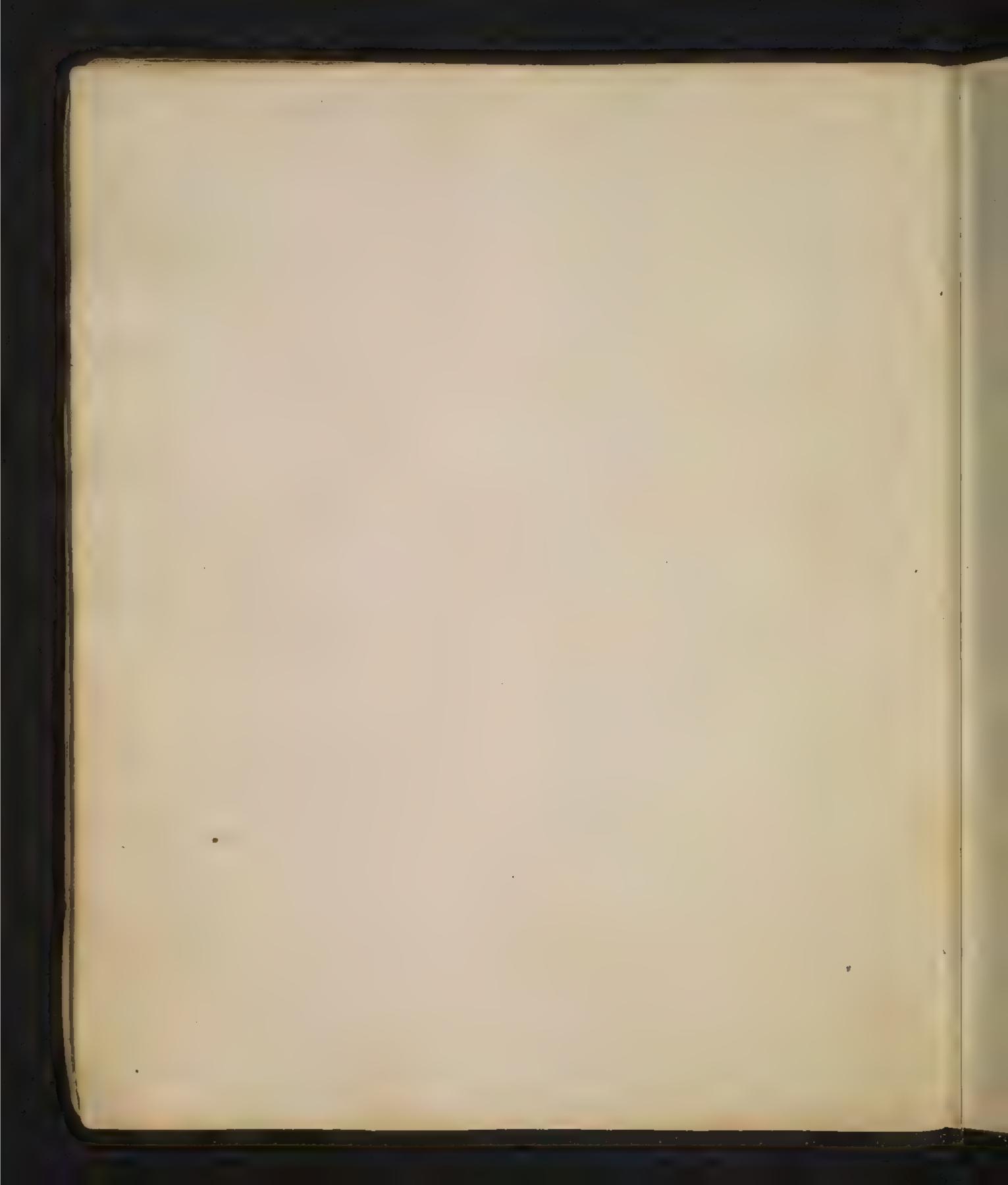
proportion to the quantity of phlogiston it com tains. Pine & Hivory most Inflammable from their bebounding most with phlogiston. 2. Vils- allisorts of these profish a considerable quantity of phologiston hence they are very inflammable, Oils are, aromatic, as oil of turpentine; and unctuons as sweet out & - unetwous oils are divided into the regetable, as butter- and animal as land bears' grease 146 - All unctions oils are made promied by treat, owing to a watry Lody, mixed with them, called muciflage; which ferments and vots in butter \$6, in warmwed ther This muciflage may be drawn off from butter by washing it with freshwaters for having a greater affinity to water, them to the oil a decomposition will take place "and it well write with the water The best way of preserving butter, is, to use but little water, and, to Tress it well.



also necessary to month of authority in hite the it is rates the mucillage from the oil; and dissolving unites with it, and corries it to the bottom leaving the June oil at The top - After butter or oil hambecome rounced, they may be per rified considerably, by washing them with water. 3. Sulphun - this being composed of a withrole, acid and phlogiston is exceedingly inflammable if it he burned, and its furnes collected, in a rial, we shall have a vitrolic aced - Sulphun is found mixed with all. metals; evon one, in particular, abounds with it - In many places it is found, in lange quantities, in the bowels of the earth; where it frequently this fire earthquakles are produced; for the fire converts the fixed are into elastic air, which, together with a steam, or vapour, produced by The contact of the flance dualet, howomen the explosion and all the nonal phanomena of continguales. -

will vail hid & o tale butter many be very quatty improved by bung fruit unto a churn with Inthermille which has bun produced from fresh cream, or which is butter, ento owned meth, the action of churning reduces it in abharmance to its first state, and by con tonuing to churn, it again women to the consistance of butter. Butter mashed will with water Sechurred w.



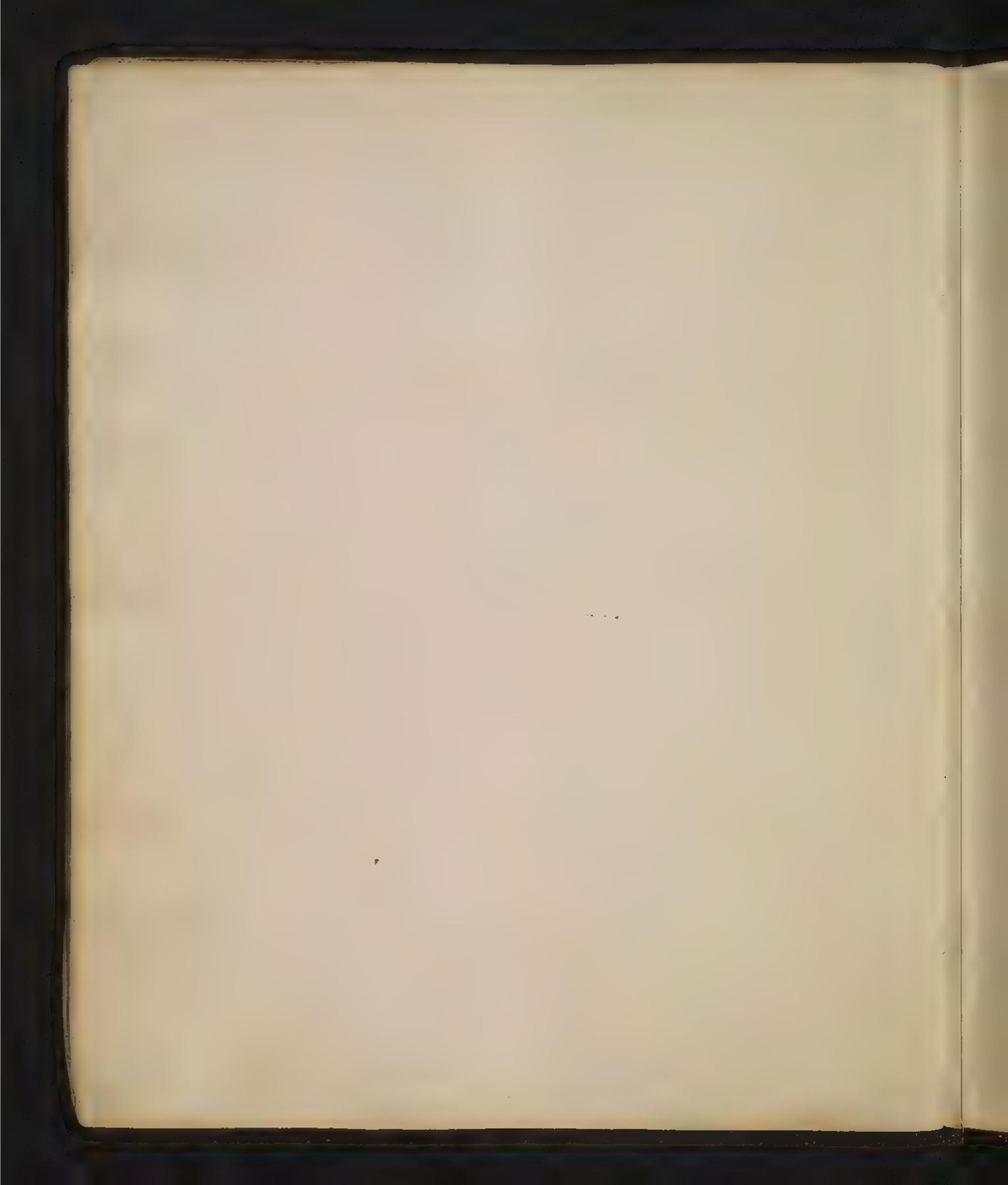


Sulphur unites with most metals, destroys their malleability and even dipolices them; but to mett gold, it must be united with a fixed dehaline satt, forming a compound called hepas sulphures, or liver of sulphur, This effective ally depolves gold so at to make it soluble in water. This preparation is thought to be the means by which Moses defrolled the golden calfiedolatrainsly set up by the Israelites, which he caused them to drink. This, being an ex ceedengly bitter solution, was, in some degree, a punishment for their inspresses conduct. Mores being shilled in the wisdom of the hopythans, to whom chemistry was early known, very probably, acquired his hurowledge of this science an roughthern - Hepan Sulphunis is inade by mething sulfihus with a gentle freat, and stir ring into it, while metted, your times its weight of dry almaline salt - or, by bouling the fulphur in a solution of almaline soils-



If any thing be written with a solution of lead, and a solution of hepon sulphuris be passed over it, when dry, the writing, formerly invisible, will immediately appear of a dark H. Spirits. These are composed of an acid, water, and a fine oils they contour much phlogiston, hence they are very inflammedable - By distelling spirit of wine with withrotic acid, we obtain that fine fragroint ou cailed ether; this is much tighter than any known fleuds except air- Ether fromed upon a lump of sugar, and let fall to the bottom of a mixt, tilled with withrolie and water, rises to the top, and escapes in flame - This is rulgarly called

except air ather framed upon a lump of sugar, and let fall to the bottom of a vial filled with retriolie acid, and water, rises to the tops and escapes in flame. This is sulgarly called a fire in water, but, since fire cannot exist in water, the flame can only take place at the surface. There is also a certain oil called maphitha, produced from black bituminous earths, in milldams, and other stagnant waters; it is also found in some springs.



This oil is exceedingly light, about the charget and highly inflammables hence, it easily catches fire, out the swiface of those waters wherein it is found hence, we hear of burning lakes, and burning 5. Presins. as beingois or turfuntine francische which as for secured there defrolve in spirit of wine; hence varnishes are procured. 6. Thosphoons. This is composed of phologiston feely united with restricted acid, and has the singular property of kindling into flowne, stroutaneously, when exposed to the view; for the phologiston seperates from the vitrolie and, and united with the air, when admitted !- Swerd bodies partake in much of the phosphoric nature, such as lightwood The fire fly is a phosphore animal, and when flying, discharges larger quantities of philogiston: hence, the ocean free quently seems to be on fire Meters



Meteors are bodies filled with phlogiston, which seperates from them in their motion. The ignis fatures, or Jack with a lanthorn, may also be classed with phosphone bodies.



Secture 6th On melats. They are divided 1. into metals, which are malleable; as leads 9. seminetals, which are innaleable; as quicksilver - The malledbilly of metals is own of to phlogiston; the extraction of this by fire or across makes them become a cale or drofs: this is called calcination of metals.

By adding phlogiston to this cale and metals
it may be restored to metal again; this is called reduction of metals - Thus, grease melled with calf of lead restricts it to leads This calcination and reduction are buly em\_ blematic of the resurrection of our bodies, out The lost day. The soul is, as it were, its philogeston, when seperated by death, the body becomes, when a calx of metal, calcined; but, by the recension form. I again assumes its ancient form. I fold

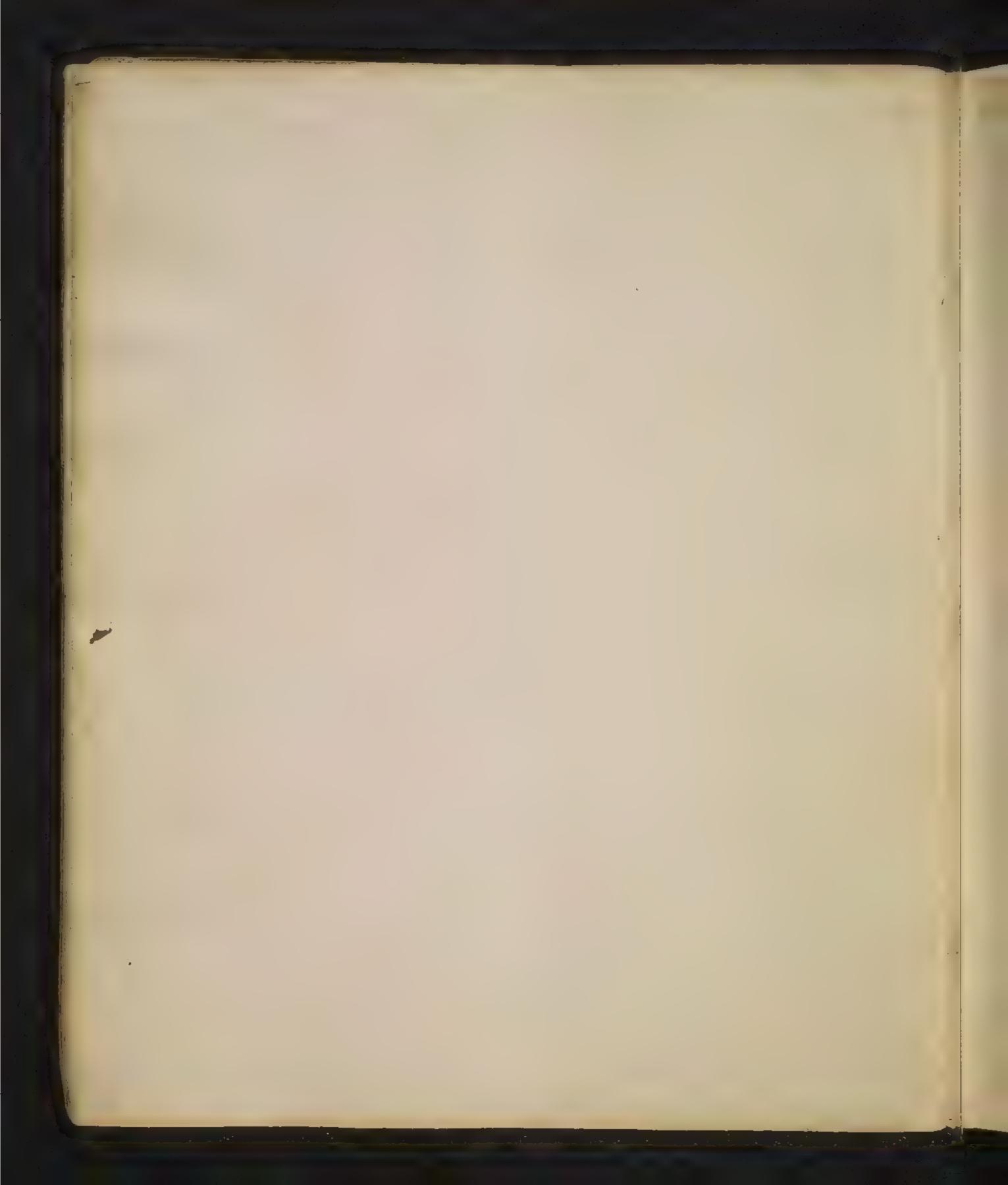


The least tiable to be affected by fire; air hence by the universal consent of all mations, ancient, and modern, it is justly rechould the most valuable of melals; and is made use of in com, as a medium of commence - Buttons, Wateties, 46. made of this metal, are very due rable; and because of their nature, are afit to be best laker care of, and longest preserwed - This metal is uneful in gilding, and an excellent means of preserving furniture; et is capable of extension in were, and leaf. almost treysund conception: The lenacity of its poils is amogingly great; for a piece of gold. were so of an inch in decimeter well suffront a weight of 500 pounds: The oslows of gold, of all others, except green, is most delightful to the eye - When one of the inspired writers attempted to convey, to man, some idea of the grandeur, and magne ficence, of the new Jerusa. lem, he discovered the high estimation in which

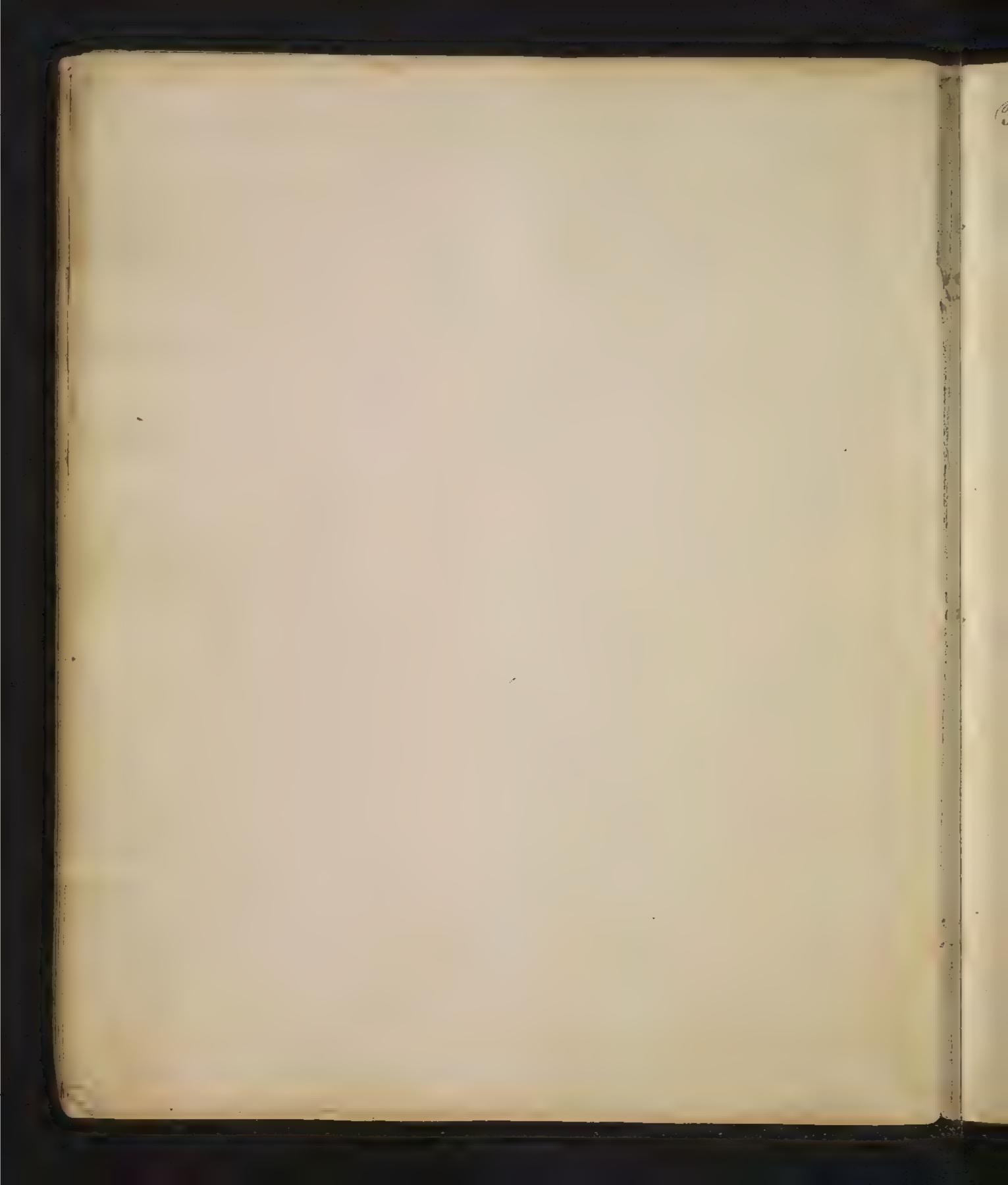
revelations 21. 101.

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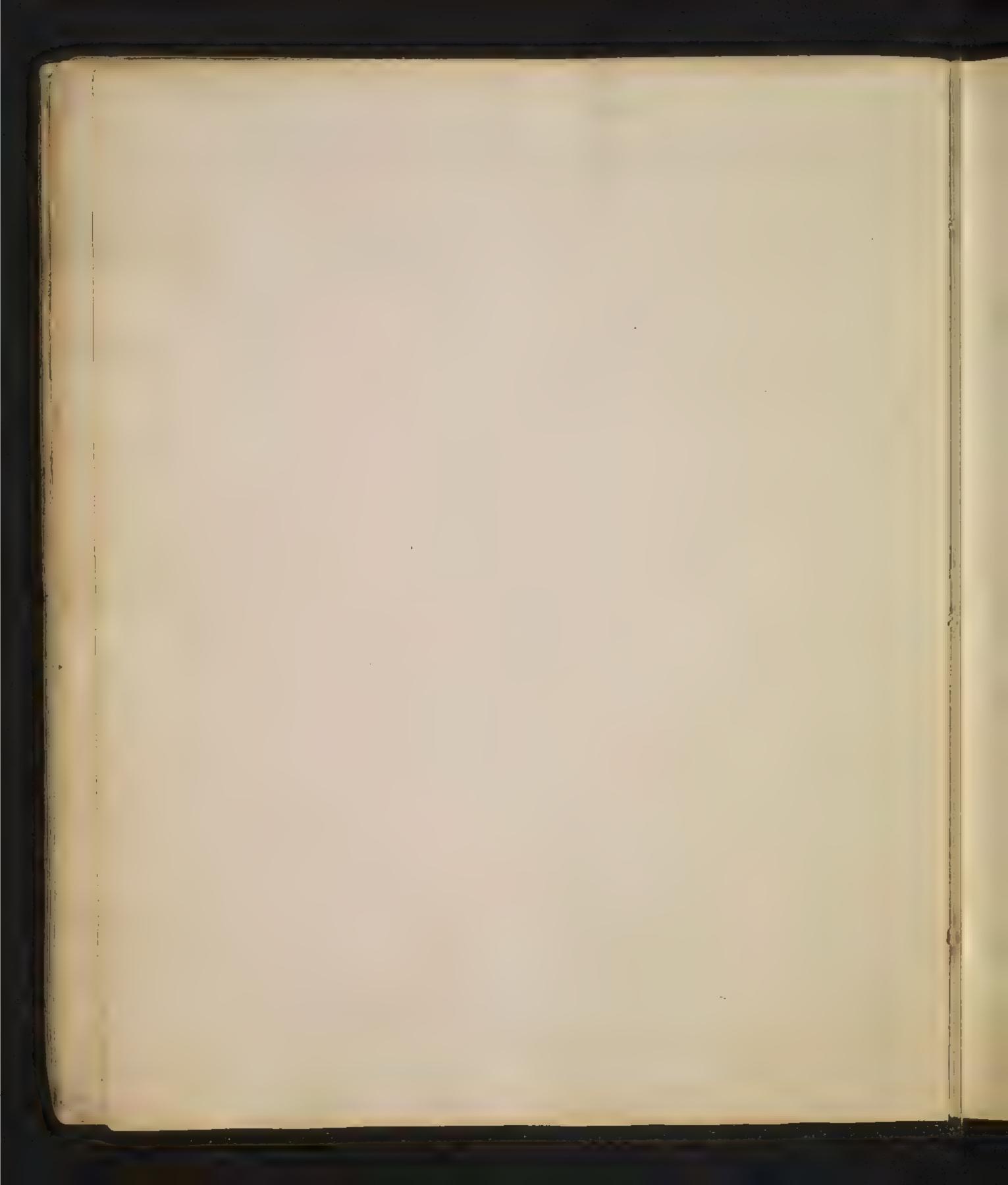
which gold was held, in those days; by saying Though the brief of fampanent for skining in different parts of the world; especially at Brasil a portuguese settlement in South americal It may be metted by a combination of the nitrales and marine acids called agued realso be mode by har sulphuris to has been mentioned, in treating of inflormable bodies. This, next to gold, is the most perfect, fixed, and diretite of all metals. The tenacity of its fronts is nearly one half less than that of gold; a selver were of to of an inch diam! being unable to bear more than 270 pounds. At is found in many points of the world, but, abounds most in Mixeco, and other fronts of South America, belonging to the Sparnards. It Mexico, twenty millions of dollars are made annually; But so largy



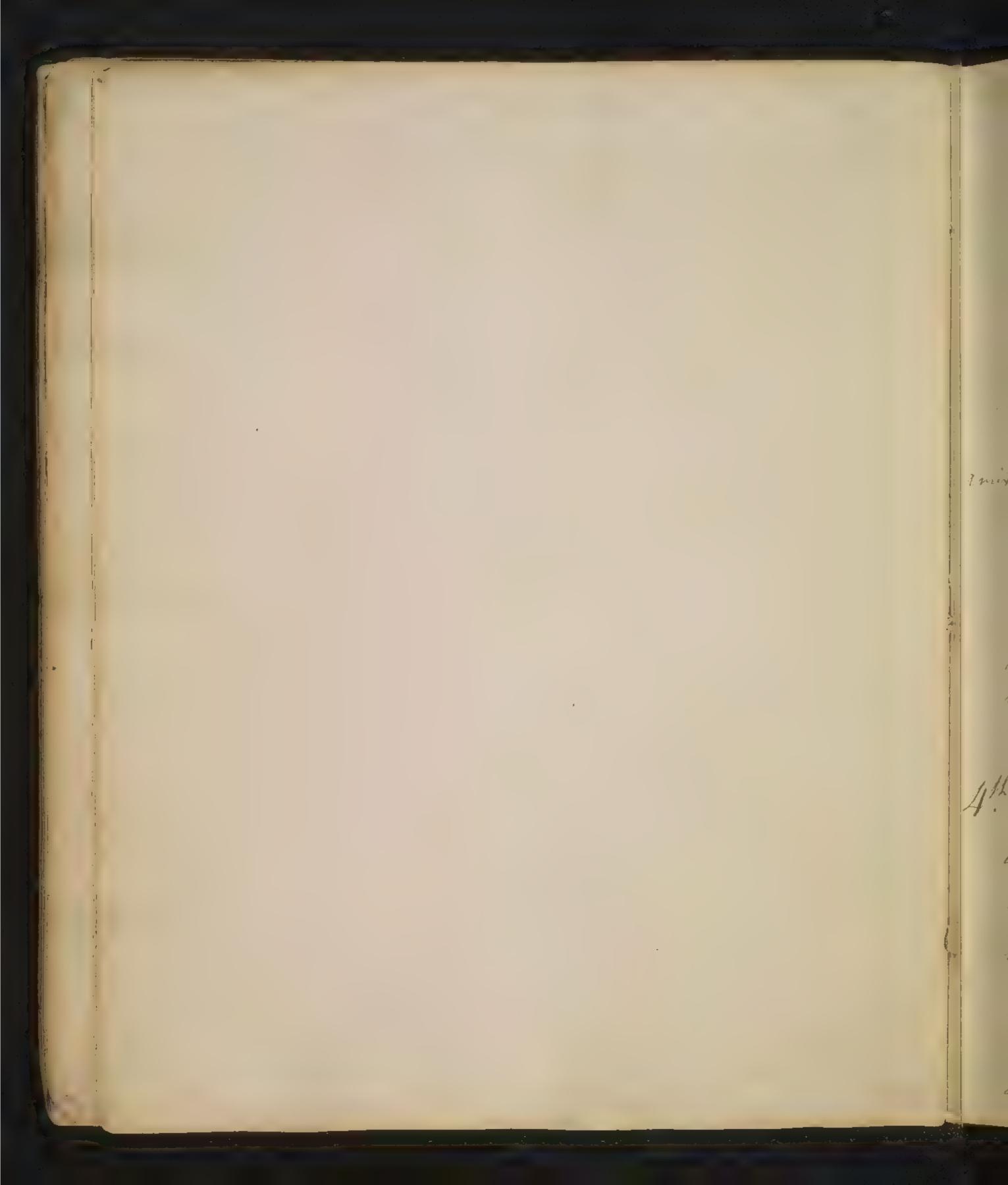
has this reduced ance of wealth pundered the Sporriords, that they neglect agriculture and other useful att, which might furnish them with the mecessary, and convenient, articles of life - hence Their dollars are drawn from them in exchange for the produce of different countries, in Tennsylvoured we find Spourish dollars are necewed in large surves, in purchase of wheat 16. A solution of selver en aqua fortes, called lunar constic, is sometimes used by ladies, to starn their hair black; from red or some other colour not pleasing to Them; but, for this purpose, it is necessary to delite a tea spoonful of the solution in half affirst of water - It it be not cardious. by used, it is aft to corrode the hair; therefore, every person should consider, that the hair with which browidence has covered her head, atthe it may be red; is nevertheless, preferable to a bald head. The stain, thus com. municated to hour, does not continue lang gd



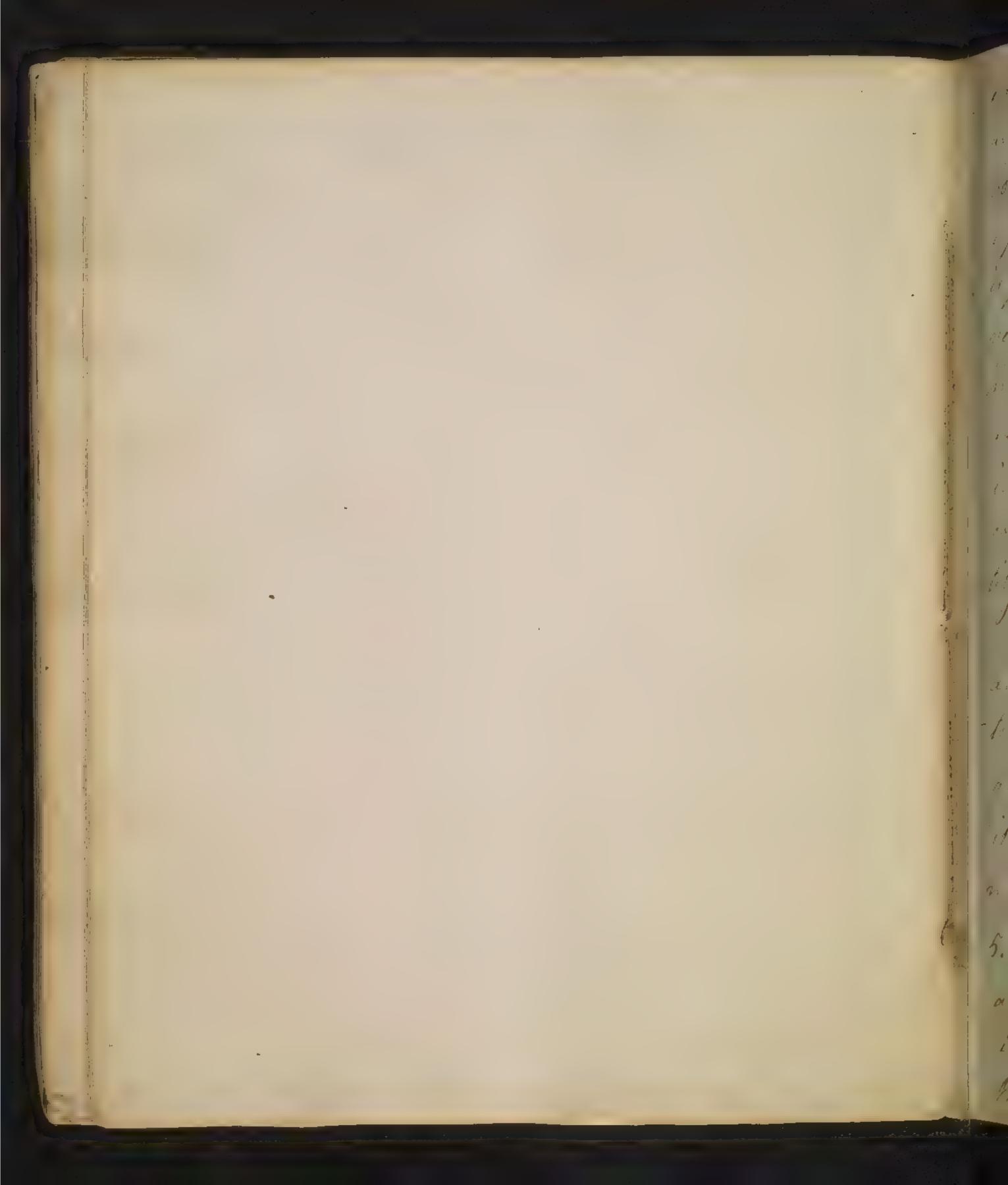
3. Thon is the hardest and most etastic of metals. this metal is of more real service to mankind than, perhaps, all the other metals taken together; being used in making implements of husbandays artificers tools, of all hunds, surgeons instruments, culmany refsels H. Juish of were not there forced to add that it has been early employed, in making instruments of death, to corry on wars and bloodshed; but, since there things must. be for a time, let the friends of humanity nemember that This is not always to the The case; and, with pleasure, look forward to The time when swords shall be turned into blough shares, and spears into priming hooks, and nations learn the art of war no be very menters as may be known at any woon works, where this metal is used in tasteng pots &. At Carron works near



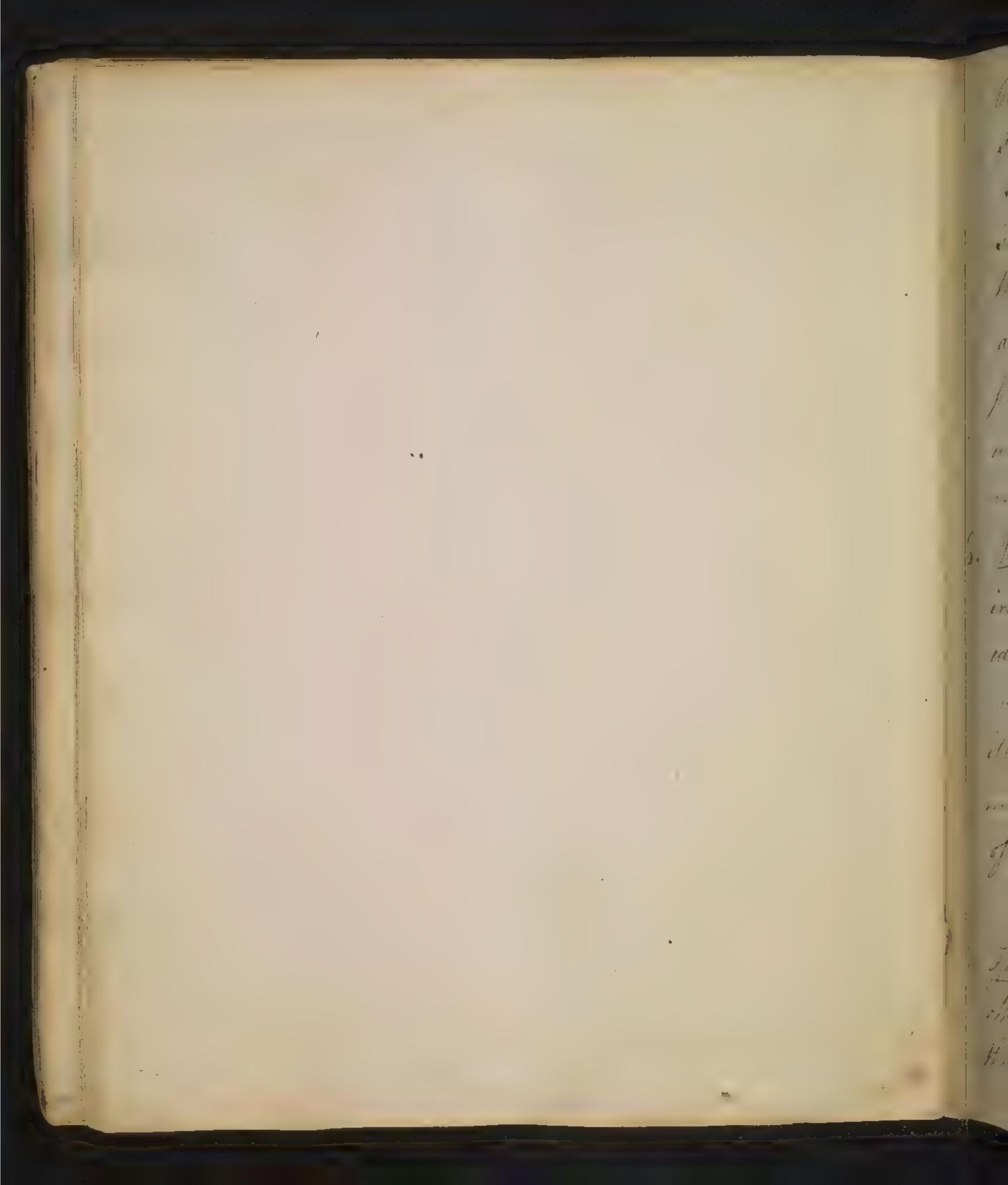
Edinburgh, in Scottand, while the metal was preparing in a neservoir, one of the propositors ascending a ladder to took into The reservoir the brilleancy of the flame gave him a digginess which occasioned him to tumble in headlong; come francist immediately ran up the ladder; hat could percense no appearance of him, so that he must have been consumed in amomunt the deeds not upon iron, from this, by the application of water olic and, green vitriol, or reppendes is an ade, which is to use fue en dying Astrongent negetables, and water imprograted with wow, que a dach colours hence, the only Things med we en wexterny black, are, astrines gent, negetable, as white out bath, or galls, with copperas, and water- their inh is made - thater acts who wood and rusts it



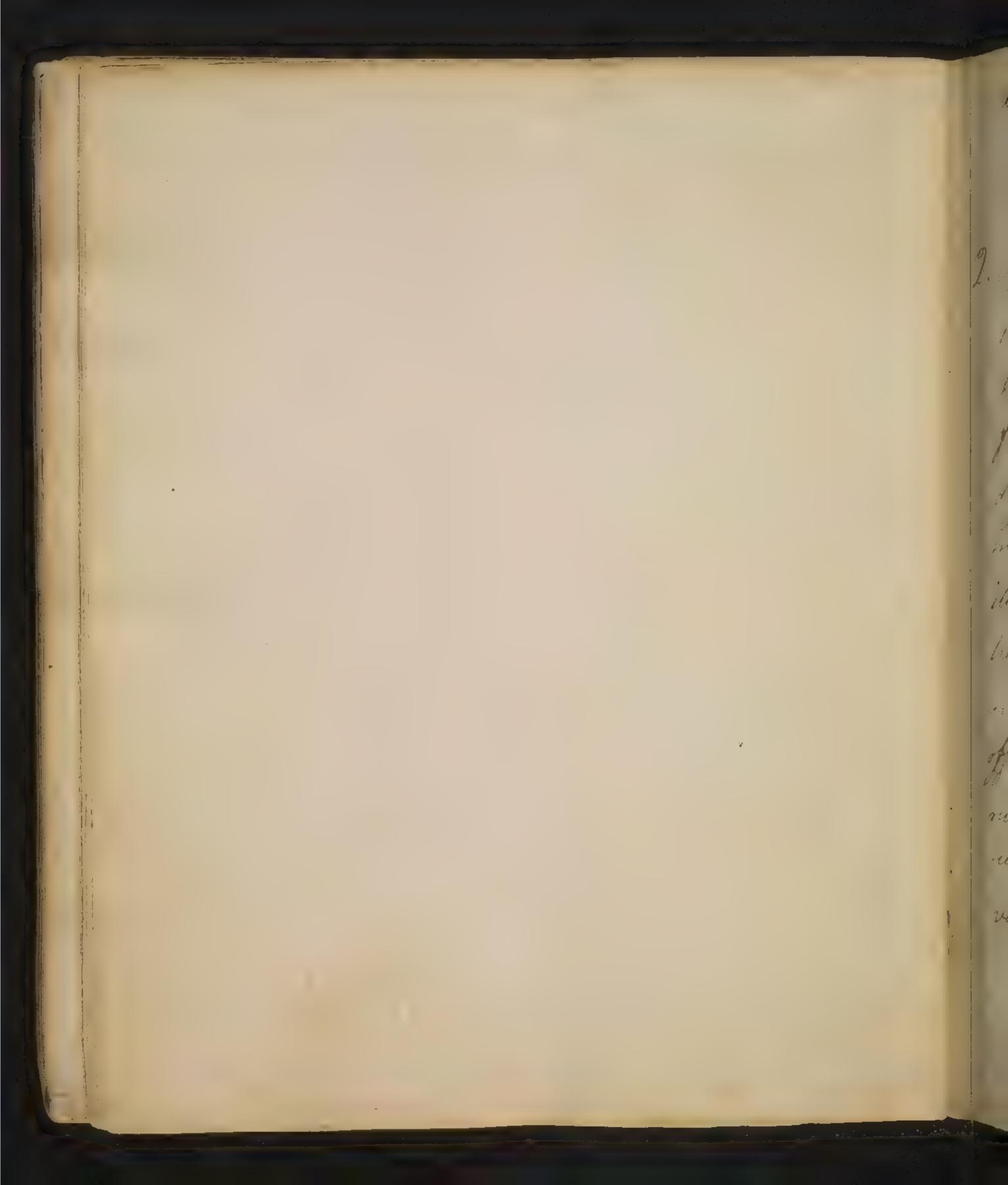
From contains a large quantity of philogeston; in filings ealth fire on touching them with the blage of a condlet hence fine is so easely procured from steel by percuficon with a flint. It of found mery where's OHI abounds in different frants of I. I hereix and is exported in large quantities. At is diffused in amounts and immeditables; ever honey contains some of this inclosed Anistroff filings and sulphur, moistined with water, and prefied down dose, in a few bounds, expands, and grows hot; and, of the quantity is large, burits into florence of on, by comentation with inflormable multers, in hibes a larger genantity of phlogiston, and becomes much harder it is then called steels 4. Coppler. This melal metts by heart - all access act upon it as does water, or moist air with witnoted acid it makes blice vitrol, sometimes called usman vitrol, or blue stone; which is of avery courtie and consine mature, and being deficied in water genes a beautiful blue; by adding a votatile altration, xx spirit of sal armonous, a decomposition



ensues; for the vitrolic acid unites with the alhali and the copper, herry thus seperated; falts to the bottom. My the actron of a regetable acid, as vinegas, upon copper, a porrons untistance, called merdigreau, is formed - hence the danger of using copper ne sels - apper, by The addition of the servirmetal, genthe, heronnes brack, princhtech for by adding a little gent to copper the colour well. incline to yellow; by roldmof more it will be come pale; and by addring a still greater quantity it will at length become white Bell metal; and that for telescopes uncroscopes of. and for outting common age made from a mut ture of copper our d'trois - Copper is not so hard as to shike fire with fluits or other sloves hence! it is used, in preference its from for chifsels, ham. mens, hovfus \$6. in gunpowder works 5. Stad: This metat is easily metted and caluned is called jellow lead; and, by heating it get fund ther, we procure red lead, used in painting.



By adding phlogiston to The cale, in any of these stages, it will immediately be reduced to lead adains thus of to a red wafer, which contains some ned lead, we add a little greare, and burn them, we will procure a little head. All vegetable aceds, act whow lead; and produce a sewest, but poisonous, solution, which is sometimes wichedly used to necover sour wines Iminters types are made of lead and Bunh. 6. Men! This wietal, the ductite in plates, thian iron or steel; yet, is not capable of being extended in wire to the same degree that they are regetable acids have no effect upon it himes its use in covering over the inside of other of tim and yinh pewter is made. Deminetals 1. Jime. At is chiefly used in compounding the other metals. The vitriolic acid combined with this gives white vitriol, which is used in medicine;

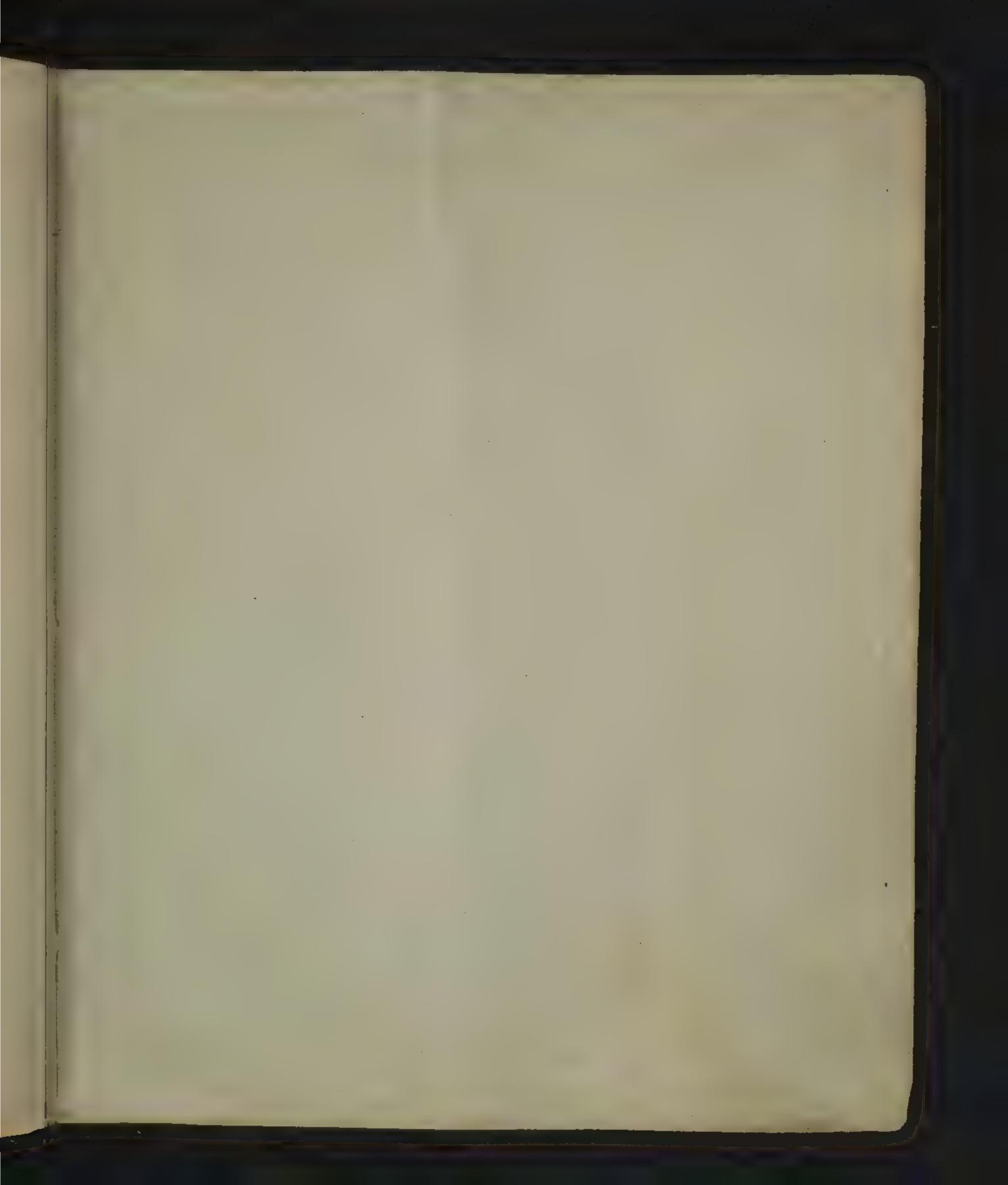


and, also, in francisting, to dry oil colours quickly 2. Mercury, or quicksilver, difsolves in acids of meny prind; but, not in water; mixed with hisfoil it is used in looking glasses to recthat the manys of light - At unites with, or dipolues, all the metats; except wow. Being mixed with any other metal, it still netouns its white colours hence, it runders brass extremely like with selver! - It writes with, and softens, gold is so that a ring may be take of the Junger, if too little, without feling, by rubbing it with quickselver; which will nender so soft, that it may be broken, in several pieces, with a person's fungers.

19:1000:1

13! 120.19

monday the 1th Day work



## The Twelve Signs.

- op Aries, or the Ram.
- & Taufus, the Bull.
- n Gemini, the Twinse
- &B Cancer, the Crab.
- A Leo. the Lion.
- my Virgo, the Virgin.
- 🕰 Libra, the Balance.
- ne Scorpio, the Scorpion.
- # Sugittarius, the Archer.
- 15 Capricornus, the Goat.
- Aquarius, the Waterbearer.
- \* Pifees, the Piffies.

# Multiplication Table.

				` £						_	
- R	2	3	4	5	- 55	7	- 8	9	10	11.	12
2,	4	6	8	18	12	14	16	1.8	- 20	22	24
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6	~	~	**	-	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7.		•	*		-				70		84
- 8	-	-	-	~	*	~	64	72	80	88	- 96
9	-	~	*	^	-	-	-	81	90	99	108
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223	÷	-	~	-	-	-			4.1	-	Ind

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Money. L. 1. d. 9. 1-20-12-4
Avoirdupois Weight.  T. C. Q. 15. 62. dr. 1-20-4-28-16-16.
Troy Wrybe. 16. 02. divt. gr. 1-12-2024.
Apathicarus Weight. Un 122 dr. fee. gr. 1-12-3
Wise Meafors. 7. P. H. C. Q. P. G. 1-2-2-6-2-4.

D. M. F. P. Y. F. 1. B.

of the Glube

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A. R. F. Y.

1-4--40-5\{
Dry Majore.

B. P. G. P. Q. P.

1-4-2-2-2-2.
Clock Menface.
T. R. N. In.
1-4-4-24.

Y. D. H. M S.

Thirty on, south September, Autility June, and November; Ecoroncy both theory-eight alone, All the rest have thirty-enc.

\* Truesty-nine, stiery 4th or lead years.

#### Numeration.

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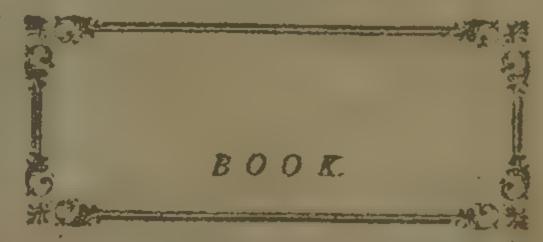
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# Pence Table.

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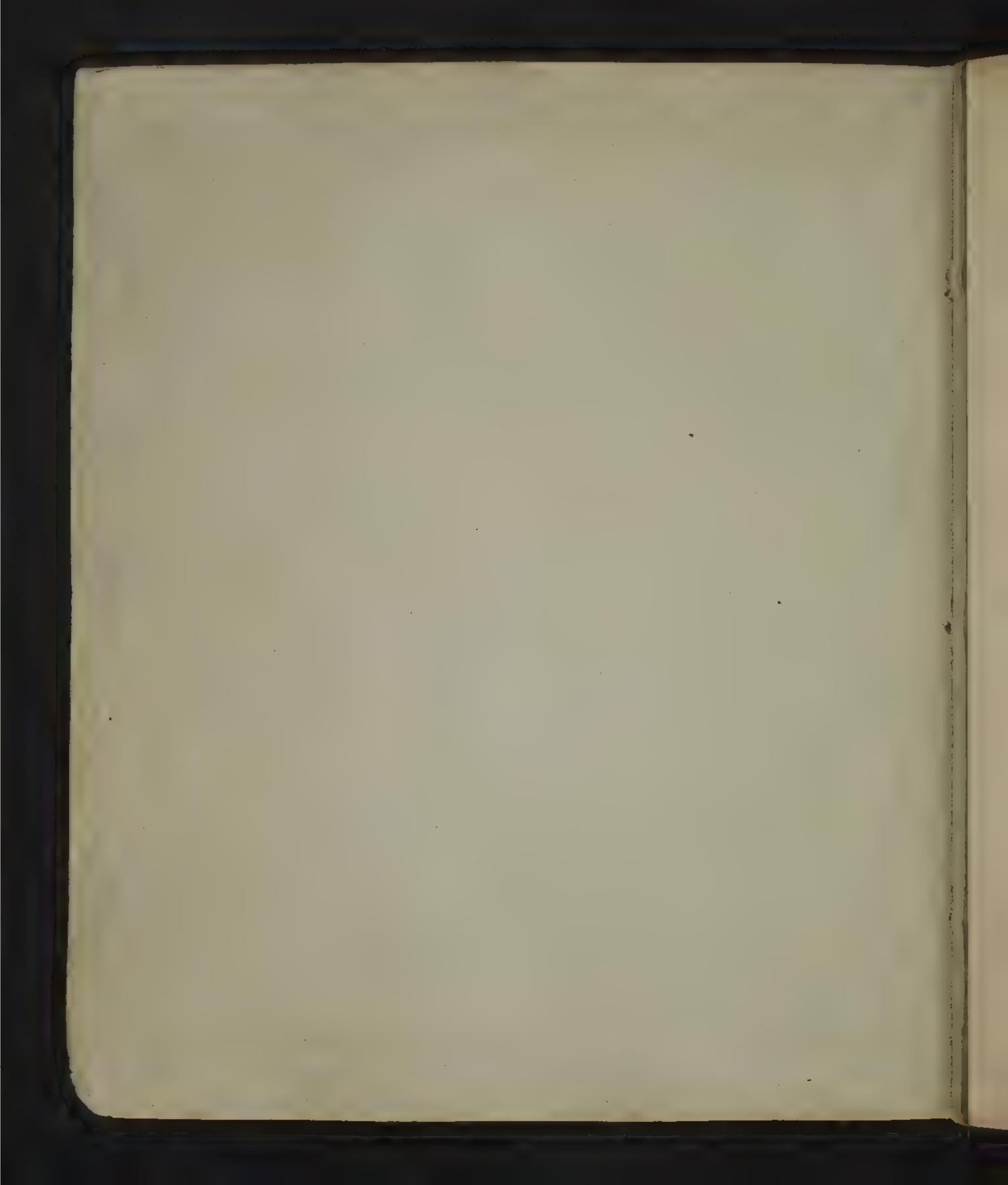
### Numerical Letters.

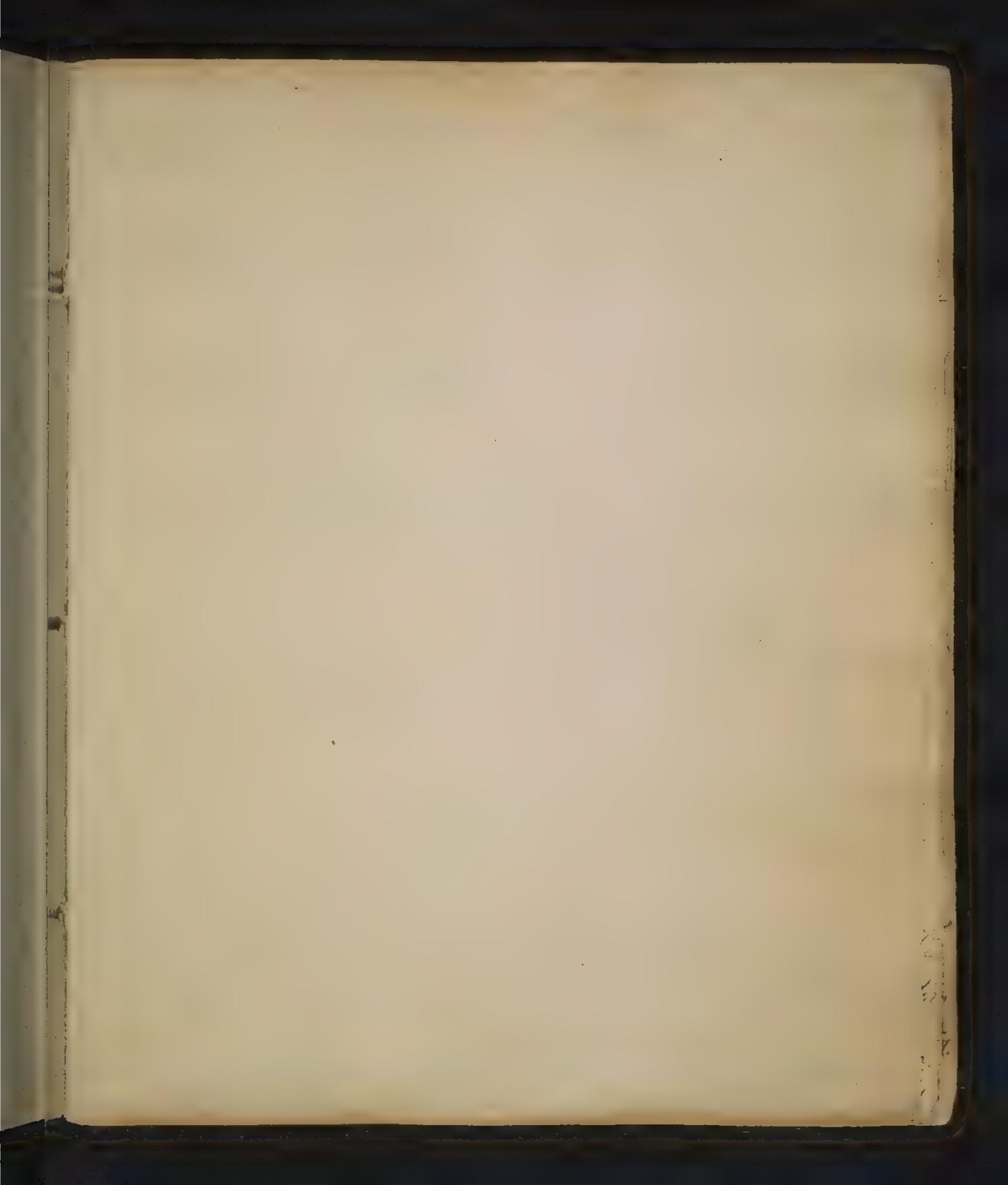
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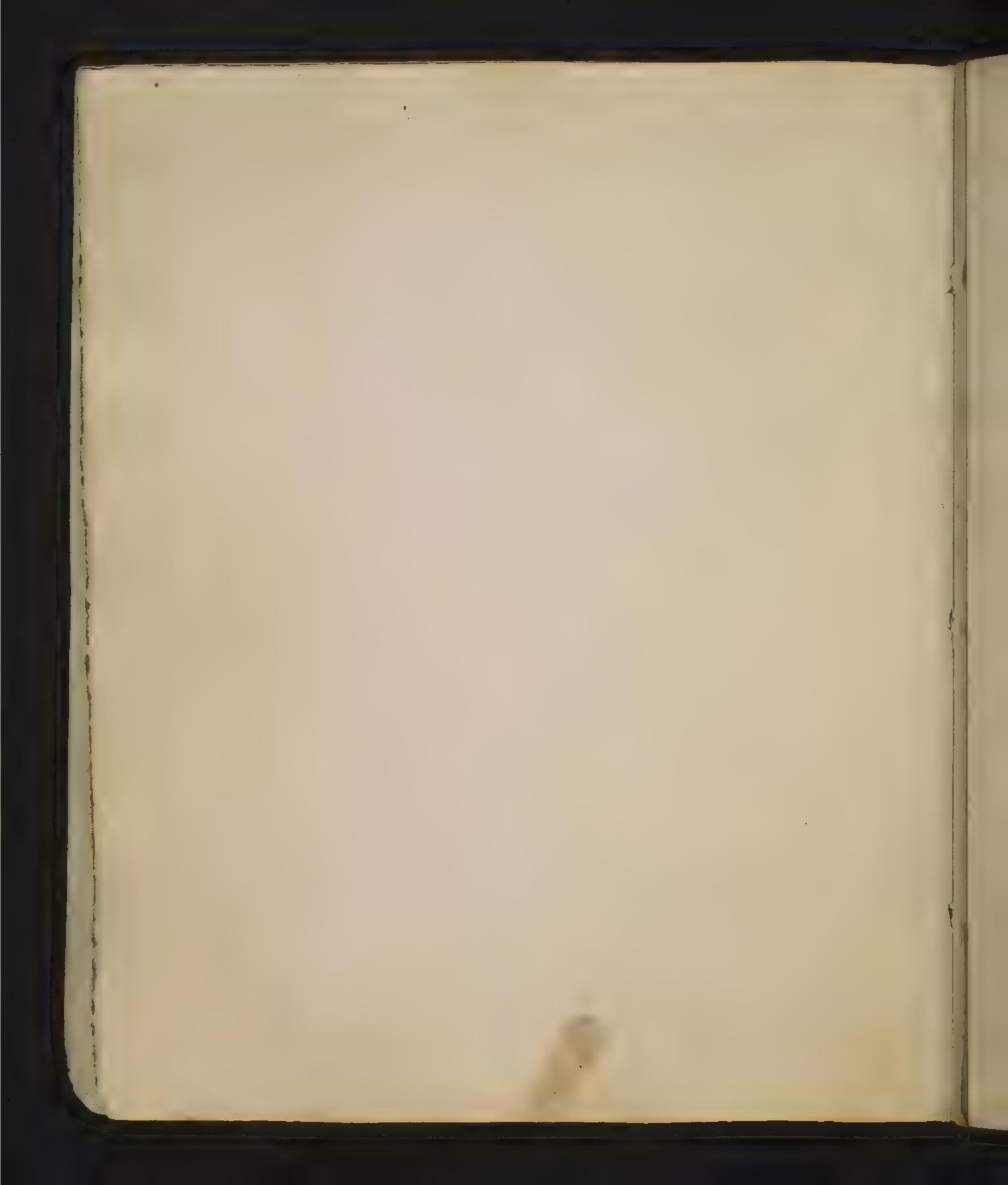


Printed for ANDREW BROWN, Principal of the Young Ladies' Academy,

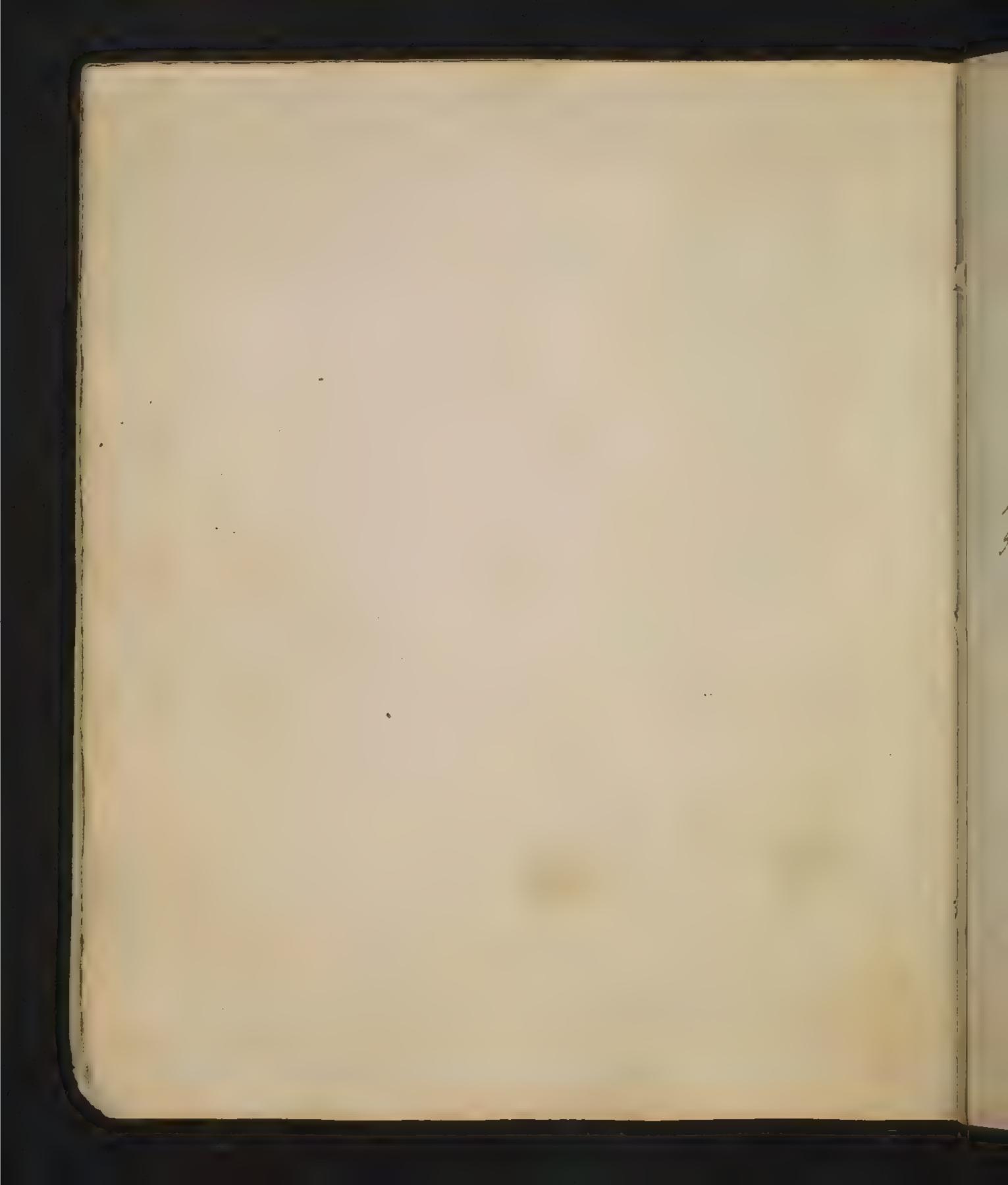
FOR THE OUNG LADIES' ACADEMY, Near St. Paul's Church, in Third Street, Philadelphia. EAR, ve children, the instruction of a father; and attend to know understanding. Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore, get wisdom, and with all thy getting get under- . standing .- Evalt her, and the thali promote thee; the shall bring thee to hollour when thou doft embrace her. She shall give to thinc head an ornament of grace 5, a crown of . glory shall the deliver to thee .-- Prov. iv. 1, 7, 8, q. If finners entice thee, consent thou not .--- Prov. i. 12. To write a free and legible hand, and to understand common arithmetic, are indispensable requifics .- Mrs CHAPONE's Letters. Though well-bred young women should fearn to dance, sing, recite, and draw, the end of a good education is not that they should become dancers, singers, players, or painters: its real object is, to make them good daughters, good wives, good mistresses, good members of fociety, and good christians. --- Mijs Mome's Effays. If your endeavours are deficient, it is in vain that you have tutors, books, and all the external apparatus of literary pursuits. You must love learning, if you intend to posless it. In order to love it, you must feel its delights; in order to feel its delights, you must apply to it, however irksome at first, closely, constantly, and for a considerable time. Pleafant, indeed, are all the paths which lead to polite and elegant literature. Young then, is forely a for peculiarly happy --- Value duly the opportunities you enjoy, and which これできるとは、大きなのでは、これできるというできる。 are denied to thousands of your fellow creatures... Without exemplary diligence, you will make but a contemptible proficiency. You may pass through the forms of schools-but you will bring nothing away from them of real value, -Your intructor may, indeed, confine you within the walk of a febool, a certain number of hours. He may place books before you, and compel you to fix your eyes upon them; but no authority can chain down your mind. That learning belongs not to the female character, and that the female mind is incapable of a degree of improvement equal to that of the other fex, are narrow and unphilosophical prejudices. The prefent times exhibit most honourable instances of female dearning and genius. The superior advantages of boys' education, are pechaps, the sole reason of their Esbicement superiority. Learning is equally attainable, and, I think, equally valuable, for the fatisfaction ariting from it, to a woman as a man. --- Knex. 母人 母人 母人 母人 母人 母人



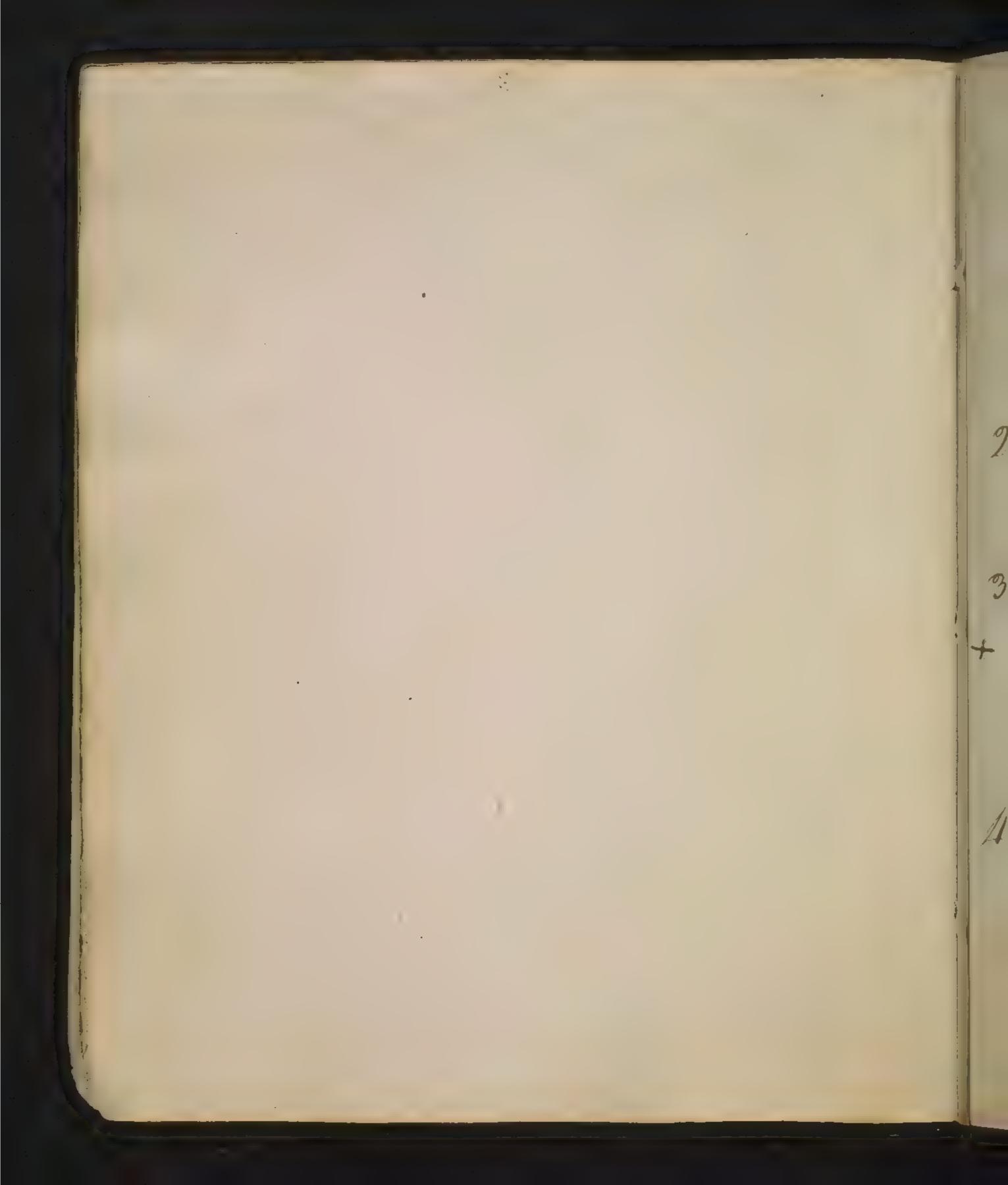




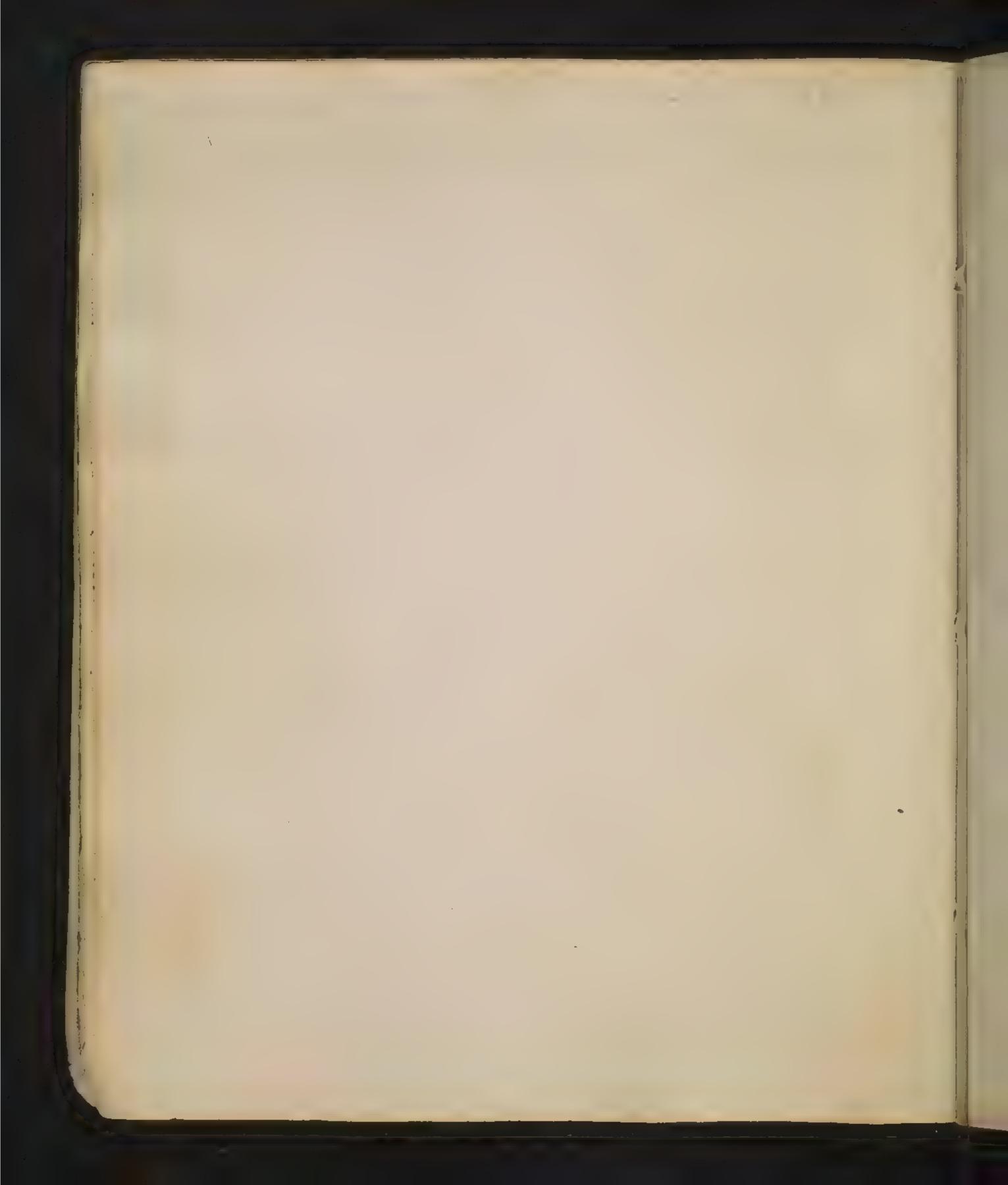
Sectione 7th 1 Un waters. There is but one semple, originals and pure water; all variety in waters being occasioned by impure ties received from a mixture with foreign mothers; and these are visible, or invisible. A. Visible - at certain seasons of the year, after a shower of rorn has fallen, we often prescure The waters to be covered with a yellow scum, and to emit a strong sulphureous smell: this is produced by a yellow powder, contained in white littles and other negetables, which being tofied about by the winds, and carried up in vapour, condenses, and falls with rain. 2. Another cause of the variety of colour in water is sand at the bottom; where water is not very deep, it well appear of the same colour as the sand; hence, the ned appearance of the water in the red sed, from red sound at its bottom



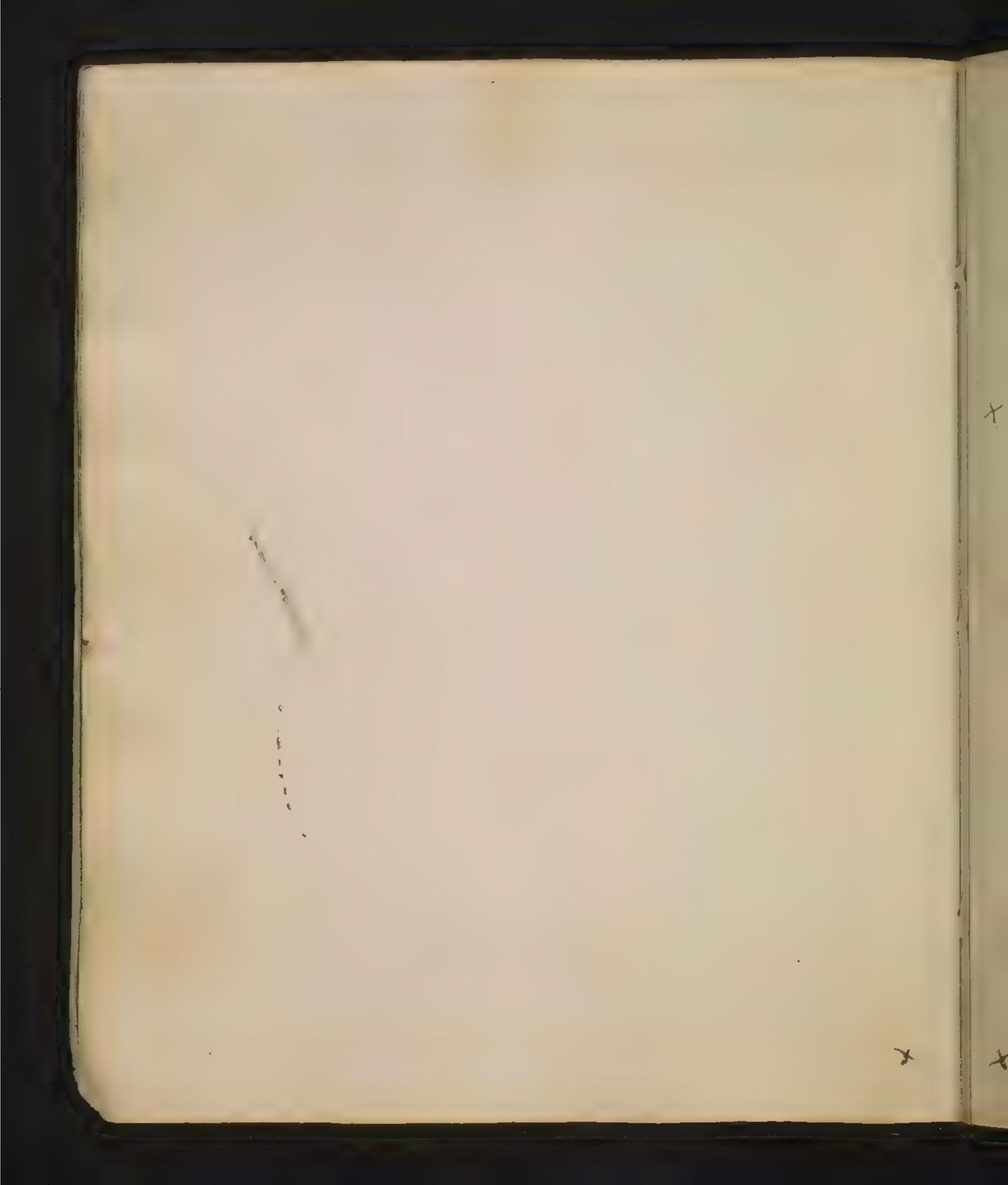
3. Waters frequently receive their apparent colour from a mixture of small animals which are sometimes invisible to the naked eye, but may be viewed by The afsistance of a microscope In won, in his way age round The globe, found a part of the South sed red as blood; which, whom examination appeared to be occasioned by innumerable swarms of small ned animals, mixed with the water. 1. Water neceures a green colour from negetatiles, growing therein; these, in stagnated waters, produce a serviceable, in proventing his moxious vapours from being intalled, and rendering our air four four four being intalled, and rendering our air foul and unwholesome, thus good aires out of evil- or rather, what is a reening evil; is a real good -I Anvisible courses of waters impurity 1. Nalts - almost all accountains contain a considerable quantity of salt: I have extracted no left than two grains of salt from a quart is



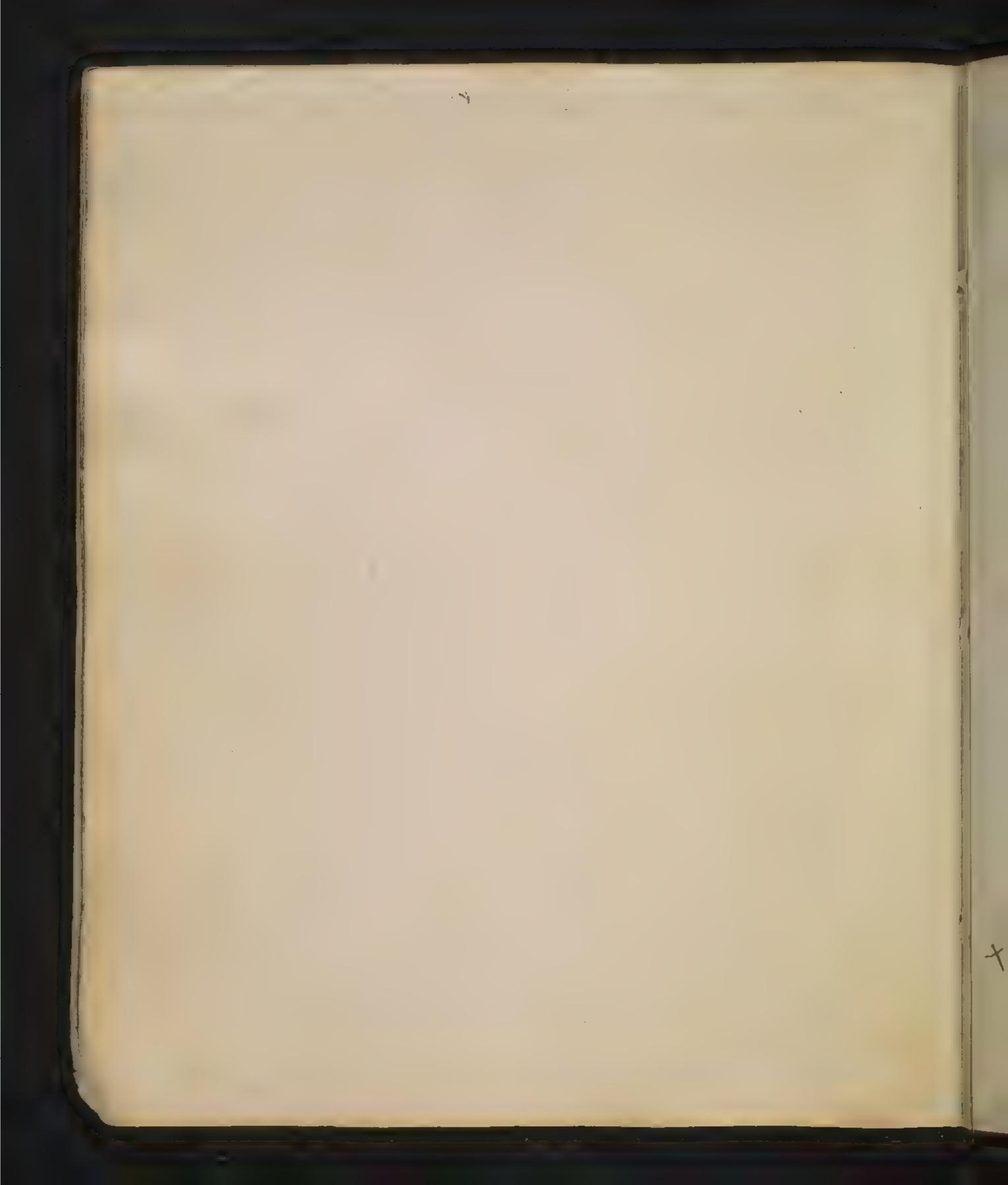
the common pump water, in Philadelphia common salt may be detected in water by luman countie; for, on adding this ingredient, the water becomes smuddy, and a decomposition immediately takes place. The introus acid, of the lun court uniting with the alkaline salt of the wester whomon salt I the munaticaid balcareous earths are frequently the course of empurity in water. 3. Atetats, especially evon, occasion a change in + water. Chalybedte waters are much impregnat. ed with this metal. Iron many be detected in water by astringent negetables, which will change it to black, associatingates. 1. Fixed air. Symmont water abounds with this, and is also impregnated with wow; this water is used en medicine against complaints in the Homach; it serves, instead of years, for bak eng; it has an acid broth taste; during the late war the troops stationed at Saratoga lund



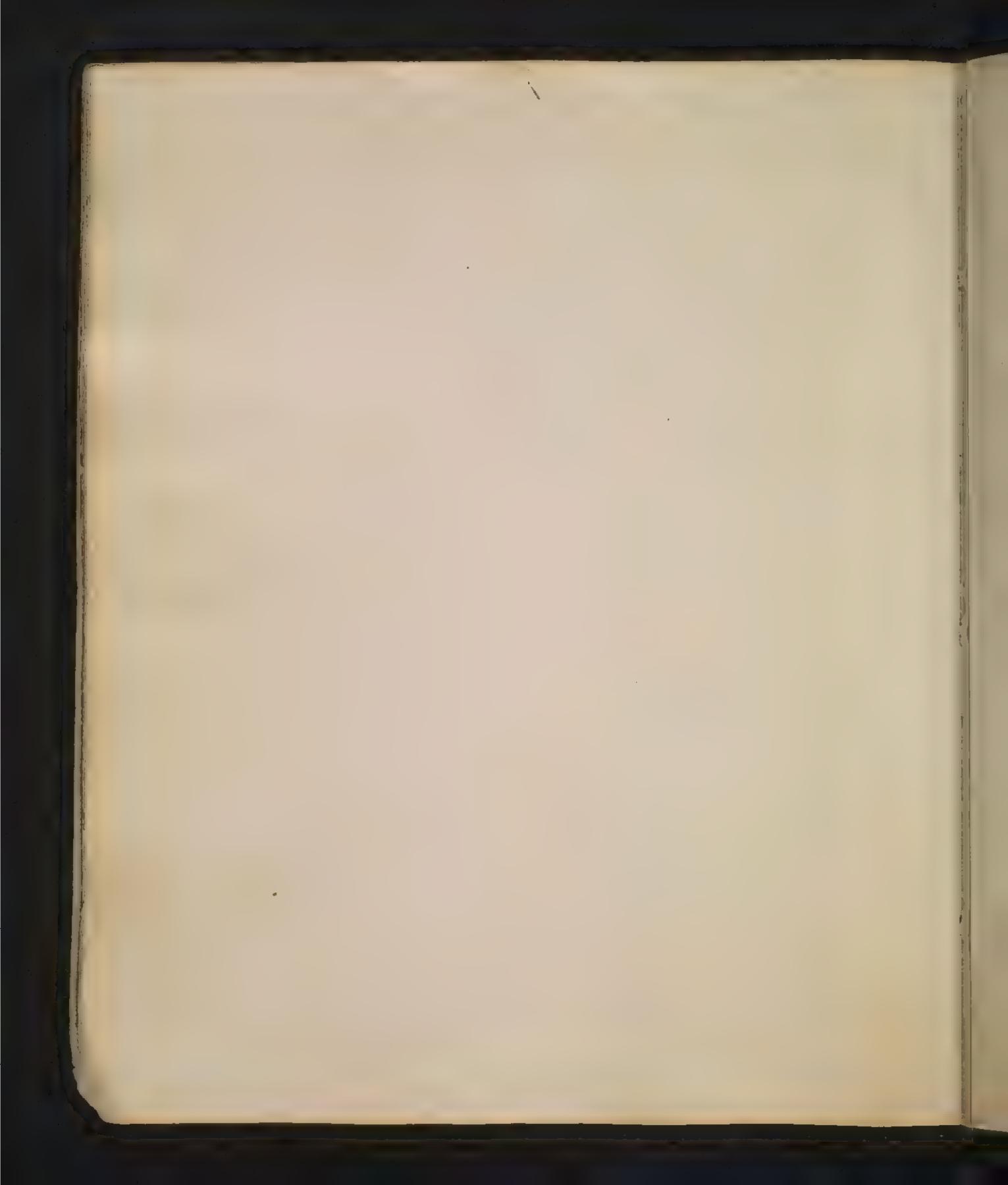
used pyrmout water; procured, from a spring in that mugh bourhood, both for years, and as a substitute for runn, of which they were destitutes they became very found of it, andsit is said; because intoxicated by drinking it Artificial pryrmont water may be made, by adding fixed our to common water; the fixed our may be Alamed from any calcareous earthing this, in a machine, for this purpose, there is a lower point, which serves to hold the marble dust, or body containing fixed air; The without acid be ing added to this, a decomposition, with an ef-Jernescence; lates place; and, the fixed air escapes, thro'd small apesture, into the upper part of The machine, which contains the water, to this it soon imparts its virtue; the apertures this which the our escapes, is so small that no water com pass from the upper, to the lower, part of the machine A rusty mail, thrown into the water, along with the fixed dir, is also of use, to in communicating the taste of iron to it.



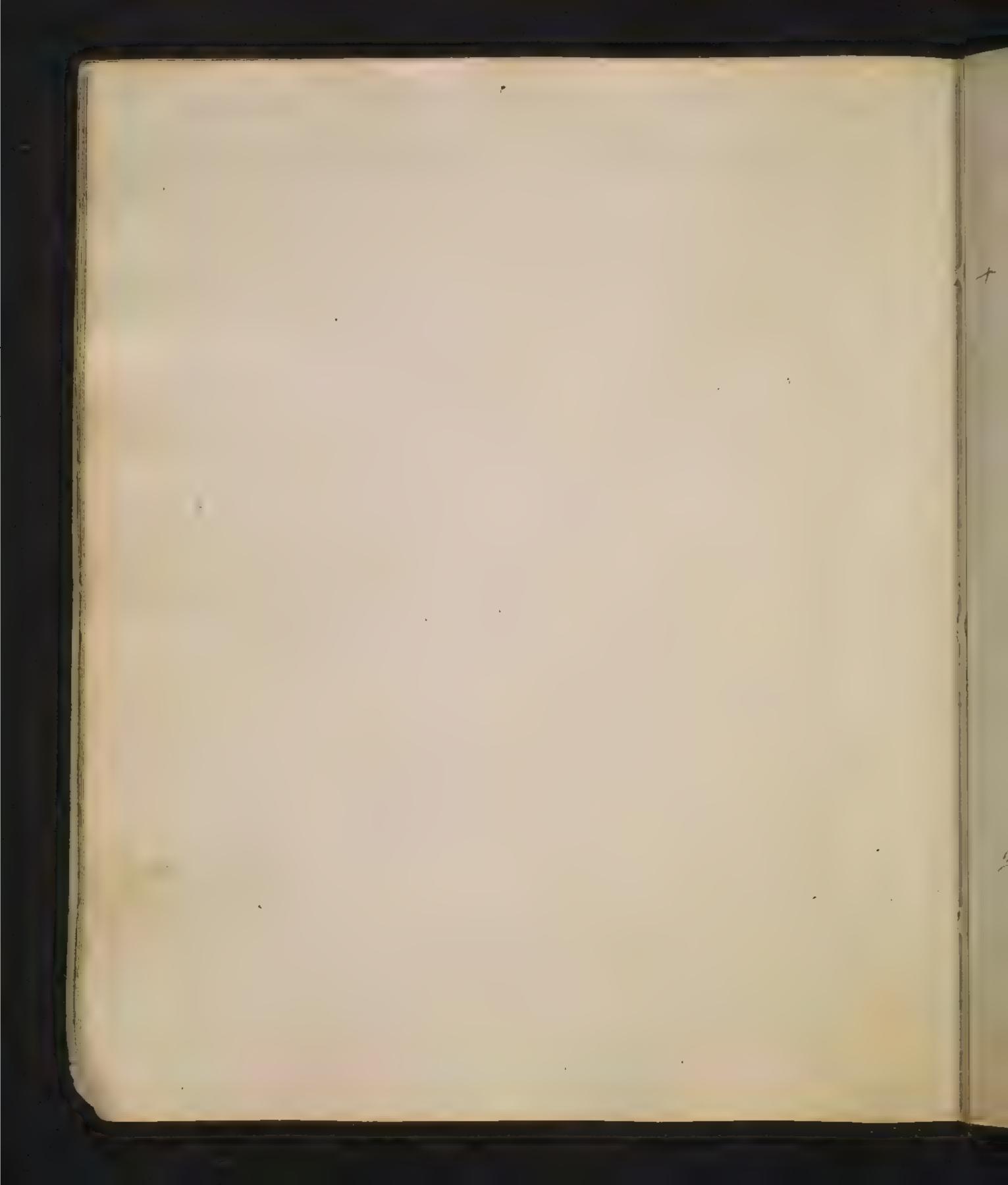
The lightest, and purist, waters are rain, and snow water - next to these is river water, which is better than spring water for boiling regetion bles; These pure waters, being soft, are also fittest for washing; they produce a lather with way, which very impure water well not do: - hence, The purity, or impurity, of water are discoveredble, by means of soap - The same may be hnown by means of a hydrostatic balances which trys the purity \$6.0 water, by weighing it. On wells, or pumps, where the water is suffered to stagnate, it takes in foreign matter and becomes very impure - hence, the water of pumps, which are seldom used, is much worse than that of pumps which great quantities of water are taken - by undergoing a greater stagnation. Vure water contributes much Oto health, and longevity - How pleasant then must be that pure water, of new Jewselem, clear as chrystal 16! which is made mention of in scripture



aurs. 6 1. Common air, of which our atmosphere is composed. and is about Jefty miles in height; of this dir we breath a gallon in a minute; It has elasticity, and weight; every square inch on the surface of our bodies supports no less than fifteen pounds of our this we are enabled to support, by the means of and internal in our biries he resists the pressure of the external air-By the afistance of a hygrometer, we are enabled to discover the moisture of the air; and, by means of a barometer, we may know its weight - there immediately insticate any approaching change in the weather 2. Dephlogisticated, or pure, air This is air perfectly Juced from philogiston, and is the purests of all air: I or 5 of all we breath is perce - This pure air abounds in, and is secreted from vegetables: it also abounds in med lead, and in saltfutie. This pure our gives a redness to the blood; and is extremely exhiborating hence the highest co-



foured blood is found to flow in the views of those, who breath most of this air hencealso, salt petre imparts a fine red colour to hams &. arrival life is five times as long in this as in com. mon air - hence, the advantage, and refrestment, of trees, and other negetables, near our dwelling houses; and of frequently walking in gardens, planted with flowers, and other froignount herbs. So inlivening is this air that, according to Million, Sator himself was, for a moment, exhiberated, by breathing the frame our, in the garden of Iden - The antediturion air was exceedingly pure; perhaps, entirely dephlogisticated; there were then no marshes, fens, nor lakes of stagnant, and putred, water; to unit Jogs, and exhale nopeous vapours - Hence me may easely ac count for the surpriguing longevity of men. before the flood \_ The mew Heavens of which we need in the book of neverations means no more than a new atmosphere; that is one



pure water, will contribute to the health, and pleasure, of the inhabitants of the new Jerusalem-+ 3. In flammable and, This sort of and is extremely tight and inflammable hence it has a tendency to rise upwards; and raises baloons to an enormous height- It is procured from iron filings by the means of the vitorole acid - Fire damps in mines and caves is owing to the presence of inflammable ais; this is capable of henry set on fine by the blaze of a coundle 36, not by sparks - On the contrary, gumpowder, which abounds with test, may, by a spark. 1. Phlogisticated Tour, or air charged with phlogiston His produced - 1st from fine, as in some close room, where people are so ignorant of its ill effects. as to burn charcoal &. without any chimney, or other aperture, to admit a supply of freshous. in such places it has often proved faitat; for

Introduction Jecome now to deliver your agreeably to my promise a fur lectures upon the application of Chemistry - Erat Johnsonsky - midinie Browning to domestie & culinary purposes. - This is an important part of hime, ward absolutely muspary to a physician. It includes many things that are epuntial to the preservation of health, & the prevention of disenses. It bour for its blint the comminue It phuseures of life, and these come involve the knowledge & drivetron of a physician of The defeating for the the They will serve to extend the empire of our disence, & to este enercase the dignity & influence of the Invital Character.

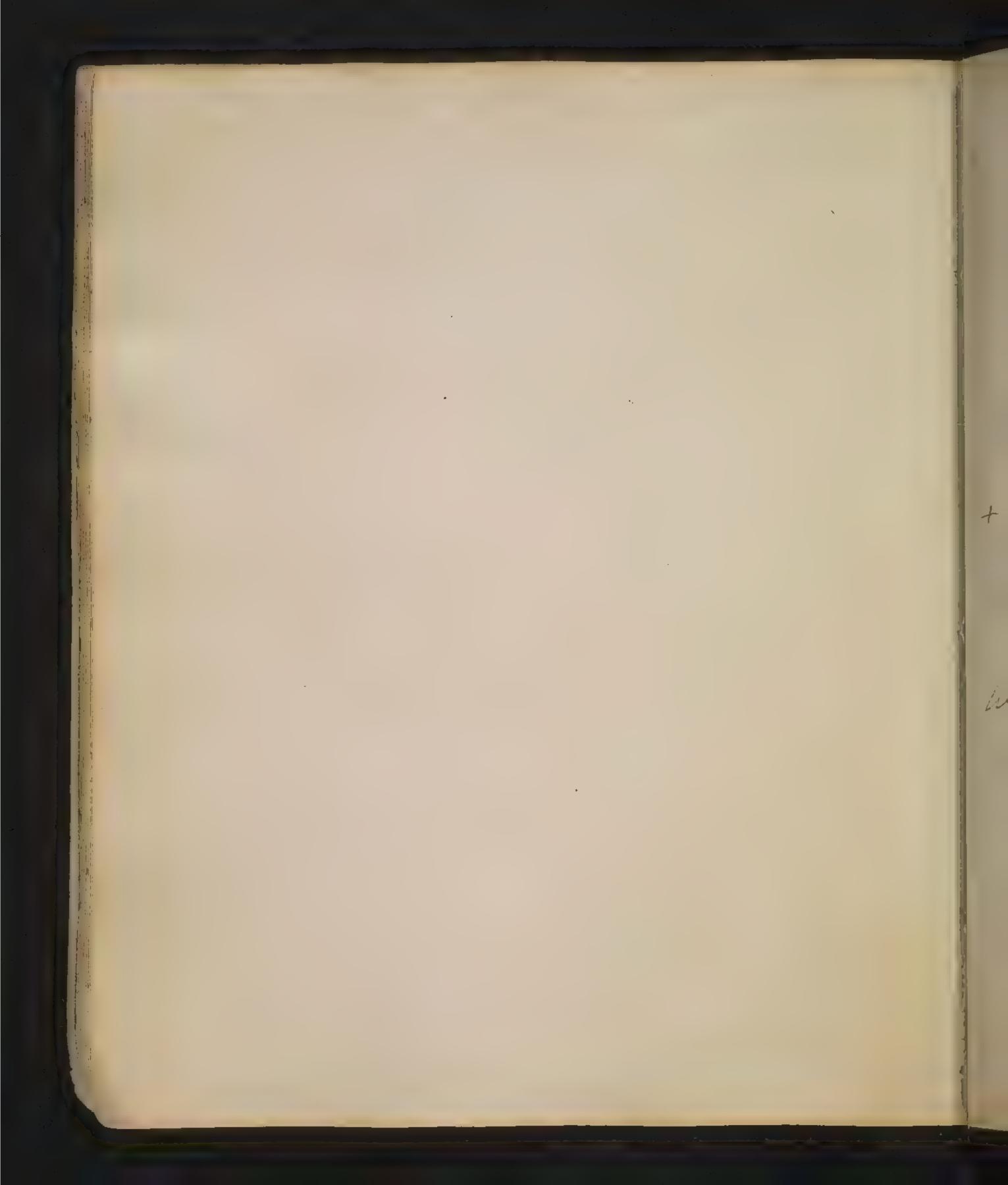
for phlogisticated air will neither feed flame nor support animal life - 2. air becomes philogisticated by the breath of animals; and this air my is by no means safet to be breathed again, until catris. it has been purified, by mixing with fresh air. re S 5. Tixed air, which abounds in calcareous earths, as lime, marble 46. from there it may be repended e, by the witriolic acid- This air abounds also in cellans Hoto which fresh air has no accept it is in. extremely dangerous to go into cellars where this etial air is found a person, going into such places, exter. should hold a coundle before him; if it burns clearly, he may venture in with safety; but nime if it is exteriqueshed, or burns drinky, he should the start back instantly; otherwise; he is in the most imminent danger - a chimney in a cellar ef-Jectually prevents the bad effects of this deadly air, by furnishing a constant supply of frush air In some places this air arises from cares

Man towns originally into the world like the beasts of the frests -but under very diffirmit commentances. The wearings nordered a chetter muspany for him from The inclumines of the westerer, and his grunssons shutres - Abligations - Hinchnations sendered tostimes form - convenience. . be of this Shelter from hut - with the construction and to The first newpities It the I philmpoly of almose, this therefore thall be the religion of our first luture.

in norious vapours: from a fit, called the mld grotto del carre, mar Naples, in Staty, there is a constant exhalation of this air, which inder hills every dog that approaches near to it, nefo for as it sellown more more thein a fort from the current of the ground, it does not nis affect animals that can treath above the etion. height of the Dis. - 60 Upon fixed air, in the charcoal, used inmaking muter gunprowder, depends the explosion produced by its catching fire And it is also the basis of in e the pulvis lubminans, or thundering powder. oply This is sometimes used, in theatrical amusements, ien to produce an artificial thundering 86 JAt is composed of three parts of netret two of the dry gether. If a lather quantity of this powder belaid on an even plate, and slowly heated; it will explode, when it arrives at a certain degree of heas with astonishing molence and noise - owing to



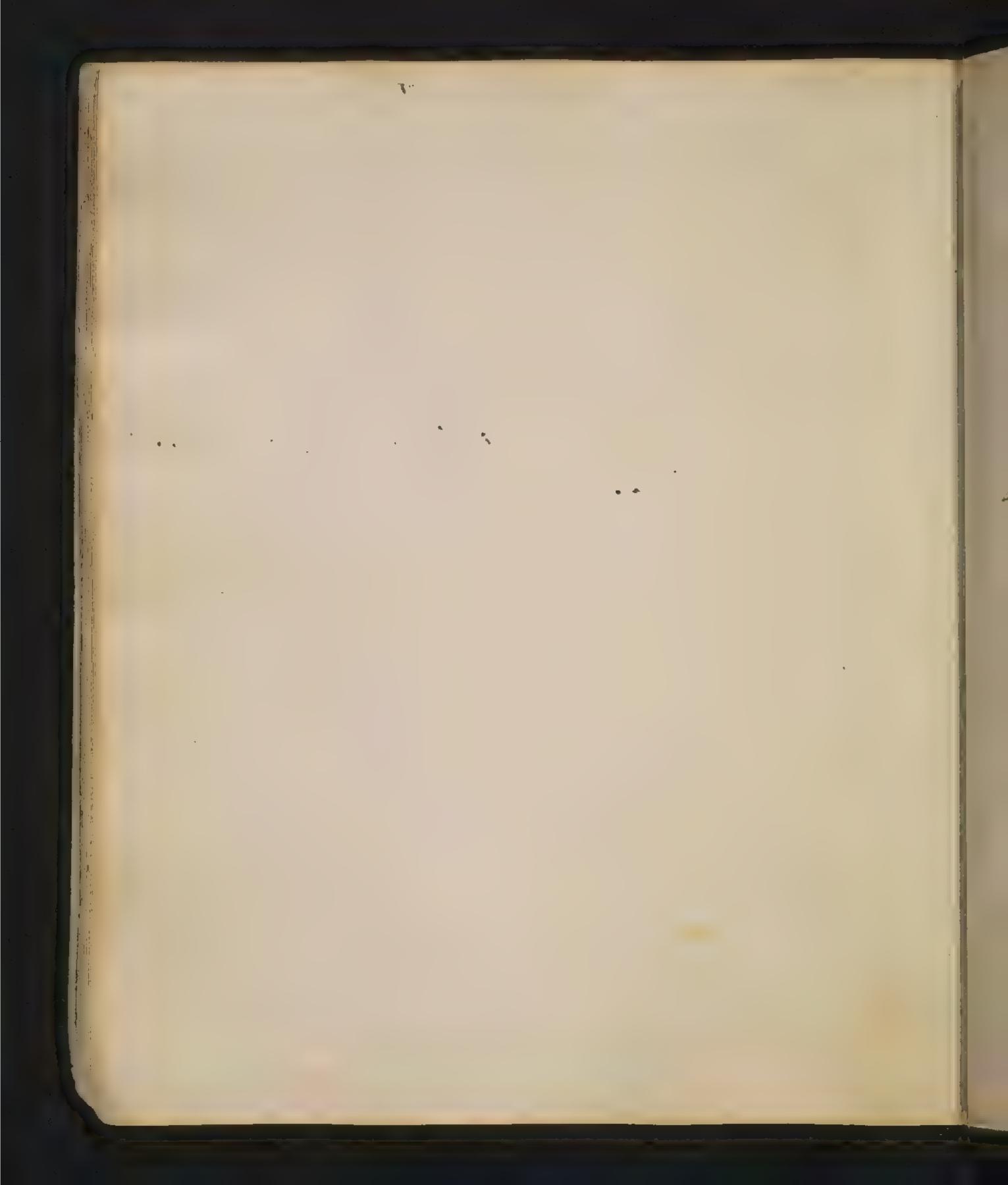
the sudden escape of fixed air, from the alkali.



## Lecture 8th 13

Having finished general principles we come to their application. — Considering how much duty and necessity conspire to confine a lady to her house, its convenience is of great consequence to her. I shall begin therefore fith any anount

+ In many parts of lurope, especially in Great Britain, dwelling houses are, generally, placed tast and West. Me, accustomed to adopt every lumpean Jasheow, and custom, whether suited to our convenience, or not, wehave been too ready to follow them in this; for, however proper this direction may be, in the temperale climate of freat Britain, it is by no means adapted to the extremes, of heat, and cold, which we experience in this country. The most convenient situation, for our climate, is to have our houses North and South; with the front to the Southward; the advantage of such a direct tion, in winter, is obvious to every person - At

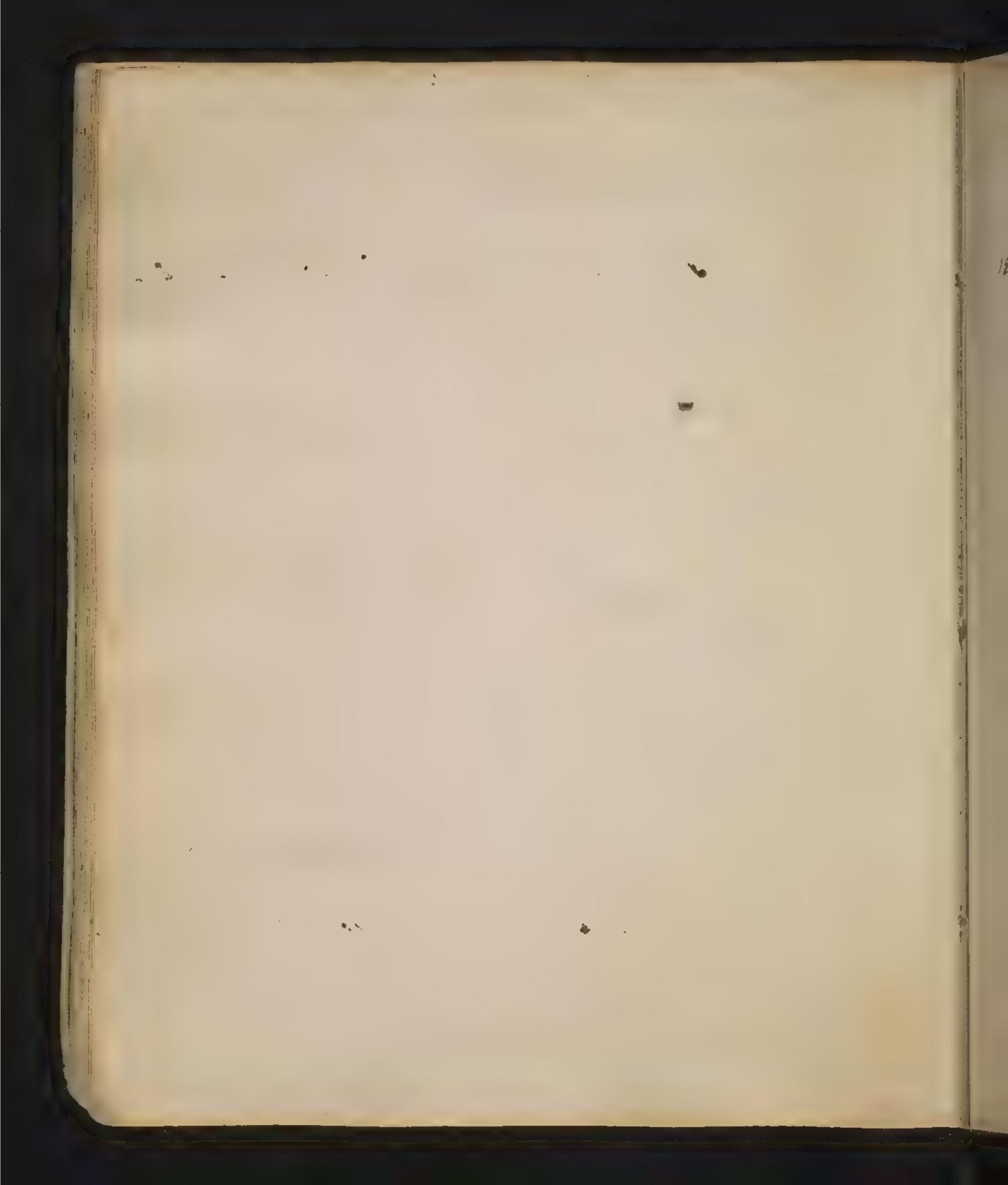


It may be objected that we should be exposed to the scorching heart of the sun in summer; if This even were to be the case, The fine southerly breezes, which generally blow out this season of the year, would more than make amends for the other inconvenience; but the suris beams may be kept off, in a great measure, by awnings from dehalations. Materials. The materials used in building houses, are-Wood, in logs, or in boards; stone; bricks; mud; called in England bob's marble; of there the most fire 46. next is brich 46 \_\_\_\_\_ But, since one great point to be considered, is, how to prender a house wholsome and comfortable; and as this can only be done, by using such materials as may prevent damps, By absorbing the moisture; no material, in their country, is preferable to wood, for that hus pose; it being very absorbent Stone

by the low, be settles on the wait

F Cronded rooms imhealthy is pecially with andles, & why - from phlogisticaled Air:

Stone also absorbs moisture as may be proved by weighing the same stone; both before, and after, if has been it the same many heridacid of brichs; trut it is to be remarked that a wall composed of any of these materials absorbs. most mousture, when neither plaistered nor painted I Am some parts of England &6. houses are built of mud; and are extremely wholsome, this being warmer, and absorbing mentioned. The mid is made into large lumps walled cabe. Cool in suminaes; burnton in wonter. Besides the direction, large rissms are sugar comfortable in winter, the draught of cool air in less fett, having a longer space to act end is prevented. Fillendows and doors are to be placed opposite to each other, to attract a current of air; the windows contrived so as to open both at top and bottom; that, while The heatest air goes out at top, cool air may,



be admitted at bottoms - Every house should have an entry or pressage completely there it, from front to near, of possible. Where houses can be Which walls respel heat best . A shed or progra projecting from the resof, is comfortable during the heart of the day - Trees planted about our houses are of inferrite service; but, if they be planted too thich. They will occasion damps and exhale moxious valours at night; They should also be exposed to the sum - These are useful for the shade they afford; and for the cooling evaporation which proceeds from them - They absorb impune and descharge pure our. Dummer houses, open all around, with sheds from their words, are very heft close while the sun shines upon them? In apartments where there are no windows opposite to each other fresh dir may be admutted by a ventilator, placed in the door, which



is an instrument so contrived as to Jurnish a supply of fresh our while it suffers the impuresor healed are to escape in the high iceling promotes coolings in suffering the heated air to rise above it. It hat staget ate of windows or opining even it.

us. The most comfortable place in a room is mean the chimney; for, from Borg orelock in the morning to 5 or 6 in the evening, there is a curthe morning when wards - This is awing to the air of a chring always having the same temperature; hence its when the air as warmen aboved below than y mir in the chimney, it descends by its weight, but when the air above of below is corder, as in the evening to night, the rin in the Thirmney being lightim ascends A floor of earth, breches, or marble gues coolness-There is a currous fan, invented by Mr Gram, with which a lady may bright herself coot, while witting in her chair, by the motion of her foot any - By might - Matrafies are cooler than beds: Thout made of leather are large; becoure a person may move to the coolest part. to be brot worder drep.

16. White hat in: black or grun liming & I pand.

- herehief in the hat. 2 letting still - 3 /pt of

wine to the cars. If a narrow entry. Bring in

here the directions of the humane Society, & all

to them probletten house fact - recovered by from

the languard want of appetite occasioned by

by exceptive heat & fatigue by eating a naw

Derion.

Bedchambers should always have a chimney, which; our sommer, promotes a circulation of fresh and The chamber door may be left open; but that Than dangerous practice of opening windows is to be strictly quarded against; for they wanted moreious 6- 4 air which arries from Jens, monstres, stayment waters, rog i streets 76. besides the weather may change Kall while we sleep - hence the numerous train of men intermitting fevers Ho. in Shilade in autumn edby Fallers Ihorild Erhenrise abnowns be provided with The promote warmth in winter i thick walls, carpets for the floors &. The fire place should project from the wall; and ought to be small with iron backs and sides kept bright to rufteet the heart - Closets one best they should be hept open to prevent a supply of cool ard coming from them ! Claising the feet above the floor, sitting high, and be

FIt is remarkable that in flimates like ours or Rupin young to the wonveniends & arts that are politiced to grand against the Theepo - I bleam gained in + With all the advantages of warmen the Ottainer from beds covering - & the form of a noon, it is sometimes difficult to fleets. This is occasioned I by cold feet. To remove this, evel Should I either jumps out of bed, & Stand a few minutes on a cold hearth - on 2? Thrust our feet for a few minutes out of bed, or into a cold part of it. or 3 have a dotte or jug of warm water well conhed placed mest to our feet in the bed during the night.

It Sley is privated by an obstruction perspiration comving vest represe & totoing from Side to Side. This discarse is called the Cruels. It is cured & Meyor Obtained, by i immying the room, orling Exposing the bee cloathe to

before the fire; also to have screens behind our ing chairs; are all serviceable to promote warmth. 202 Az + At The side of the fire is the coldest place; because of a constant supply of cool air coming along the walls to The fire - In France they keep a large quantity of ashes on their hearths, which 72 netain the heart - By night, a blantiet under the sheet, and a hed for a covering are thistory prejudicions should not be too close if used thistory prejudicions coursing is to trooth the gamelais il at all is of fire in our bedehambers is hable to this inconvenier that it falls away en the course of the might when the and tee gets cool, and we are very outst to cathete coldit + Bring in here places - 25 Cel flows. ud) The places, as how here guentioned already, ought to may the heller diffuse their heat to the distant from to of the moon. Stoves are open, or dose - The open stoves here

the air which have been filled with our proposition fills - as in moramotion free principality of Jonetimes from the previous. : ted by anxiety of mind, or a Sucception of new Subjects of reflection. In this case, it is to be Sought for i by contining the attention Steadily for Some time to one Subject or 2: by Counting 100, or 200 beachmends, on 3 by think friend. - go to Vois 3, 150. - pris regetation - fruit - bread be baked in them specify to quat advantage. - Fear het Eles livited on. or in them by first pering the translittle on of the water a Is worked or two of water antient heat and end tensible.

are the Franklins, and Rittenhouses; these are excellent for reflecting a much greater degree of head, than could be obtained from the fireplaces whether bred with clay, bruchs, or plates of wowbesides, that this superior dequee of heat is obtained From a rough less quantity of fuel. place stoves are of various suges Hourstructions from The 16 plates - The timplated stones have a sort of oven in their upper fraits, in which working of essent hindsmay be performed - There are more uneful was thou any of the others; for a ... greater heat is diffused by them, tho, at the . some line, 3, or 6, of the feel well suffece-Thus it is that the industrious ejermans in this in he sound of a life from late to sof fire wood - There is a preculiar advantage attending the use of classistoves: and that is, - a pipe, or furnel may be carried across a mom, into an adjoining one, or through the cultury into a bedchoember, or other apartment, above stairs, any of which it will warm sufficiently

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+ It has been semanhed by Itrangers that they suffer more in our writers in thelad? than they over duffered in the winters of Chuada, or even Parpia. The reason is plain. In these cold Countines, provision is made by firs - & stones against the cold. In our date, the extreme cold weather is godoonort a duration that we neglect to quand Ornselves against it by duch convincences. I entertoining large come kinning in our Country. - They cannot be heated without there so as to be safe or comfortable. The Somer thirefore They are adopted the better. . . + p:27 The fewel used in this country consists chiefly of Twood. Ficeogy of Oak are chiefly em. - played for this prospose. The best fries are made of this cory, beath and it is said there is most Dearway in burning it provided it is not too Dry. To provent this, it should

It has been objected, that These stoves afford a disagreeable and inwhotsome heat - I am indula) ced to thunk the contrary - they are certainly uneful un deffusing warmth to every part of a noom; and cannot prove injunious, where they are not over-heated, and, where there is a funnel to emit the heated air; the Germans, 3-who use there throughout the winter, are observed to be a remarkably healthy peo-ple - outjectory strong strong chimnies. to Dyspepsia from to much labor be a Vigetable diet. ud. om Inopy chimneys are extremely disagreed ble try smoke inflames the yes-darkens the complexion 2000 and hurts the temper - At stains the Juniose time, cicling, and walls, of la house. Amohe has some weight and well not ascend easely, unless carried up by rarefied air - hence on dull foggy days, in winter, when the our is condensed, we see smoke, instead of ascending, friquently rolling about in shiggish clouds. hine

not be kept in a Celler, if punchased row the promer. Hickory him are menting ne - cepany for the purpose of cooking to advantage. Thet hickory is aft to throw out thanhouto prevent this - take case that the log inis on the fire on fuch a munner as to throw its Thurs who and & downwards worky - for the thind which recasions them comes from between the bank and the brood. for making a wood fine - Contiguity -Convexity - & concurrity are all three recepany. Where they commet be Otherwise Henined - Izwall prieso of iron thrust in be treen carbifreice of wood has been found 25 bie very noeful. .... An iron ben is worked in haveneting the nothing of the stood on the + Hand = isono . ... The warmest & most agree able fire is made of a mixture of brood and large couls. This mixture is particularly uniful

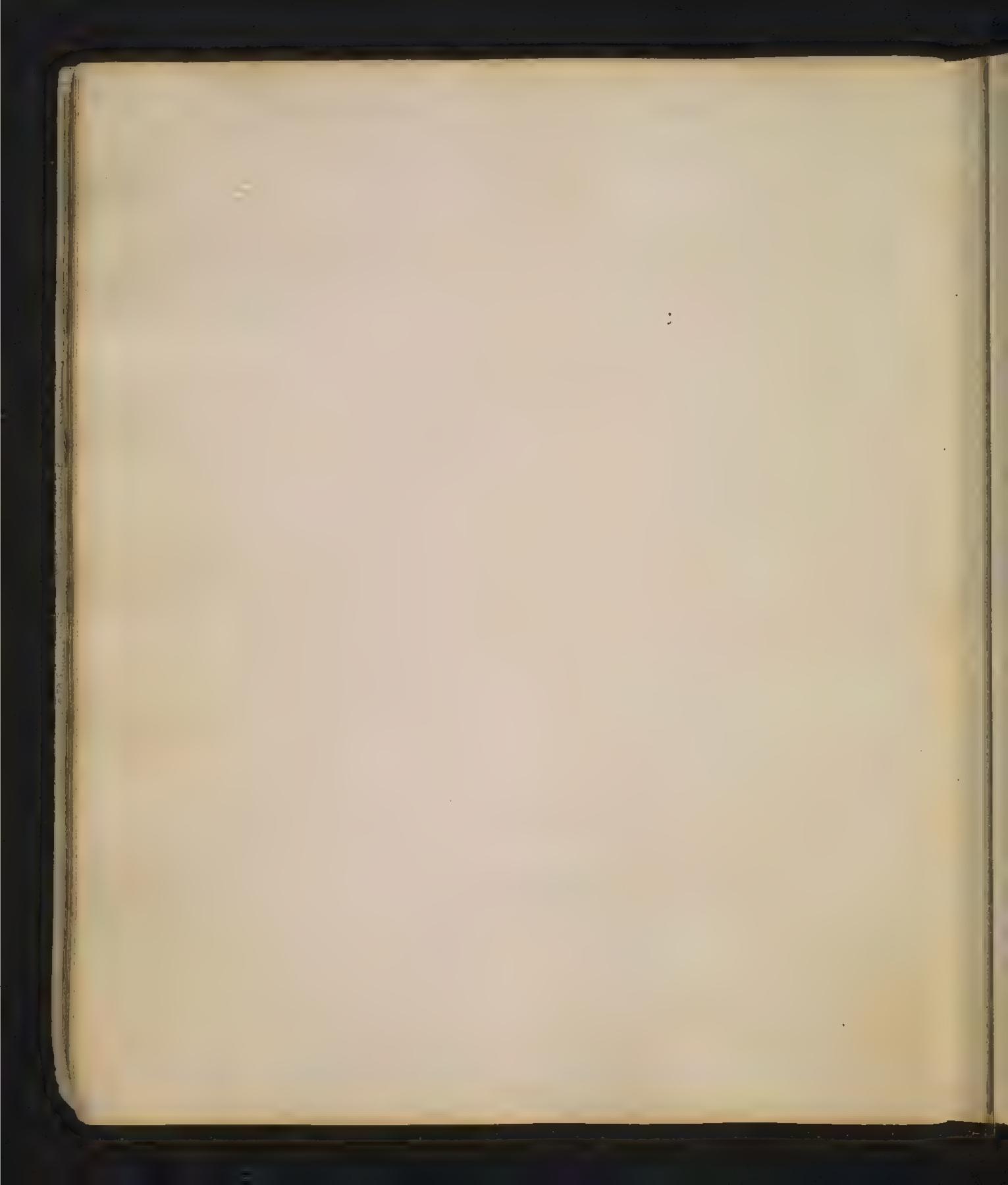
hence, also, rooms are sometimes among before the fire is completely hindled; but, a large fire hurries it up, because of the rearified our its 20 tage heat produces -To Amoke is occasioned)-1. By min protesting mew houses, preventing 02 its the access of a sufficient current of our; this, in the Europe is cured by a ventelator, or moveable pane of glass, in the room door, which ad-22. mits a sufficient supply of air. 2. When the Junnel, or fire place, is too large, the air is not sufficiently rarefeed to carry up the somother - It should, Therefore, be contracted to a proper size; the best method of discovering This size, is to take a piece of prasteboard The heighth and width of the fire place; by closing if with this, and cutting a small hole my the pastetroard trial may be made whether el it will then draw or not; if it draws the soge

in Cooking . a Im, or Steel funder Should be used to grand against the danger of the fire stalling or Spartes tying into the room after the prie is raped up at tright. Fire in a norm or of clockton how extinguished. By stifling it - faitat Sen comme by maj Theene. Houses made cold by fices being growed, & commeting prime externs - heme partons over Cellers 10 cold. gruies 1h? be pland close, & latte Is between each que below - It over it plaster. V Shall now a Do a few directions to prunch within disapresable or jatal of tolde heat on the boy at in all places. underlo-lamap-bolater - Just Van Dyles 13?

is obtained; if not proceed to cut away more of the pastetioard untill you have gained your end; and the contract the fire place to that size here it is to be observed, that the width of churnings is to he rearried; in proportion to Their heighths - Therefore, chimneys in upper rooms should be smaller than those in lower rooms asthery are lower 3. Shortness in the Juniel often occasions smokes if the funnel cannot be easely lengthened, conm tract its weather 163 A. Two chimneys, where they communicate, are often smothy; there not being a sufficient current of air for both - In this case, one of them must be closed altogether: 5. Pops of houses, or a hill; rising above a chim ney, turn the smoke downwards by the wind blowing Louise whom it; as a cure for this, a turncap covering above and on three sides is

5 The fast of The aus. \_ 2 Heat - 2 look-flowing drep - 3 white hat - hining met in contant wit-on hund kerchief in it. If Ip of Wine to the cars of lating meat - walking down while. mokittenhouse - Machinalinging. prannspoliturium - fresh air - erst to strong a Corrent - The hystim west fortified by the during use of the cold be the. + In or furnis day the heat in " coul's Consch London nears 62 - in the a common Louise 70? - 75 tim the shade & 80 inthe fm. In-osely 10: 43.

But a better method is to raise the chimney where it can conveniently be done! 6. A door placed too near a chimney gives too + great a supply of unrarified air; which causes the smoke to be thrown about the reson - The -027 door should be moved, or, at least, the honges e to hill. + 7. Smoke from a stack coming down here a steder will be used to close it intirely + 18. It will be found, for the most part, that the smohing of chimneys is owing to their being carried up narrower near the top, than below; or grang, all in angles - If a tapering chumney be very high, it is ten to one but it will smoke-The air in theresame being rarefied, is forced into The firmet fire chimney, and receives from the fore an additional force to carry up the smoke. Now, it is evident that the higher the smoke ruses, the less is the force that drives it, the



slower it must move, and consequently the more moon it should have to move in therefore, a chimney should be carried up perpendicularly and rather wider above than below. of The in chimnes. lucry prudent person, well indeavour to present This, by howing his chimneys frequently firefit. wh and down the chimney, by means of wropes without suffering boys to undertake a business is degrading to human noture. If a chimney, nevertheless, should could fire, The best method of extenguishing it is to prevent the accept of air by shutting the windows and doors close, and by stopping the fire place, effectually, with a wet blanket or, half a bushel of salt may be thrown into it, by mething, the alkali well seperate from the acid; and glaze, with fre and calcine the inside of the chimney as it does stone ware to. - the by concussion, as, by Jenny agun into it.

+ The Sweeping of Chrimmeys is rendered unneufrary & all Clanger from their catching a fine, by glaring this inside by encours of alt we thrown into a lange sire as soon as it is britt. It burones so alapy in lonsequen of this, that no doot will adhere to it. - It has been tried I have mand with prush in her & nery. + provided it is per the roughly day, other=

+ provided it is per the roughly clay, other-- unide we accelerate its decaying lay confrining its moistrine. In order to genard against fine, in houses; at night, it is necessary to shut the doors, windows, & close, in the accept of our; which is the great supporter of flame - mi hishero Vantte and Gellas's have always an equal temperature of air - hence a cellar is the best place to preserve evenes H. in summer, and regeta. bles in winter. Helilars with chimnes heef vicetrials from Antoulding, by promoting acircu-lation of air Danger from Denice and Honorman. to! as forwer Bath wood Hofahouse Wood is preserved, by letting it dry before building else its moisture germents and rots, it - painting is ureful to prevent its absorbing moistureset will last Jewe times as long, when pointed as it would otherwise to Posts which are to be placed in the ground, or bears in building, are beller to have their ends burns, or covered with neum, before they are used.

Church

or Sleep in room that has been washed, till it is perfectly Ing. Edd, and fevers have of the been produced from neglecting this precontion. also not to sleep in a room recently plastered - Vanswieters tills of a palsy from it, & DB monis got a consum 6. Some it.

Walls are preserved by plaistering, and weather boarding. which heep the walls dry, by preventing the accels of provisting. Roofs muchow by painting, when wood But tiles least. In Hocholsome. This is a most elsential part of good housewefery and comnot be too much attended to Mashing prequently in a warm season is very conducine to the cleanliness, and, consequently, to health; (So generally is this practice approved of, that, in This city, one day in every week is set apart for iff Maistering, and whitewashing, are extreme. by necessary - . The celebrated Mr. Howard, who has visited a greater front of all the prisons in Surope; with a view to comfort, and sultime the sufferings of the majorternate, remarks that in those presons where whitewashings were per formed two or three threes a year, diseases were parely found . Thening windows in the day tome discharges empure air- Ventilatois are

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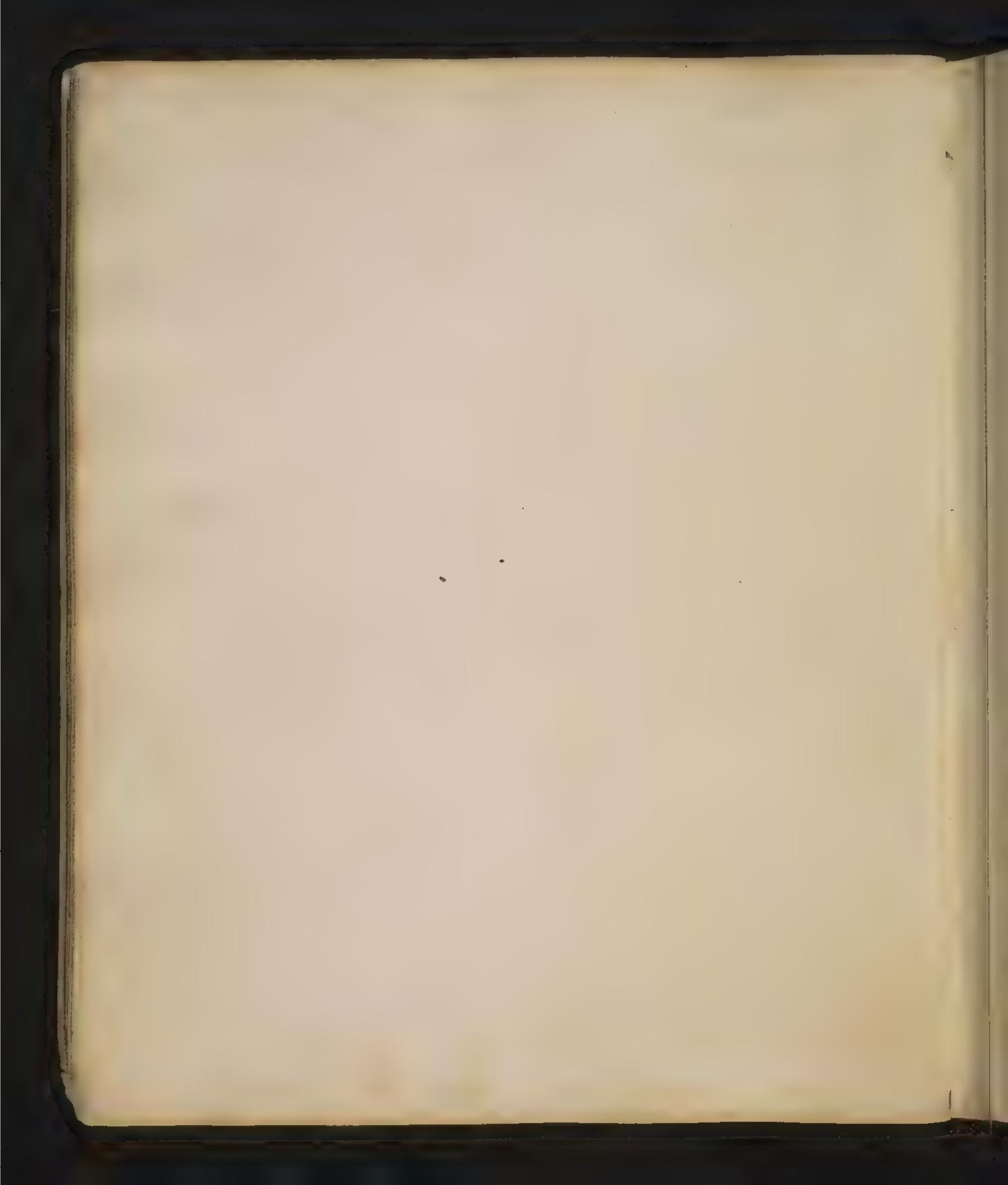
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towing one produced a fever at oxford from from pring near the one of the Colleges.

I providence having made there animals which tenhabit stables needs my to each other, he has kindly prevented any inconvenience from their being so near each other.

very necessary, for this purpose, especially, where many people are afternibled together .- Iffal matege ters, especially, the refuse of negetables, should not be suffered to ruman near a dwelling house; lyes. there, when putred, unit very nox sous exhatations. A Ship sailed from England to Bostola, thence she returned to trigland; and made a second voyorge to Otortola during all There voyages a quantity of potatoes were suffered to rumain in her hold; which by this time were completely putrified; and, of ten sailors, who went down into the hold, nine matinted fewers of which they all diet the novious effluria of the putted potatoes The efflured of stables, however, seems to because ception to these nemarks - When contagious distempers were judging in different fronts of the city, the people who lived near stables have been exempted from sharing in the general calamety-The breaks of the comments, also is who browned where is that of human burge is exceedingly unfrom



To prevent, or destroy insects the. Insects doubtless were designed by Groundence to an. swer some useful purposes I certain it is that they are standing monuments of the fall of man; they tell us that we have fortested our night to the earth, and that, whele we are in this world, we are in an enemy's country They serve see to exercise our humanity, and patience, and to promote clean line fr. - Whene were they injure us, however, we are justifiable in distroying them, by the principles of war selfmentoni. Musquetoes dais produced from slagmant waters, rain water hefit for washing, in repels, in our yands, is very aft to produce them - the reful should be covered - or a few fishes first into the refredwell feed on them and their edgs Thes are the offspring of filth here is they abound most in dirly houses, where they are very unful; by consuming impure matter; which imight course diseases - They are also food for sunging birds -They feed on fruit, and are found in swarms

A They may be drove out of a bed noon kussing the room during the day.

where there are many fruit frees \_ The best method of distroying them; is to fruit some molasses on a board, to which they will repair in swarms; a little gunfrowder exploded under the board will destroy Them - They are sometimes possoned, by musting ofly stone in water & 6. + Buys, which are so troublesome about our beds, in The summer months, and head prevented by clean. linels - some point their hedsteads, and place the bed posts en plates of water but, it is better to wash the bedsteads with a solution of salt and water; boiling, which will destroy them offectual by for they cannot the ownoment in salt. This mostion also testrons wouns in children - Dewition of Itrammonisme librarios powerful. Rate and mice are, trequently, found in old houses. They, therefore, hund to us that our houses istend in need of repair - They may be destroyed -1. by traps, which take them either alive, or dead, every humane person well present the latter, as it prevents the disagreeable last of putting them Is death ourselves -

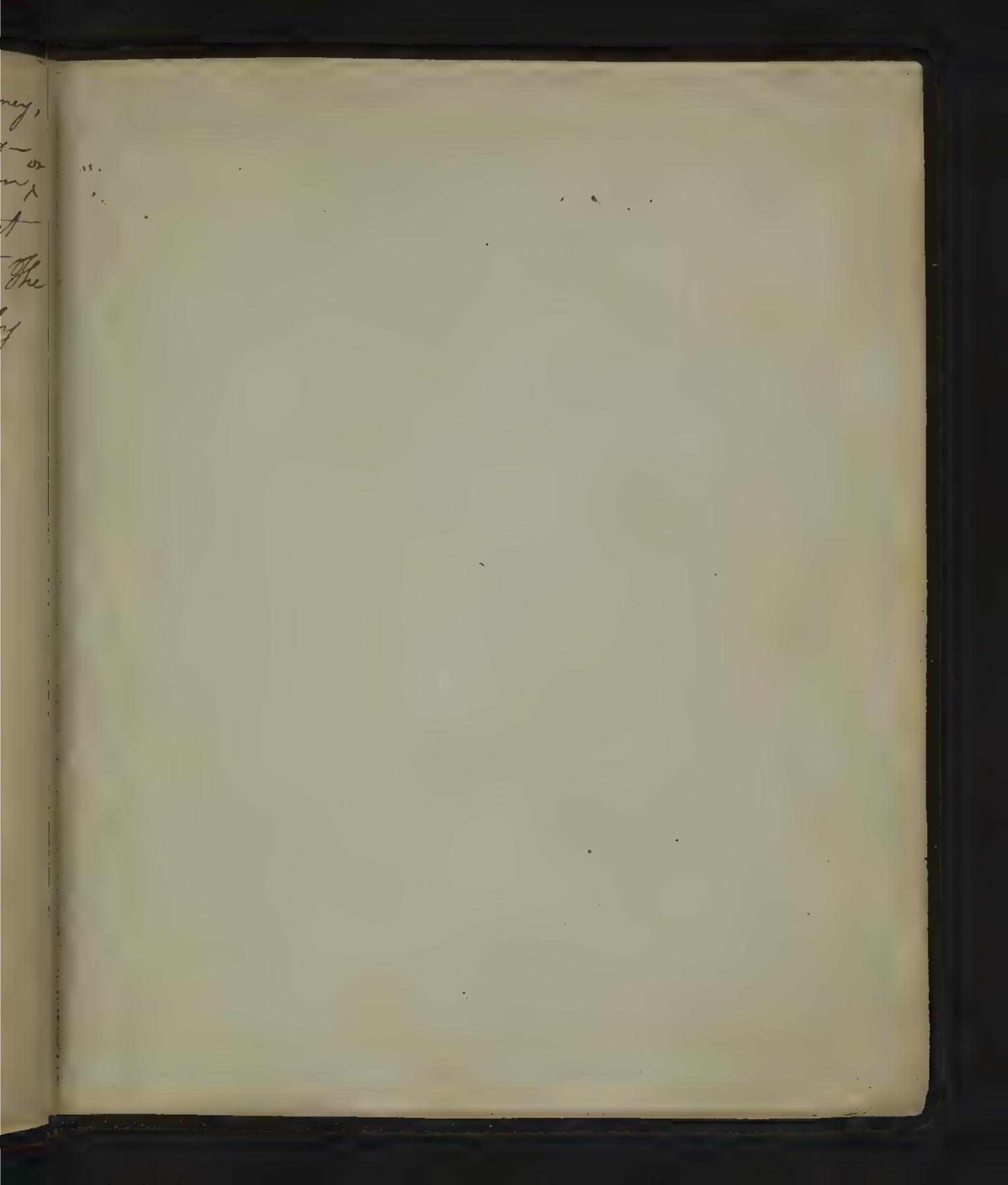


2. Cats. destroy morning; for this purpose they should be fed very spannight, as they hunt thest when hungry. 3. That's are sometimes poisoned with arsenic, or ratibane; this mode of distroying them should never be procetised - it is extremely dangerous to children, who may come at it, and porson Themselves; besides, the effluence of raits, that die in their holes is very norrows, and never fails to townt a house. If humanity rec votts at putting them to death, we may rid ourselves of them; by basisting them thus 1. Catch one alive, hang a bell round its neck, and let it go - they well all immediately be terrified, and guit the house. 2. They may be barrished, also, by shaving or singering the hair one of them of lightning and thunder There are symonimous terms for one and the same thing- when near, no perception of time between them; and the reason of seeing the flash at other

+"and hurmlifs all your thunder views,
" and By Sticking to his point. I the thing of Britain placed conductors w: balls on his Stables in London during The Late wer, but you hearing that a house now heem struck by hightneng with these newly invented balls, he instantly took them down, 4 replaced them with then printed Conductors. ispon which the following lines appeared in a London herrs paper. " While you great george for triples munt, " and though Conductors change for blunt, " The nations out of joint; "Franklin, the wiser plan pussues, x

times before we hear the moise of the explosion; is that the motion of light is almost instantaneous; whereas, sound moves only at the rate of 1142 in one secould of time (according to Sir Isaac Newton) - Thunder is occasioned by two clouds, called plus and minus - or the greater and the left; the former greater in tent and electricity than the latter. When these clouds come near to each other, the lefter, by the principles of an equilibrium, attracts the electric fire of the other; which occasions an explosion, of the large one, at each discharge of matter. When no small alond 20) is near, a mountain, attree, or house &. will attract Their matter- In order to quard our houses against The bad effects of lightning; we should use Gotos of to carry it tilently if the earth: and in the ground and the other reaching a title higher than the churry; the point is to be sharp and tipped with braft to prevent its rusting- in England balls have been placed on the top; but they did not ansever the purpose & Sightning is conducted by metals of every sort; but not by glass-Where

Where there is no rod, avoid sitting near a chimney, door, or window; for there also conduct lightning—
the safest place, is near the middle of the room,
Thees, also, and every there object that may attract lightning are to avoided in a thunder storm. The brutes in a storm of this kind shun trees &6. as if by instinct.



#### The Twelve Signs.

- or Aries, or the Ram.
- 8 Taurus, the Bull:
- n Gemini, the Twints
- 23 Cancer, the Crab.
- A Lea, the Lion.
- my Virgo, the Virgina
- Libra, the Balance.
- m Scorpio, the Scorpion.
- \*\* Sogistarius, the Archer. \*\* Capricornus, the Goat.
- # Aquarius, the Waterbearer.
- \* Pifees, the Fishes.

### Multiplication Table.

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7	en.	-	Ma.	~				63	70	77	84	
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\$ 2.	Mp	- 44	-	-	-	***	- 46	-	-	_	144	

#### NA RABINA NA RABINA

# Money. L. s. d. q. 1-10-12-4 Awairdupois Weight. T. C. 2. lb. oz. dr. 1-20-4-28-16-16. Troj Weight.

Troj Weight.

15. ex. diver gr.

1-12-16-- 24-

Aprincearns Weight. 1b. oz. dr. fer. gr. 1-12-8-3-20.

Wine Menfare. T. P. H. G. Q. P. G. 1-2-2-6;--5-2-4.

Long Meajure.

D. M. F. P. T. F. I. B.

1-(cl-S-40-5)-3-12-3.

3 360 Degrees are the circumference

Land Measure.

A. R. P. T.

Dry Menfore. B. F. G. P. Q. P.

1-1-2-2-2-2.

Costa Medfare.
Y. Q. N. In.
1-4-2---

Y. D. H. B. S. 1-36:1-24-60-60.

Thirty days bath September, Aprilly June, and Neverbourg February has a twenty-eight alone, Aboth rell have thirty-core.

. Taventy mint, svery 4th or leap year.

## Numeration.

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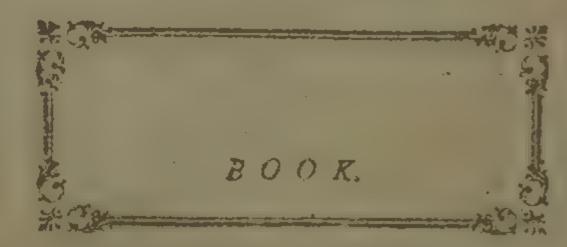
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# Pence Table.

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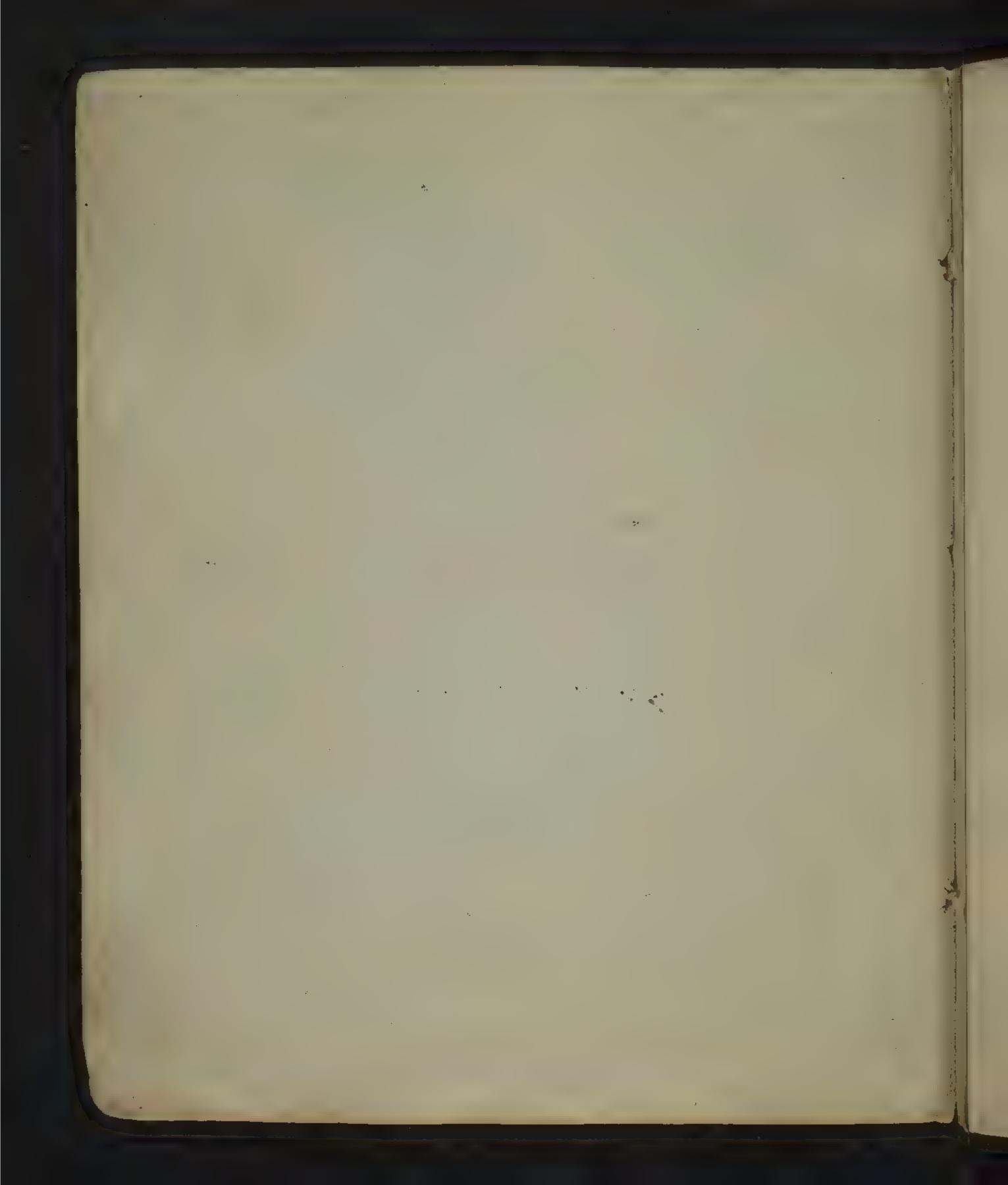
#### Numerical Letters.

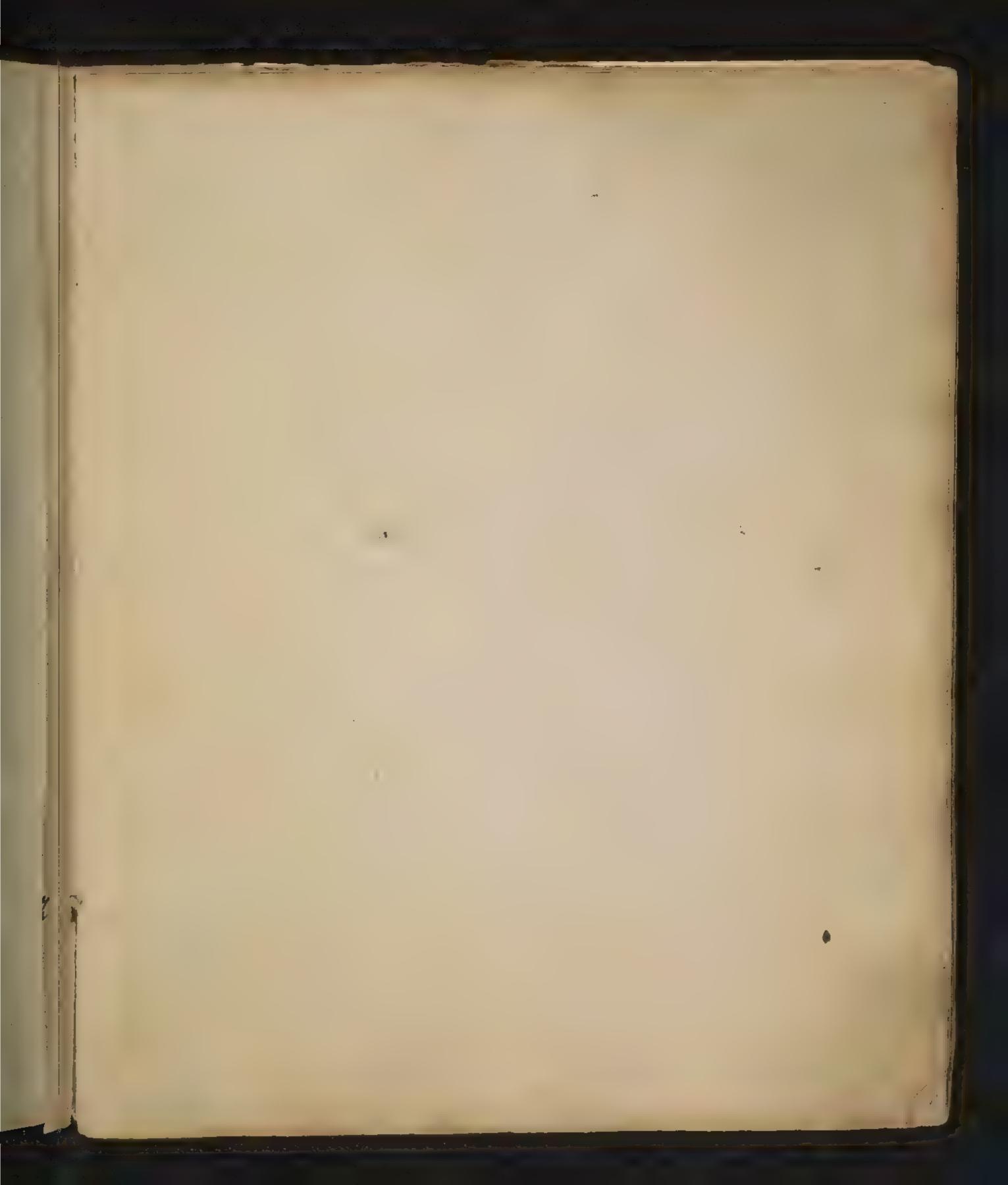
1 5 1: 50 160: 500 1000 I. V. X. L. C. D. M. MDCCLXXXVII.

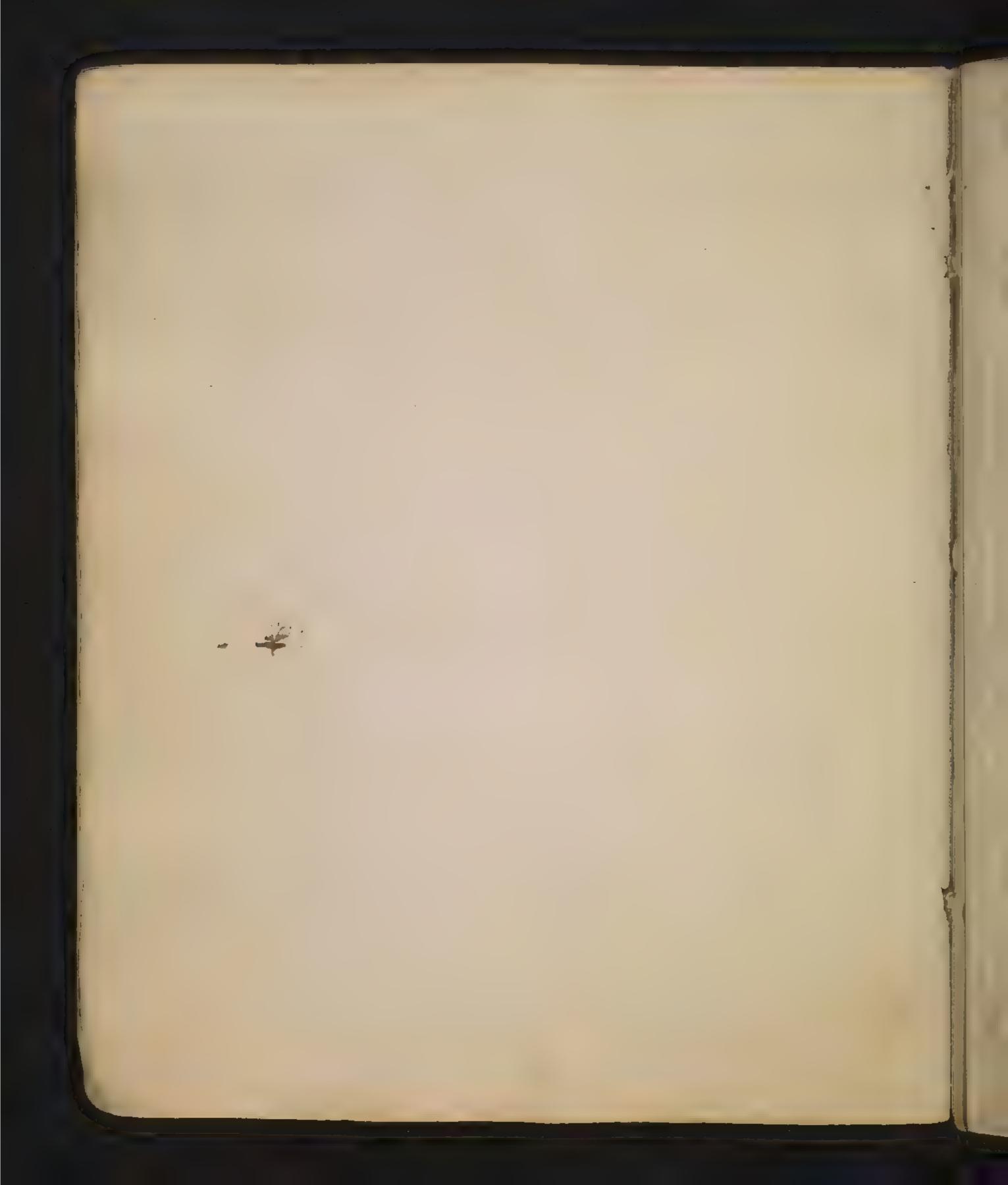


Printed for ANDREW BROWN, Principal of the Young Ladies' Academy.

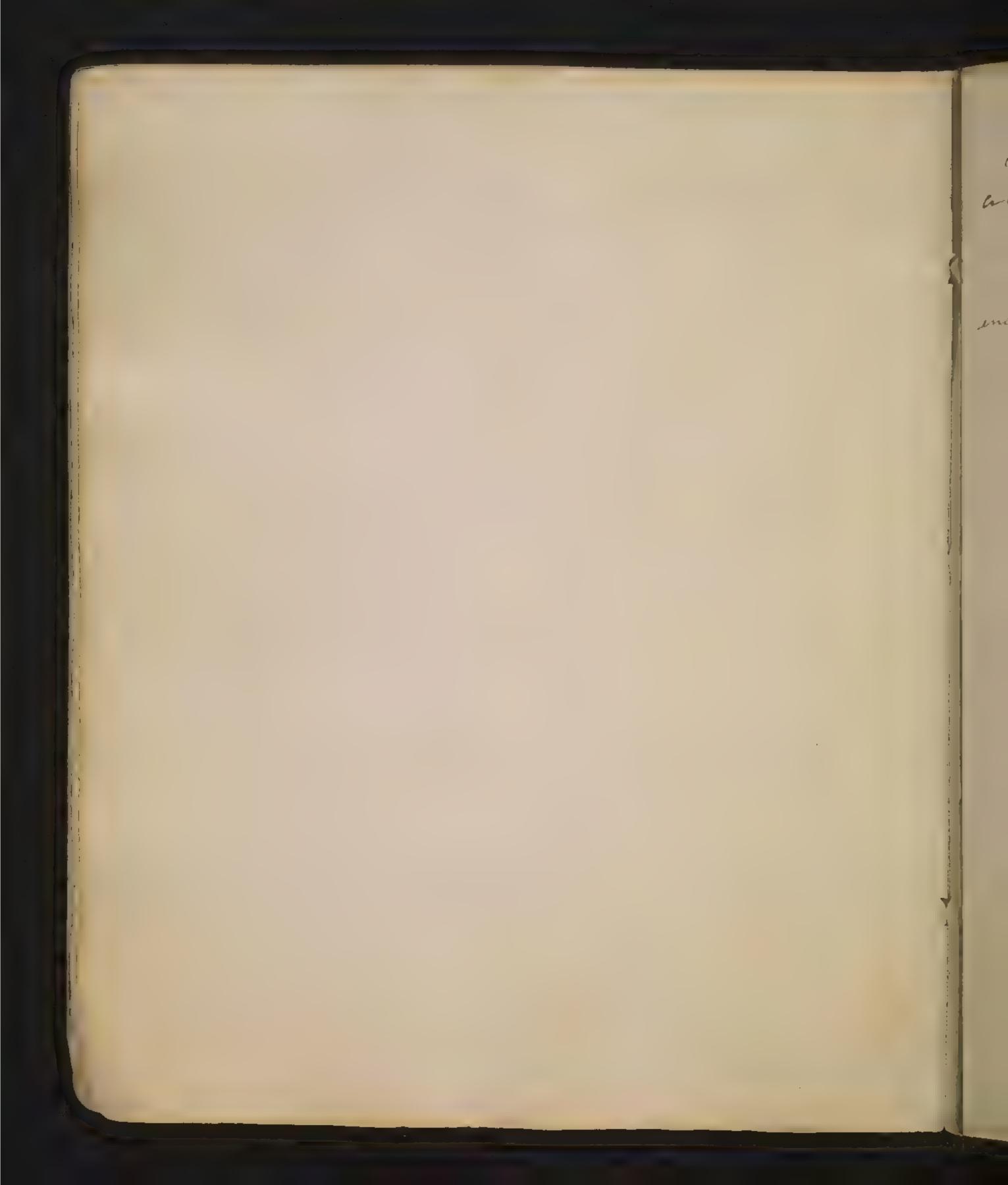
西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西坡西 FOR THE YOUNG LADIES' ACADEMY, Near'St. Paul's Church, in Third Street, Philadelph EAR, ye children, the instruction of a father; and attend to know understanding. Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore, get wisdom, and with all thy getting get understanding .- Exait her, and she shall promote thee; she shall bring thee to honour when thou doit embrace her. She shall give to thine head an ornament of grace; a crown of. glory thall the deliver to thee .--- - Prov. iv. 1, 7, 8, 9. If finners entice thee, consent thou not --- Prov. i. 12. To write a free and legible hand, and to understand common arithmetic, are indispensable requifites .- Mrs CHAPONE's Letters. Though well-bred young women should learn to dance, sing, recite, and draw, the end of a good education is not that they flegold become dancers, fingers, players, or painters : its real object is, to make them good demphies, good wives, good militelles, good members, of for iety, and good christians .- .. .. ... ... ... Ejjays ... If your endeavours are deficient, it is in vain that you'lkara putors, books, and all the external apparatus of literary pursuirs. You must love learning, if you serend to possess it. In order to love it, you must feel its delights; in order to feel its delights, you must apply to it, honever isksome at first, closely, constantly, and for asconfiderable time. Pleafant, indeed, are all the paths which lead to police and elegant literature. Yours, then, is furely a lot prouhably happy --- Value duly the opportunities you enjoy, and which and denied to thousands of your fellow creatures. Without exemplary ditigence, you will make but a contemptible proficiency. You may pafe through the forms of schools-but you will bring nothing away from them of real value, Worder meltructor may, indeed, confine you within the walls of a feboul, a cortain number me hours. He may place books before you, and comp. 'you to fix your cles apon them; but no authority can chain down your mind. That learning belongs not to the female character, and that the female mind is incopable of a degree of improvement equal to that of the other fex, are narrow and unphilosophical prejudices. The prefent times exhibit most honourable instances of semale learning and genius. The superior advantages of boys' education, are perhaps, the sole rection of their subsequent superiority. Learning is equally actainable, and, I thunk, equally valuable, for the fatisfaction ariting from it, to a woman as a man. -- Kaok.







Ritchens He. 37 It is to be lamented that thethens are too often the neceptacles of steet; and, what is worse, of vice- To prevent a communication of both; it has been recomme mended by some to have the kutchen at a considerable distance from the dwelling house- This, en large families, and in the fresent state of similie ed society, in this country, is impossible - of they are to be prefit out of sight and hearing; the test place, in towns, is under ground: if they be under The parlows, some springy body, as site straw, may be placed under the parlow floor, to present the passage of sound - If they be receptantes of dist, vice, or ill manners; children should be care, Jully hefit from them; for, wice, in a franticular manner, like knowledge is increased by being propagated. vice? Are our remants to be abandoned to destruce tron and ruin! \_\_ No \_\_



"our importante friends - ar, in the words of and but and method of preventing the disorders of a ketchen in that is by he preserve of a mistrefi. - The tonger eyes and ears of a mistreft in her futchen & an effectrail remedy for all disorders; It is inconceived. ble what good effects would be produced by a lady niesting her hitchen two or three times a day - At would promote rocconomy, and by that means give a wife a complete influence over her husband; for certain it is, that a man well love that woman most, whose affection for hunself he feels, every time he sits down to a meal, or fruits his hand in his prochet & Attention of this sort will defend liberal and extensive hurovoledge from censure; for arrong the various elleberal reasons which have \* See Solomon's character of a virtuous woman - Prov. XXXI. 10-

The principal disign of Dreps is to define us from the inclumencies of the luca ther. particularly freat & cold, \_ I shall word briefly mention the menn of Herriating 1 Told - be 220 Heat of 2 125-

have butherto theen given for neglecting the educar tion of ladies, one has been - That a leberal education renders ladies inattentine to domestic duties - How praise worthy then would it be in such ladies to shew, by their conduct, that this remark is not only elleberal, but, also ellfounded - A hitchen should have an oven; it should also have a floor of bruch, or stone, to prevent danger from fire- a pump, or well, a milh-house, and a wash house, should likewise be mear it - Dec. houses, in which ice \$6. may be preserved in the heat fishenmer, must be deep in the earth, and defended, from the heat, by hay, straw, or some other spungy body. of Which. 7 Modlen dother are hable to be cut by moths in summer to prevent their mix some tobacco leaves, cedar shavings, alspice, or carne phor, with them - Or what is a better method

+ Shows & boots to be dry & warmer -Capt Miles i recupt-

pack their in hunks, or chests, and place them in the cellar, the dampnet of which will preserve them? or, they may be heft safe by wrapping them in lisnen - Woollen and cotton dother are most healthy it were to be wished that the people of this country; would be more careful in changing their light summer dreft, for garments of woollen, or aller, at the first change of the weather, in the fall of the year; a numerous train of deseases might he previewled by such precombions derien, clother are not so healthy; being leable, when gla, or disty to promise discusses the exhatations from Silh clothes and very durable: when they become old they may be carded and spun over again. hence, there is great occonomy in using them. Stains, in clothes Greense may be taken out of them with chalk and water and a hot won; this, however, will shoul down colours - Therefore; it is better to use and

The stain of inh may be taken out

The by new milk - I more when I so

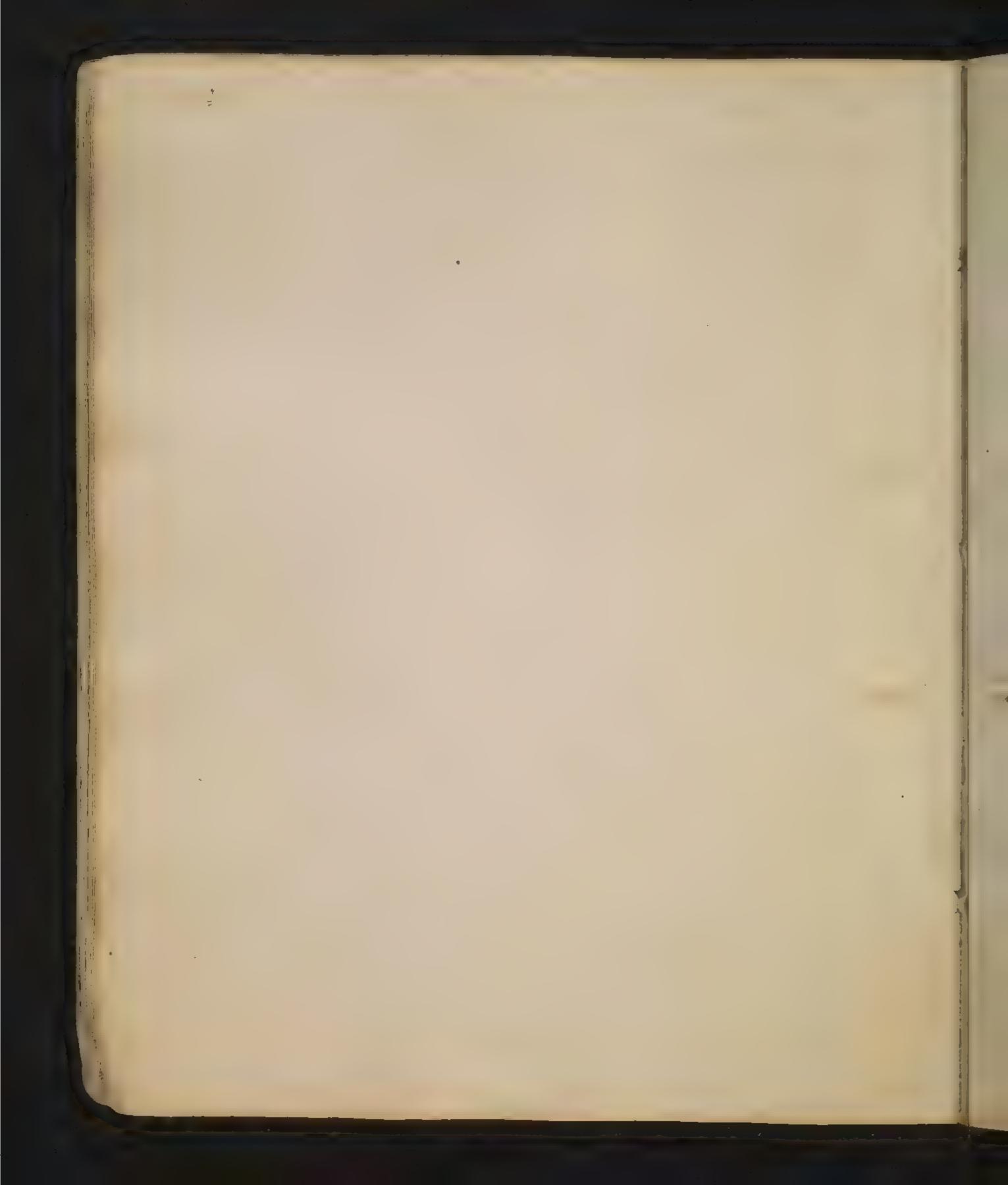
ley dipping the Stained part in a pure,

methor mobile sandle, & then throwing it

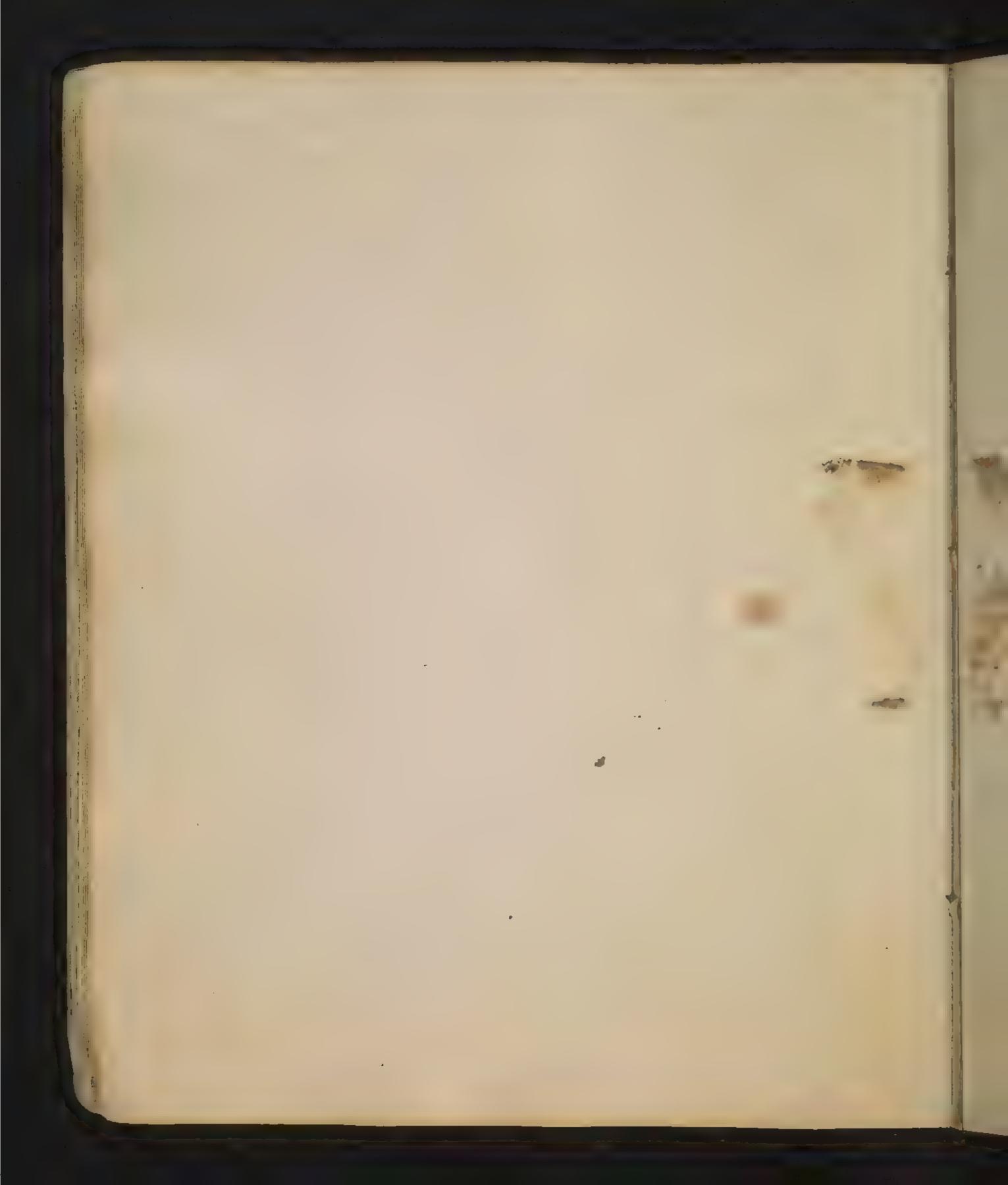
into the washing into It will come

out claim. go to Steep p 19.2

aromatic oil, as spirits of tempentine; by mulbung The stain with this, the grease will be reendered woldtite and will waporate with the turper time. Stains of red wine, cherries, &6, may be washed out with Madeira wine; or, by salt, defrolued upon the stain, by the steam of boiling water from the spout of or hettle. From moulds many be taken out by means of a State refrely are the best and most durables no common acids having any effect whom them: there is great frugality in the use of them, be course of their duration; and, if, at any time, we should wish to have refrels differently Jashroned; a small sum of money well procure the exchange. Vefsels of wow, tim, or copper, when plated; answer very well; besides, we can easily change them as the Jashion changes.



Copper and brass vessels are acted upon and conoded by acids, syrups, and altholies - hence they are down gerous, if not tinned\_ The action of acids whom there produces verdigrease, around that thout thout to which access hence; the bottom of vefiels are les acted upon than that front above the surface of the liquids. ... + Sewter mugs plates &6. are very safes there is quat seconomy in using printer plates - they are cheap; not early broken; nor do they spoil knines, as chura, and earther wares do - fam aft to think that howing tried other metals, wares to we will have recourse to pewter once more! From vefsels are very durable, and may be used with safety- The aceds, of every sort, and even water out upon it; net, no injury arises from it; The terreture being rather wholsome than other. wire. Tea kuttles, and pots, of this metal are very Just for use.



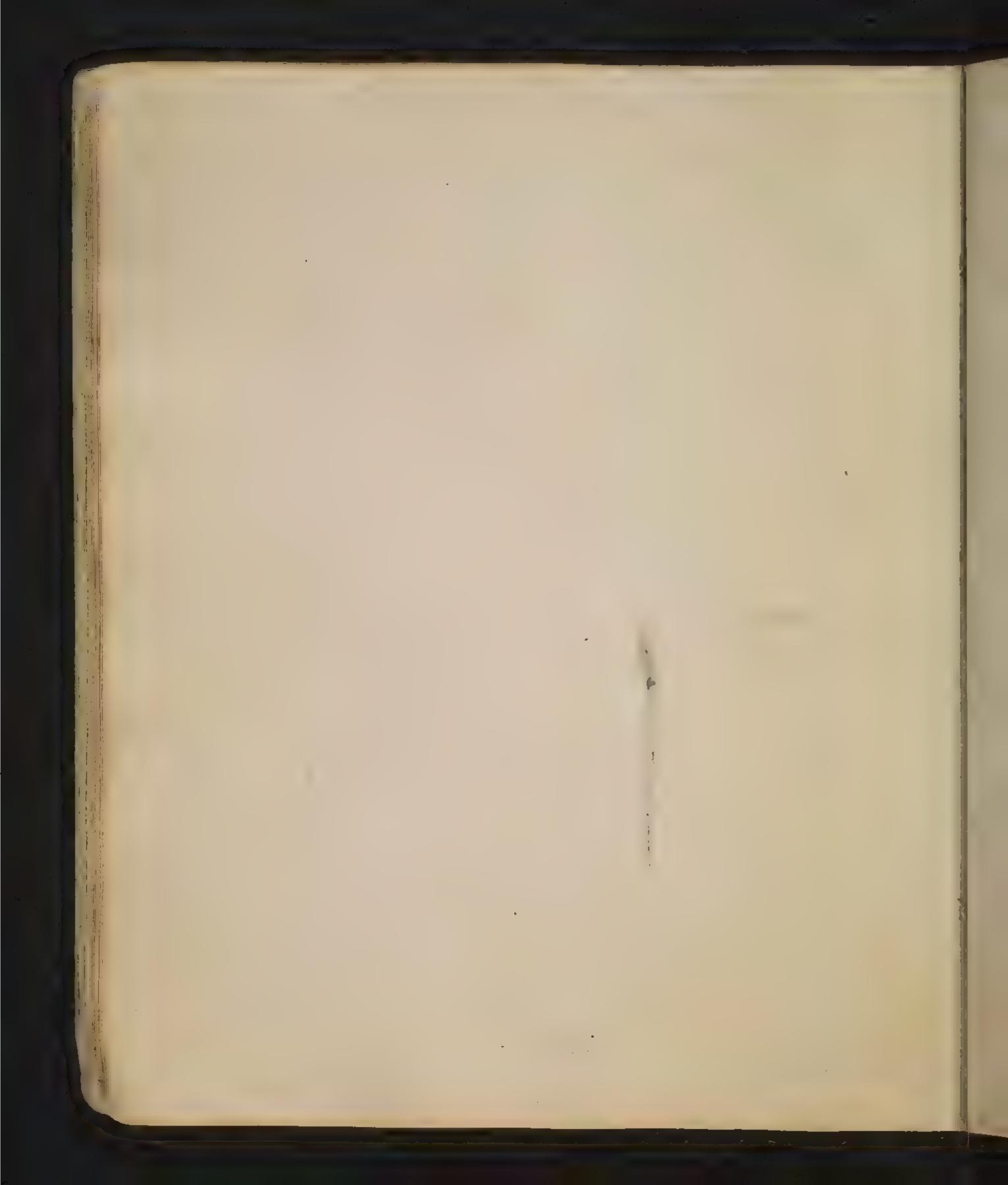
China ware is made of a flinty earth and wealled by the Chinese petrince, and haster; mamel of metter tin gives it transporting: The painting of this ware in China is chiefly done by children under tivelue gears of age. This ware is very safe and handsome; there is, however, one dejection to it, that it is easily broken. Islass is made of sound and an altratime salt; to make white glass these must be musted with a little lead - In making wine explasses the top is first formed the curves in the shank are made by putting an enamel on it and twisting it around when soft This ware is not acted whom by any solveent in chemistry - not even by agual fortis, or the vitriolic acids hence it used with the utmost harthen ware' of every sort as det the stone; queen's ware \$6. are glazed by a solution of calcof lead in water, which vitrifies the clay. Vefrels glazed in

Aband he howder - being boiled in mith well too together I by a paste made of the white of an offer white of an Obtained from wheat by a proce po described by Foresoy.

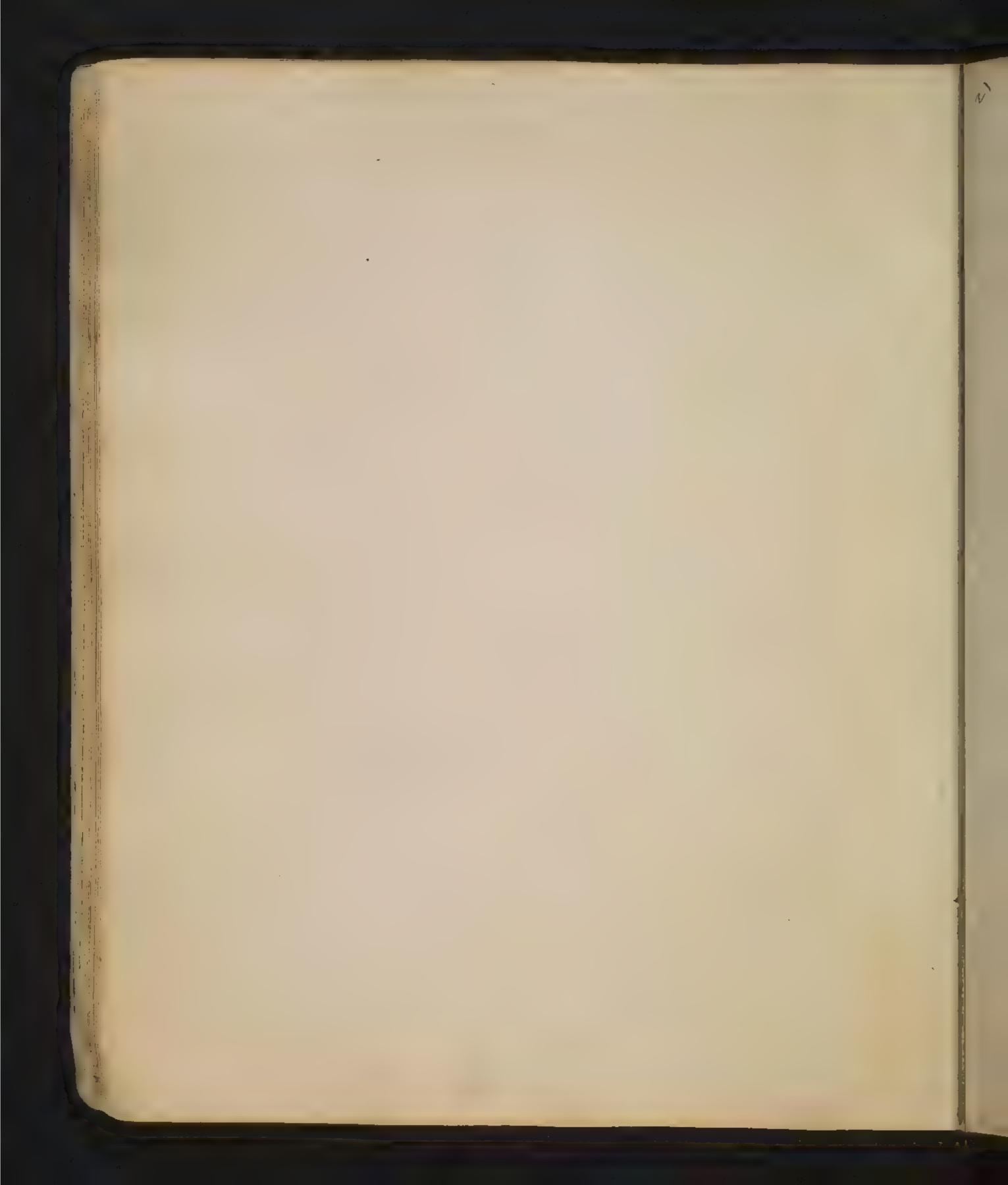
in this manner are dangerous and not fit for use for acids dissolve lead and the solution, the sweet, is poisonous. In devonshire, in Ingland, where They make and drink much cyder. The people were for some time afflicted with a violent grupe isonow in their bowels, called the Devonshire cholie; this they at lingth found was occasioned by drinking the cycler which had raw thro' Leaden frespes -Looking glasses are rendered capable of reflecting Therays of light, by covering over one such of them with an amalgam of tenforte andmercing. Pictures are painted upon cannas, wood, glass, or metates with crayous; ex, in oil colours; or water cotours -Sunts -Busts are made of plaster of Sans, ground, diffused un water, and out; either at full length, called alto

ly

el.



Beds sheets & should be well aired daily to discharge perspired unditter which is much philo: gisticated and exceedingly impures This will be evident by taking a burning candle between The sheets, any morning, which have been lain in all night; for unless fresh air be admitted the flature will be immediately istinguished. Washing - should be performed with Juft waiter which some articles are best washed in was water . Loops of various kinds are used in this operation of which I shall speak presently. Bleaching is done by the heat of the sun, a fixed alhalifas potash and soft water. At might be done by the sun and water; but helter with the affilth 86. from the cloth -Groning is done to smooth, or, as it were to polish, The surface of linen H. This is performed with that wors: great caution should be observed in putting the hands intocold water when they are Some dying in a few hours by this inconsiderate act



Soup is made of oil, or fat, and an alhale obtained from ashes - This is hardened by common salt which abstracts the moisture, or rather the water of the lige - Castite soap is composed of orld Clives and a fine Josell athalis Storch is obtained from wheat, and sometimes potatoes, firmented for two or three weeks, and then strained and washed! Oblue, which is used to prevent yellowness in dother, is procured from indigo. Objes - By means of there we are enabled to procure beautiful colours, in imitation of the works of mature; they also, preserve many things, like point. There are seven original, or primary, colours - violet, indigo, blue, green, yellow, orange, and red - The initial letters of which, to affect the memory, are contained in the words - vibrandagyor - Where colours exist not in bodies; but, in the varys of light derived from the sen; and the different bodies appear of their ruspective colours by restecting their ruspective.

L'hervise be put on on Dumps days un cold crunings in promoner. The great elevet of preserving wealth from Changes in the irrealther is to auromandate our drep to them. - Attom- out caterily insuits - propos for structure definishmen - very Inholsonie. runte woolens are liable to be moth A for Canada they presence their fur chatters in their close flower - which are made of iron. m. gribson po used to breame his Involens in summings in a celle. Inothe never touches cloath ? and cop Enegetables, \_ does like be work-byun They may be firstitien presund by Tobacco - Lampo Cedas Chavings - in alspice, or by living waysped in bonness. Go to this to: 40

The colours of bodies arise from their dispositions to neftect one soit of rays, and to absorb others. (F) buch bodies as suffect les or more sorts of rays at appear of reaseous colours. Hence, the whiteness of bodies arises from thus disposition to juffect all the rougs of light promisciously - and, the blackefo ness of bodies. proceeds from their incapacity to 175 justeet any of the rays of light from hunce ry it aruses that blank bodies, when exposed to the sun, become sooner heated than all others. Clouthing is made of book. Cotton - binnen Fais Attilk. Wood exullint in vernable be moist de. Liver with . creat to the Skin. Letters not liable to be worm cation & fruits all its knowns. innen lefa wholsome than book or lotton. . ilk wholsome & Invalle. That be dipoloid in i canstii ilhali fra this way gold thewer may be blothined from lace.

broden Clouther Chould be laid aside
our Climatic the I'd Some. I put on
agains on the Hopling: - they "hould ~ 500

+ Kning in Lewis; recipe.

for med by a honowledge of the mechanic powers; which have been happily discovered, to encrease the powers of mour, and to lepsen labor blocks, yacks, move by means of weights, or springs; one soit of jacks perform their motions by means of Amother. Samps are of various hunds - The best, now in use, is The new Jasheoned lamp which consumes its own unother; and has several plates, which make it to reflect the nones of light better. Than any other. Ine of these lamps quies as minich trothet as eight candles. Candles are made of spermaceti, lallow, bees way &. Their weeks of cotton or low; The test weeks are made by mixing cotton and town, Vens - When quells are villy frems made of them will not let down then with freely: boiling Jule beach inthe is made of an astringent vegeta ble, as white oak galls, green without and soft water cloves presume it; sugar is not fet for inti- for



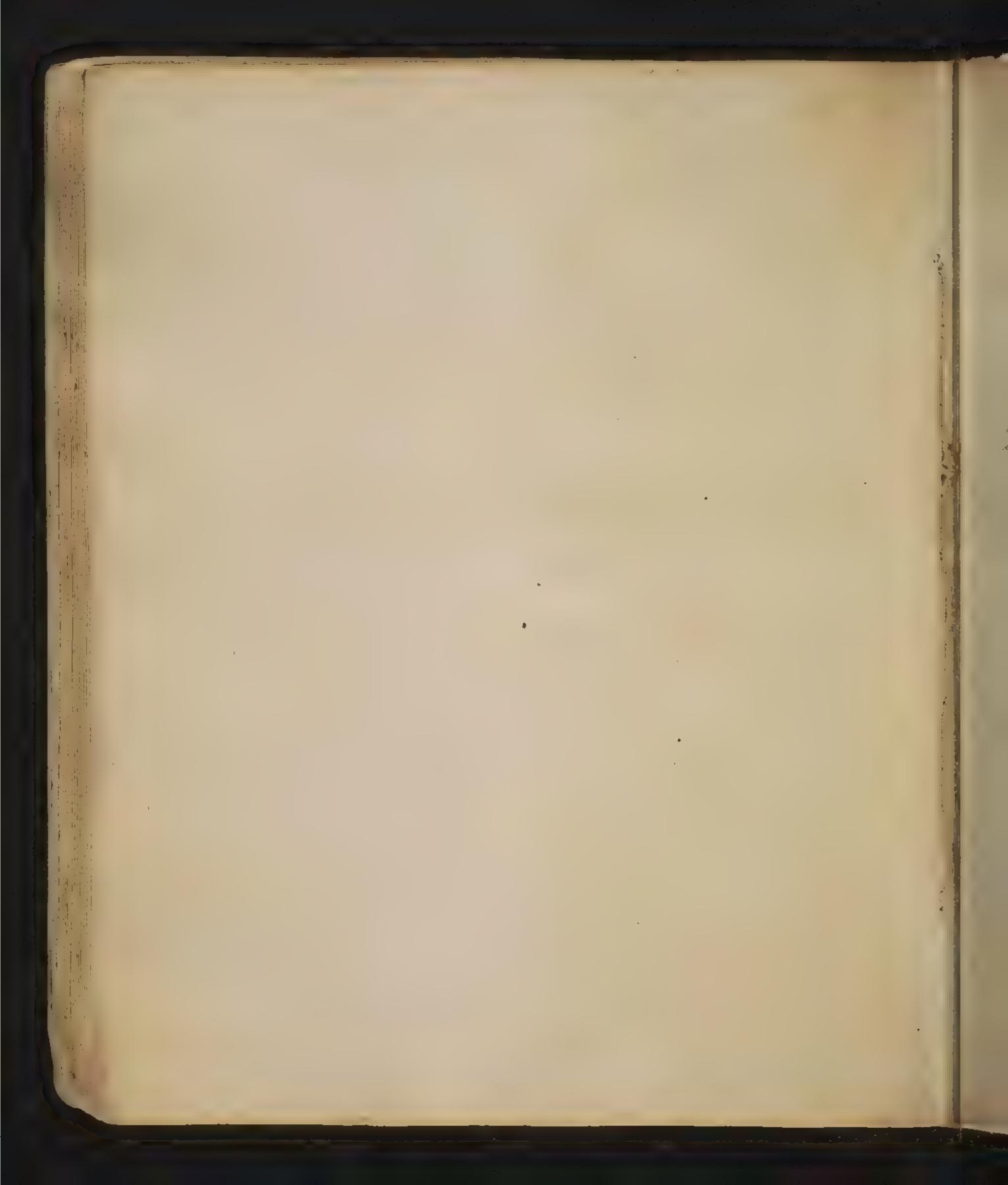
In Chura pigments are used for inthe They ter; and writer with brushes - Inh generally gets blacker after it has been within with, by The evoporation of the water ist contains I ham hathetic inter, which is used in private correspondences may be obtained by writing upon paper with a solution of saccharum satur mi; this writing, when dry, well disappear; but well unredicately become legeble, and of a brownish black, by holding it near the month of a bottle contouring votatile timeline of sulphus:, or twer of Intelower - or a solution of primerat which is drywine & Judgetime) in time mater. The phogiston emitted from these inbotances address the early of the dead , and there restores to it its natural dark

+ Portser trime for foredging - Snjung of night fordies from Atimariano of the whing. = citability liker De gron ielpelt en ort. wholever.

Saper, is obtained from page beated, & will into a pretpe. They are they taken out into a ma. : chine like a Seive thro which The water flows having the paper behind. This is taken out of the mould or machine, & prefied between flammens till it is dry. It is afterwards sies of, or glaised.

Books are composed of a number of sheets of paper bound together - for the mode observed in printing wind receiving the light in fourt - raise the books prevent the better of the light in fourt - raise the books prevent the better of the light are instruments to measure the degrees of heat - When the mercury stands so low begand 80 heat is oppressing of and from that to 100, the heat of our atmosphere is equal to that of The hurran body: from 110 to 120 it is Jeverish. Barometers serve to shew the granity of the our, and are, therefore, weeful in predicting changes of the weather in damp weather the our is light; in clear weather it is heavy.

2



Means of preserving beauty Beauty depends whom shape, teeth, and complexion-1. Shape - The line of beauty is an erect posture. tight lacing shouls the shape, and impoins the health The simplicity of our Quaker-ladies drefses us. worthy of unitation. 2. Teeth may be preserved and set in graceful order by employing a dentist for that fruspose; nor, can any money be better laid out, than in the preservation of our teeth to have them meanly touching each other. They ought to be cleansed frequently, in the mornings and after meals with a brush and cold water; so soon as teeth are decayed by the to the ach 16. They should be immediately drawn; or they will affect the others by sympothy. Washing the month, and behind the ears, every moin freserve teeth, health, and complexion ( Degay of the teeth is occasioned by a changean ble climates it is therefore prontent to sleep

Just before going to bed in the best time for brushing The teeth, they then remain perfectly clean for eight or ten hours, which not only preserves the breath, but renders the apportite more men for breakfast, by fore venting that diagrueble taste in the mouth, which is frequently observed in the morning, after having for support, the particular things, especially cheese.



From the News Tork Linery nuvertiger.

METHOD of Preserving the Beauty of TEETH.

From a Letter of Dr. Mitchell, to \_\_\_\_\_.

COME experiments which I have made upon human teeth by calcination and folution, convince me that they contain, particularly in their outer coat, or covering, a large proportion of CAL-CARIOUS EARTH. This incrustation is secerned by the arteries of the teeth, and regularly deposited all around, to defend them from outward accidents. When it is corroded or worn off, and the naked bone exposed to the operation of air, spittle and aliment, the diseased teeth soon corrupt. While it remains unhurt and entire, they generally continue usesel and ornamental. But what avails the knowledge of these sacts, unless we gain some practical advantage by them? From these facts then, we may learn, that the enamel of the teeth, which is so remote from the influence of blood and nerves as to be nearly allied to inanimate matter, is, like chalk, egg shells and marble, readily afted upon by ACIDS. Whence a fufficient reason appears, why very tart'apples occasion, soon after eating them, a fort of foreness or unpleasant sensation in the teeth; why the frequient use of sharp vinegar in pickles and fallads in injurious; why lem in juice and tamarinds are also destructive; why spirit of vitrio is still more ruinous; and why foot and tartar, employed as dentrifices, by the acid they contain are often productive of irreparable mitchief -as likewife why young folks who indulge the pernicious habit of chewing allum, damige their teeth excellively .-Hence too, we may further learn, that the best way to prevent their decay and lofs, in to wash them frequently with PURE WATER and wire them clean with a fofi towel, and neither chemically corrode them with vegetable and mineral acids, nor m.chanically wear them away by scouring with hard and gritty powders.

Dies it now fem at all wonderful, as people are accustomed to take so many hurtful substances into their mouths, that the teeth fuffer detriment thereby? Is it nat rather matter of surprise, confi tering all thele things, that many have any teeth left? And is not your question, why are had teeth fo common,' in a good me sfure answered? ---- So far, therefore, as the prefent subject extends, the prefervation of BEAUTY depends upon a fure and certain principle, casy to be understood and followed. As to that harmony of fhape and features in which the remaining part of beauty confifts, the pious Mr. Lavater thinks it is inseparably connected with moral excellence; I shall therefore only add. in the fentiment of this most able physiognomist, that " The way to be handsome is to be good."

nandkerchiets, India pandanos, ell-wide perfians, 1.2 yard and 1-2 ell farmets, black modes, fewing filks, black and white lace and edgings, lawn; and cambrics, white and coloured threads; a handsome affirtment of mens and womens worfted, cotton, and filk hofie. ry; 7 8 and yard wide Irish linens; Scotch shirting; bedricks: diaper and tablecloths, buckrams, tapes, pins, needles, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Flaxfed, Pot. Ash and Bees Wax, hought mwf

or taken in payment.

## FORSALEBY PRAGERS & CO. HOLLAND GENEVA in pipes

and jugs Pest Dutch Madder in large and fmall casks Jestits Bark, Opium, refined Camphor British and Reach Allum

Dry and ground in oil best English White Lead-

Pearl Barley

Claret, Hermitage, and Rhine Wine in bottles Cerman Scythes, and Maryland whet stones fronmongery and Hardware

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Superfine and coarfe Broadeloths, different colours Coatings, Dudils and Bearskins

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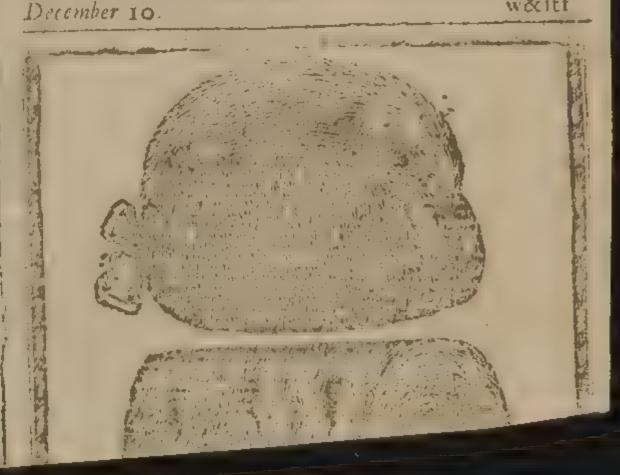
Bandano, Barcelona, Romal, filk and cotton handkeichiefs.

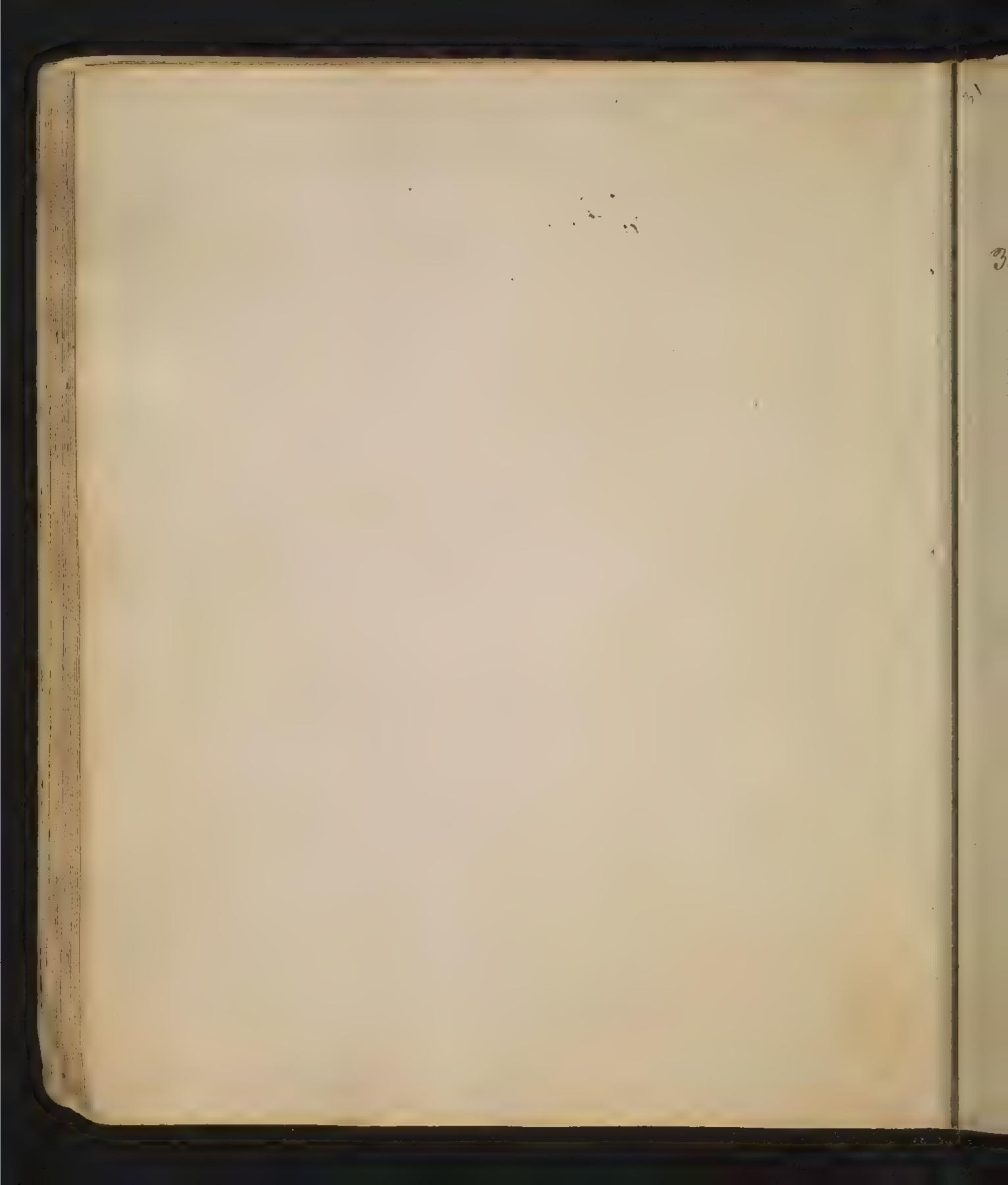
Blond Laces and Gauzes

British Sail Duck, No. 1 to 6

Writing Paper of different fizes, Sealing Wax. &c.

ALSO - A fresh and general affortment of BOULT-ING CLOTHS, and a few pipes, hogheads, and quartercasks of London particular Madeira WINE. w&itf.

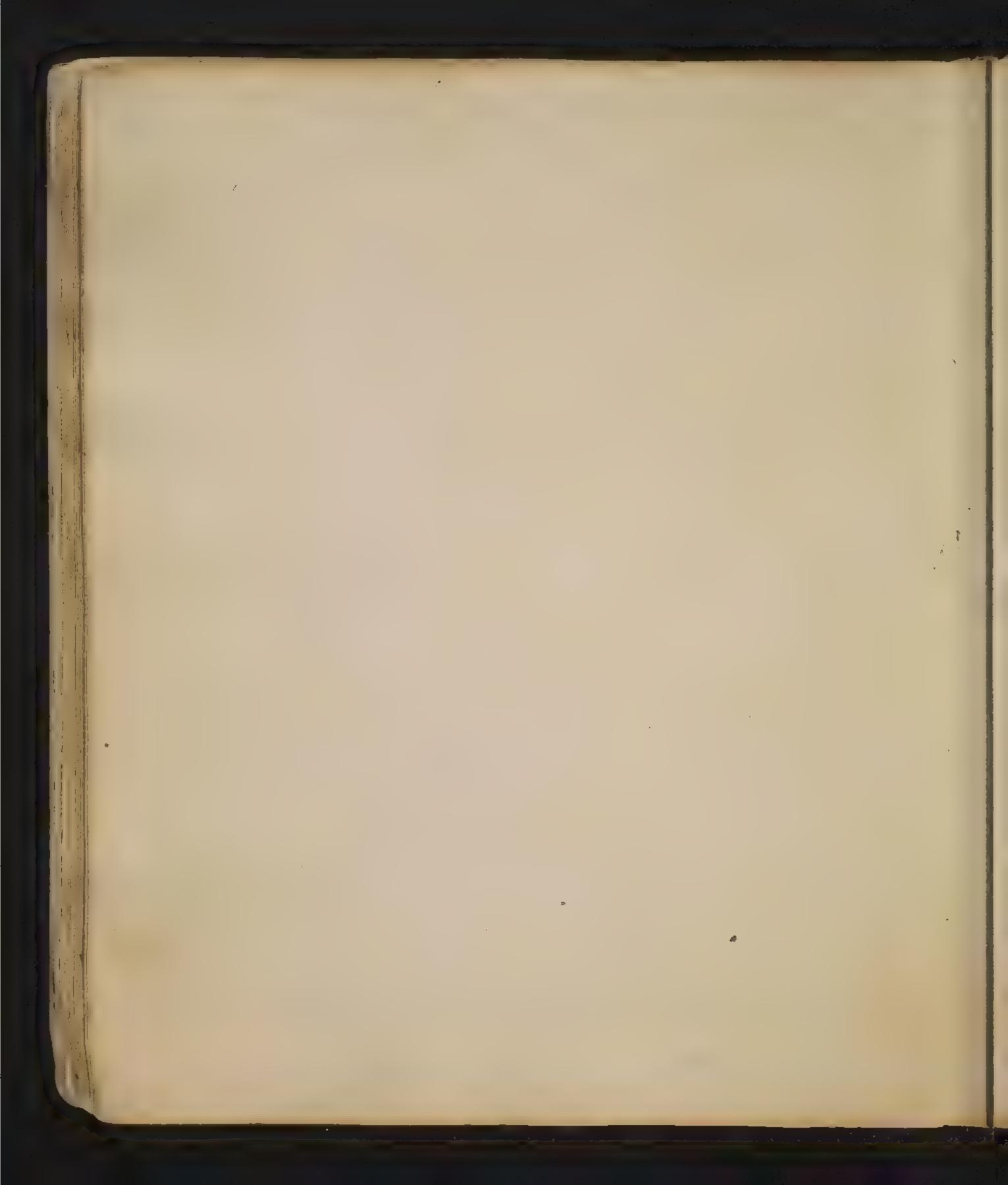




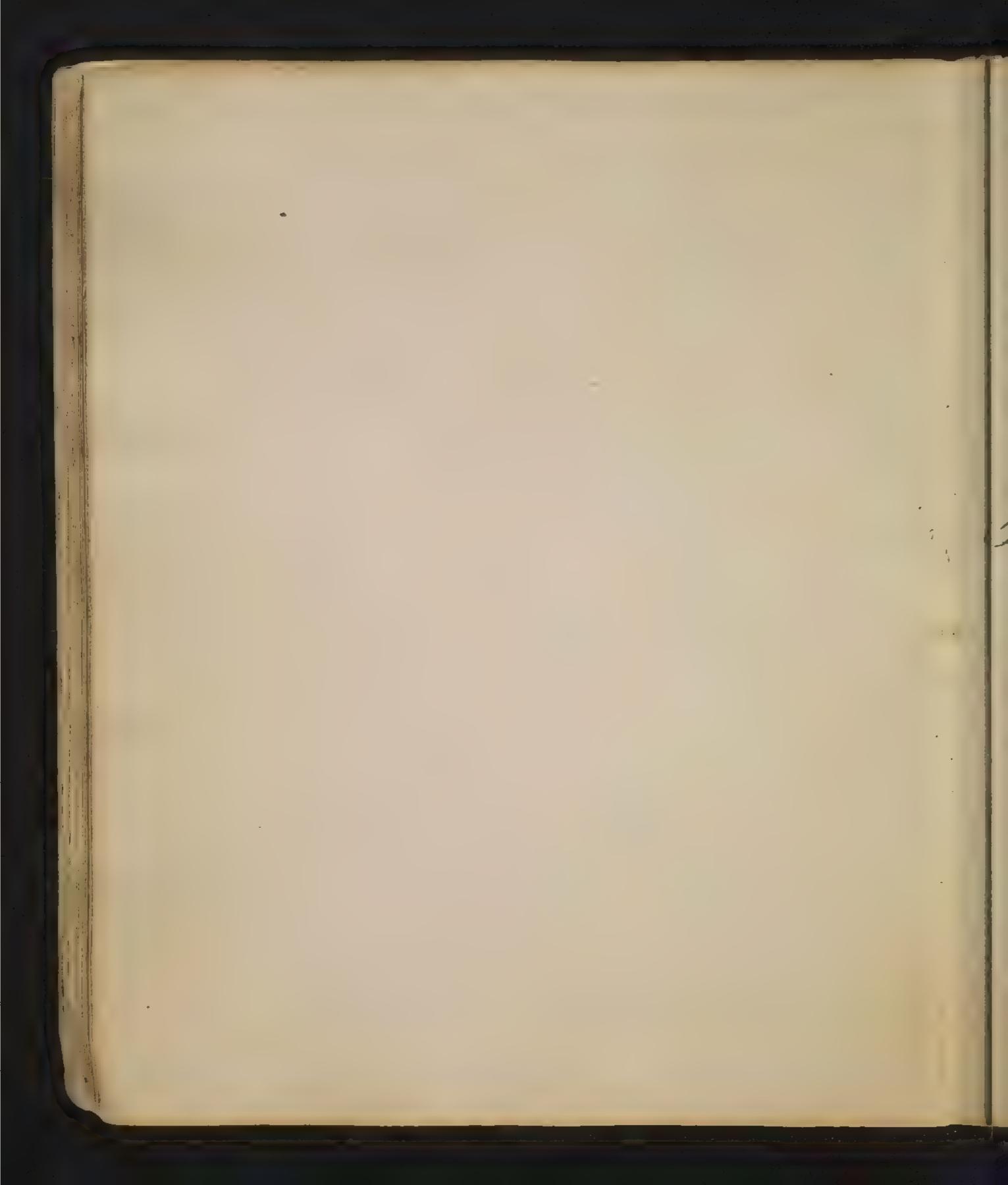
with the head warm: This is not only serviceable to out teeth, but also preserves the sight, and the hearing. There be full on the treatment of the 3. Complexion - A beautiful complexion depends whom an agreeable mixture of white and red The sun injures all complexions; very four complex cons, however, rupel his mays, and rucewe very little insury from Them: on the contrary, the darker the complexion, the somes a dye takes place. The complexions of the ladies in Greet Britain and Greland are remarkable for an agreeable mitture of white Fred owing to the moisture of their atmosphere in that temperate durate - Truguent washing in this country is an excellent substitute for their moisture; it is also good for health. Washing defsolves, and prevents the collection of, excudations on the human body. Vure water as rain; or snow water, is the best for this purpose: of this the ancients seem to have been well informed hence Job IX. 30. If I wash

t proinn meal y meah lye - an excellent wash - brown complexion tamo much somer than a fair woman

"myself with snow water, and make my hands "never so clean" + 4. Good health is executed to beauty; also, to our plea sure, and happinels; while in this world? therefore, we should corefully preserve it. This defrends 12 upon moderate exercise: The test exer cese, in good weather, is walking, in a pure, and open our 2. larly prising, the morning air, air of hells, and country air, are nery pure; and contribute much to health, and beauty; for pure our genes a fresh complexion and com municates reduces to the blood of Scotch ladies) 3. Late evening pointies should be confully avoid ed; Fine, who have followed this practices have been blefsed with health, or longevity. Such fresple not only imbebe noxious, and impure, air at a late hour; trut they also spund their mornings in sleep; and love the pure our which they right then breath: The and, of thus investing the order of mature, by changing night into day, and day into night, generally has ets Junishment inseperably connected with it.



1. We should eat moderately of animal food; and that not too highlyseasoned; it gives an immode rate degree of whatever red and, indeed avery disagreeable sort of red, attended with pimples-5. Heavy, and cumbersome, head-drefses infune the health; and, consequently, are prejudicial to beauty. 6- But, above all, unoid connetics, and perfumes. Commetics, being composed of melalline substances, produce nervous diseases; They also give of yellow tinge to the complexion, so that if a lady be so imprintent dis to use them for a while, she can never long them aside during life. This, then, being the case, 99 houst the ladies of America will mever sacrifice their health, and native heauty, to the use of such for many were the suppression,) When the soon for the daw; But that they will rather be an believes, like the meredian som, to showed forthe wall unborrowed bustice - as to perfumes, they are poor substitutes for cleanlines; no perfumes can possibly be wanted; unless to counter-act disagreeable smells; cleanlines will prevent these



And, to we an Prishism, the test smell is Having shown how beauty depends whom showhes teeth, complexion, and health, we come next to econsider what dependence it has whom the beauties of the mind - It will be sufficient to observe, that without there a lady com no more command respect, or esteem, than a statue can vie with a rational being. Therefore, 5. He should preserve innocence printy of minds storeyour minds with uneful knowledge. Agnorance has been called the curse of Gode it gives a vacant eye and face-Beauties of would irradiate all between er The body charms - because the foul is seen.

+ General Observations - 1 D' Fottier gills Story of Lord musiles f? 2 greatified by D'allen of many things inm holsome not in mediately # 3 Joins ynerary - diff!
in diff's pursons - diff's periods of life & the frist coming in of particular aliments- as Fish- Vigetables de. Amiral mætter - Irjoplied by aud- Oil. -The less we drink at our meals the better. Ap ins. 3. Dison's hiries. - no hime till after owner. It were are the appointe pretirnaturally. Laning impropres I disaque alell right to see whole inments in the Shape in which they stenowed us when aline. 2 & fatiguing during want of ex: Disher, & Tymines 3 orts premero of Jimmens, on

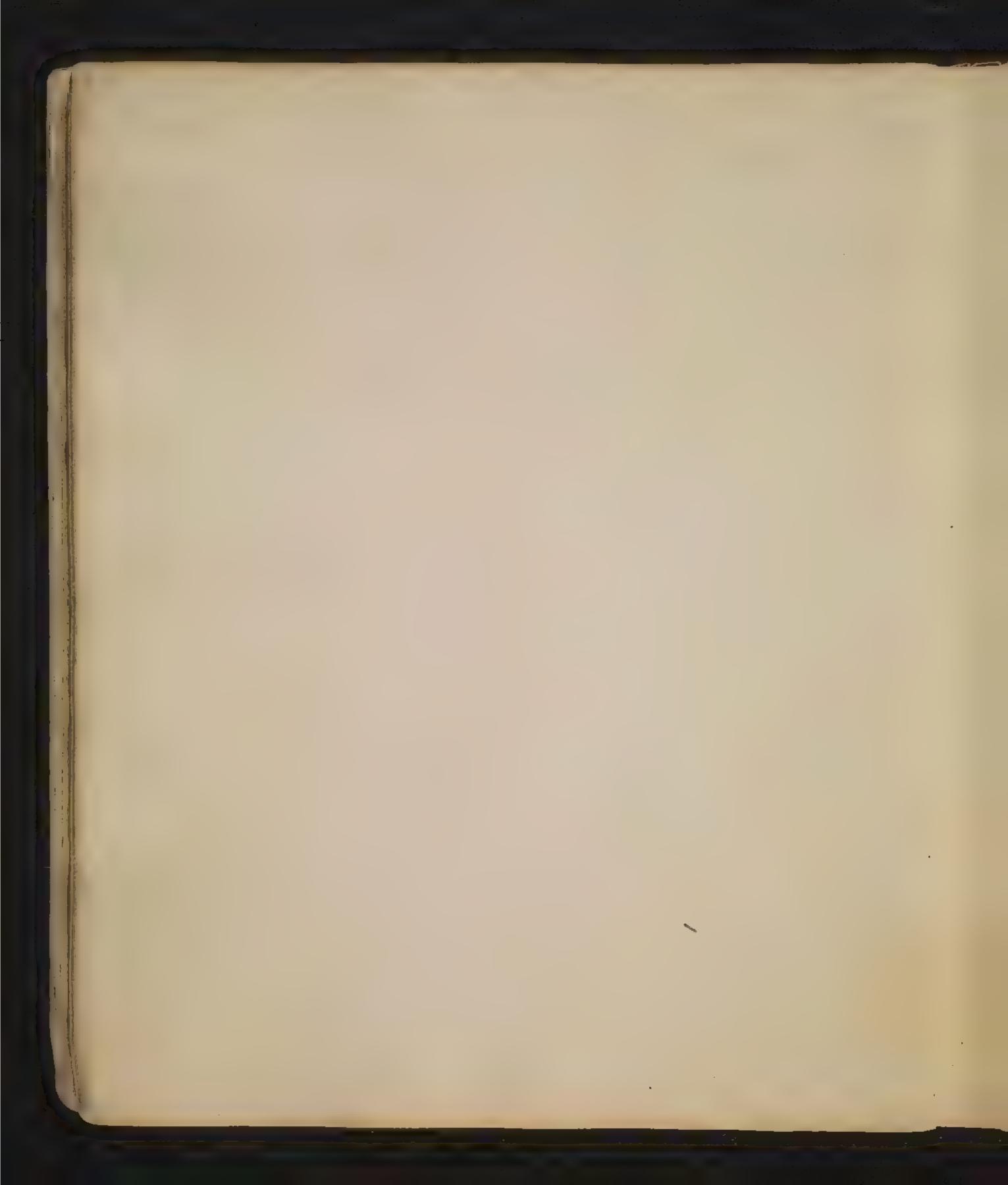
Lechure 11th Of aliments + We shall begin by enquiring into the final cause or recessor of the frequent returns of appetite. Why should so much time be employed in this animal gratification? Why were we not so formed as that one plentiful meal should be sufficient to support our bodies for a mechina a month - or wenderse is not the case; and why we are so defundant upon the elements that support our bodies as to require two or three meals a day for our mourestiment. Ist It is essential to our happiness that we should netoin a constant sense of aur prieator upon our minds. To preserve this sense, at all times, our maker has hindly mendered us dependant whom his bounty, and has, by the negular and daily neturns of our appetites, implanted a mountor · in our bodies to prevent our forgetting him,

makes y cut them too quickly. Mealthe improper. Institute of its folly -By stliging proprie to shrullow while they youth hustyled - Silence dist in eating. Jeens surdest pensons from Inving -Tousts - Remarks our

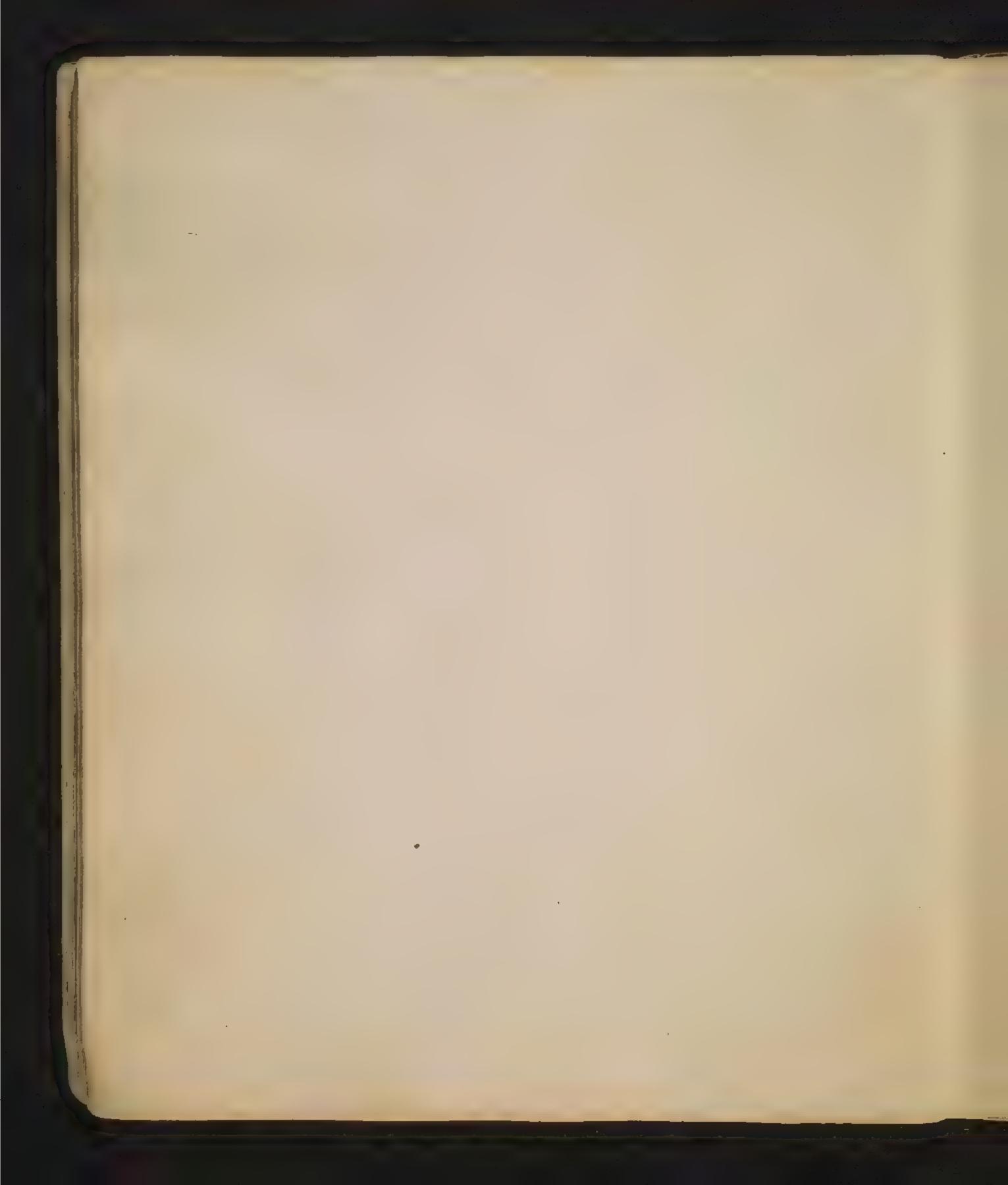
and to remind us of the obligations of gratitude, and obedience which we awe to his goodness. The language of Theoredence, then, in every medl to which we sit down, is - "When this you see" 2. A second use in the frequent ruturns of our appetites is, they serve to promote conversation, and Thereby, encrease knowledge, and social happeness by bringing the members of a family - friends - and even strangers, frequently logether, for the necessary purposes of eating, and drinkungs. I cannot help permarking a further instance of the diverse goodness in connecting so much pleasure with the employments of eating and drinking. Had this quatification been lift to neason or to instruction, how Atten would plea sure, business, or undolence have pundered us dead to the necessities of our bodies! and how often would a preverse temper in a child have been the cause of its death! for, if this child was not impelled to east by the pleasure it derived from eating, it would be as difficult to



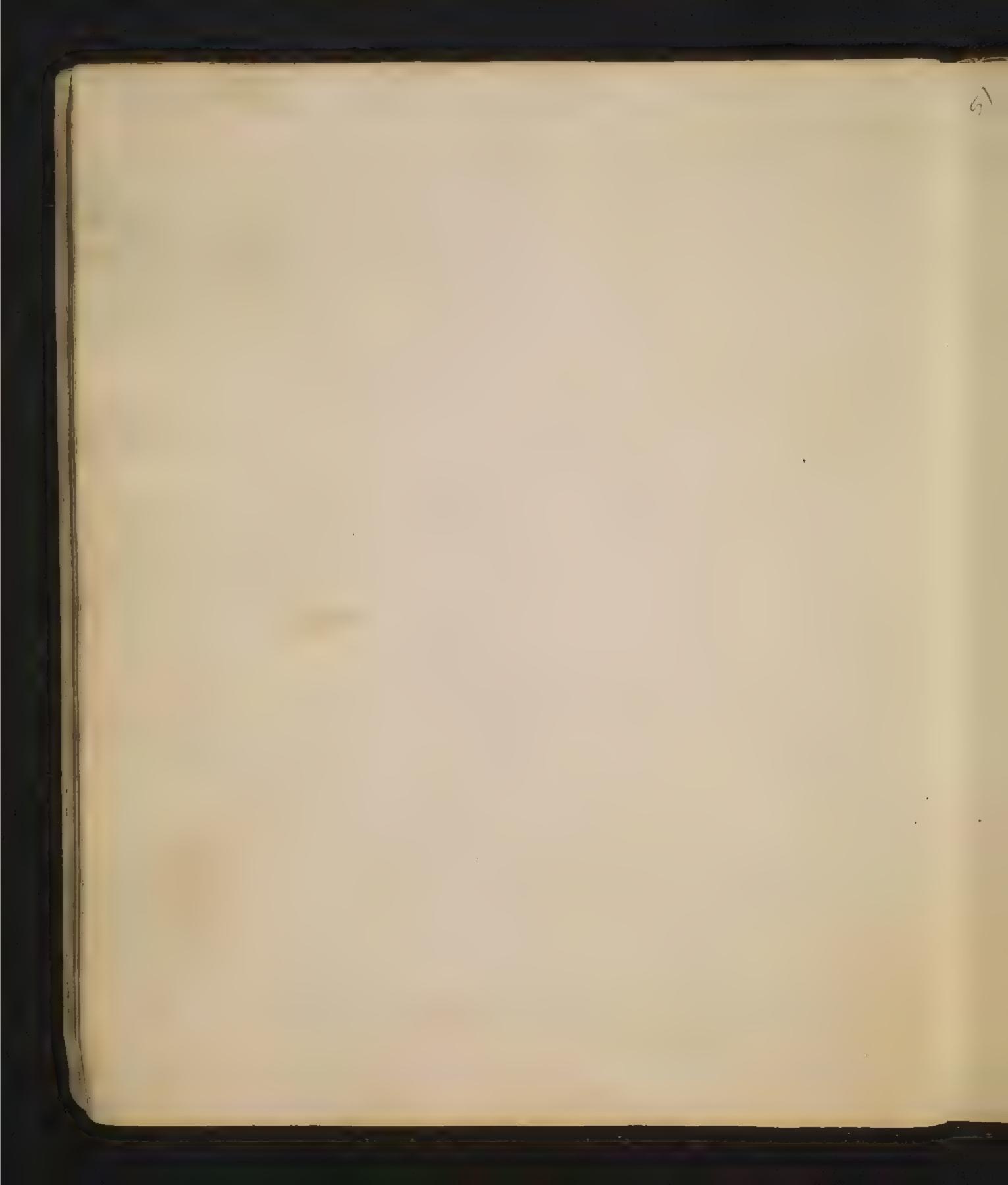
compet it to eat, as it is to make it learn its books There is the same netation between different aliments that there is between the notes of musics some agreeing and some disagreeing with each other - The perfection of coohery counts in find. ing out these rulations. If am disposed to be here The science of cookery is still in its infamely and well-premain so tell it present from the hands of practical cooks, and made the subject of philosophical expen orments, and investigation. I believe there are pleasures to be enjoyed in eating - and that There are degrees of health; and long life, to be derived from the proper, and hamonious, migture of aliments, that we are yet stram yers to. Verhaps discoveries whom this subject may be reserved for some of the finale philosophers of this new world! I shall briefly explain what I mean by the harmony of aliments, by a few examples. Bread, and meat, one rectated, and form a harmony



when mixed together. Bread, and milh; breads and butter, meat, and salt - satted, and fush meat, \_ mustand, and cold beef - cablage, and vinegois, \_ mutton, and tirritis - vention, and current jelly- porte, and apple sauceare alike related to each other, alike greateful to The taste, and alike healthy, when taken into The storrach. Let us rient merition of few instances of discord, or, the want of harmony, in aliments. Fish, and flesh, when mixed together, breads and pudding, satt, and sugar, meat, and sweet sauce, butter, and onion, - milh and gush - are all contrary to each other, and disagreeable to the taste; and if they do not offend the stornach it is owing to its preculiar strength, and healthful state The same deservations apply to drinks. There is the same harmony, and discord, in them, I shall add one, or two, remarks whom this subject -



1. Othe taste, when pure, is an infallable mark of what is healthy in aliments. It is true, the stomach often receives, without prebelling, aliments that are not qualiful to the toute: but, This is arverry to its pieculiar strength. The taste, and the stomach are noturally in union with each other; and, the the stomach may forbear long, yet it sooner or later accords with the decisions of toiste: thus, fish and flesh are unpleasound when mised logether in the mouth; yet, they may be taken, in succession, with impu mily. This is owing to the stomach's not gent ing our alarm, like the taste, whom the first violence being Speredtho it. But, altend to The consequences - Persons who have long mixed fish and flesh together in their stomuchs commot degest Them - hence, we find, when they east Jesh, they prefer exting nothing after it. 2. How shall we account for so many people



in high life in all countries? we read of noble men of 70,-80, and even go, years of age; who fare sumptuously every day, and jet feel no inconvenience from it - 99 occrebe their health and long lefe, enterely to their living whom The best of food, mixed in such a manner as to form a perfect hormony, to the teste, and in the stomach. It is this agreeable and houms. mous mixture of aliments that enables some persons to eat such large, and frequent, meals, without much, or any, inconvenience. And it is the want of this howmany, or proper mix ture, I suppose, that makes even the most wholesome alements, taken in the most mederate quantities, produce diseases in many people. The Germans, in this state, me much afflicted with stomach complaints, owing to their aliments not being in quality, quantity, or mixture proportioned to their constant ba

(a) as to the time of eating much has been daid by different authors. If it be admitted that only one break of animal food should be eaten in the day, the woming is certainly the best time for taking it. Rest after a full meal promotes Digestion. - It between the hours of is the best, as it favours perfairation afternas do. Lespens They is proper after extrag provided it is not taken in a horizontal, but in a Setting frostone. The Fortriguese custom is a good one. They reclied to the form after dimmer & with their wacho ag: a. wall be support their home with a chair on each dide of them. I where is taken, no mest she be

3. Harmonious mistures are useful- regetables, of mery hund which are extable; perfectly harmonize with each other; and by blunting the appetite prevent the eating of an excels of meat Termentation is an intestine motion between defsummelar bodies; or deformular elements. All anic <u>\_</u> . mal, and regetable listers undergo it. There hon as wing, or as lier in its first stage, when it is fet for use I the persons. I the persons of the acetans, as vinegar - and, B. the persons of the persons est, trefactive; when it has become furtrat 1 272 The following circumstonices are necessary to Javour Jermentation. 1. Steat - from yo to 100 degrees; a greater heat than this promotes fermentation too rapidly, and hurries on to the putrefactive stage. 2. Mousture. - Sugar never ferments unless afristed by water or some other lequed 3.

Before we disonifs this Subject, I shall brie for Obsenations upon Steep & dreams.
but first how to obtain Sleep - see fol: 1
The design of Sleep is to represen our bodies H minds. Hower les But how shall hel reconst for to our ideas, that so great a fronten of the obort time allotted to us In this life is newpary for this purpose.

- Suchaps the daily return of Sugar intended

no a type of the death & of the recurrention 
in hindress. I to the lepen the Opportunities of bad men to do mischief. , and to Thorten the Ange of Virtuel. - Difficentificable use From fix to Jenen hours are sufficient to Oblance all the advantages of Sleep. he presson who sleeped looses man 2 years of his constite. Freams are recoverined by imperfect Steep, I tret are connected , or incoherent, according to

those

3. Accept of our is necessary -4. Hest - agitation hurries on too rapidly to the acetous, or putricfacture stages. - and; 5. Terments, in forme cases are necessary to has ten it - hence, yeart is used in baking to a If animal food At has been warmly contested by some that nature never designed man to feed whom ominal foods This doctrine has been supported by many ingeneous arguments. But that animals wore designed for our sie is endent; for the follow 1. The declaration of almighty God in sundry parts of the scriptures - That They were for the 2. Our teeth are not combructed similar either Its hore of the granivorous, harbinands, or carmivorous and mals; but, are a mixture of the there hence it is plainly the well of god that we should

the number or nature of the howers of the mind that are suspended by Sleeps. Firmons who labour, or boho yo to bed lefter being much fatigued Ildom dreum. It full meal - in indolunt Stimulus to any kind to may if the Summer - such whether it be hunger - Thirt - heat - cold -It is from the action of light found upon the innerpally Junes that we dream most in the mornings. - If drenno depend upon natural lanses, the supposition of their builty the intinded to admonish us of future events must be highly win. - phivorphical. To be about the worn.

Herefore

Humed by them in any degree in says our sprincions or actions is a mark of a weak mind, or a vrelgar éducation. " Bhis draft to the puture" mas wisely given".
" That each might fill the circle marked by heaven. I grant that a romee how is Sometimes perceptible

eat a myture of regetable and animal food. 3. Experience shows that This mixture is the most 200 wholesome food for man; for to feed entirely ex D debitely animal life - if this were not done the be carneworous, there would doubtleft have been found, somewhere offer the globe, people who do not feed and flesh; which is not the case ing, Every animal used, as food; at some time for the place - Wild meats are most easy of digistions egs. for being heated in the chase; and helled res without depriving them of their blood; they tend speedily to putre faction hence they 12 1 don't bear long treeping - The inhuman practices of bull-beating, and throwing at cochs, have been invented to procure substitutes for wild flesh. - Legs of quadrupeds, and wings of weld birds, from heing most used; are hardest of digestion. + Besides verning aminicals cat animals for

between dreams & pains counts - but by no means so Often as between subsequent cuents and our waking thoughts whether here justainly comment be ascirbed to a Jupen natural instrume upon our minds. frall Those cases where a connection happens be treen our Dreams & events, it must be "nacribed to what has been very properly called auxidental coincidence. Hemale denimals ensier digested than famale.

young more boluble y old - except in weaktomach. where there is a linderry to account, & alkaliseent aliment is reg? Listy obt west carrier y learn - kept ment y: fresh killed - Bremed on exercised aminals easist dizes Et . Ow animals a young flish pution them diget, & perspire easies y: young aminutes being more saline. Aminal food more nousishing y: Vigetable - modure blethera de Dbisity - Herribalility Suprinels lefter cating from evergy of brain bring directed to break of Stomach. The less

Domestic, or tame, animals, being defined of their blood are less savoury, and harder to be degested their wild ones; grain with exercise is necessary to fatter them, confinement tells frem to father them, but moderate apercise diffuses the foil. They bear heeping, and are made tender by it - but, are much more tender of helled by electricity. Legs of tame fowls are læ Ly less easy of degestion. Than wings, because more used. ODucks, geese, and progs, should be eaten soon; otherwise they are aft to become paneed by means of the great quantity of oil they contarn. Young animals abound with muchlage and are there fore some defether thow young not ones. Buf and multon, however, are exceptions to this made and more early of digistion than real or lamb: but they must not be too old beef and mutton are trest from 5to y years old. Madame Narconvelle's history of pur trefaction shows that beef and mutton putny

annial food the better-Dr - most nourishing - they west almuly most promishing that have buched 6 smooths.

- Those nousishing from its fat - pigs less, from less fat - bigs less, from less fat - bigs less, from less fat - bigs less, from less fat - brite ments less alhalement y sie - the last most blood. - Christen bust 1 years old - a white ment. - pen more tobulle y: lock. lupon de son. = land best - crammed four sapid a tender -Theasant lough - partridge & quail easy of digestion. Goese deduch - albadisent - ohruld not be kept too long. Aminuals in fly have trugh breasts & wings It tunder legs believe besser. - young fridgeoms verry alkaliscent Stander - Eggs Wholson mall Grantity datisfies & nomishes -. + Hish - Cullen not the same difference between young dold as quadrupede \_ less pringerable y. meat, but purhops equally nominohing - shay weather y. body by checking exposetite from Jamones.

Enabs Holobesters like lean fish - not so nowinght.
as par sish. go to come kusten. It hast pilet to is

sooner thou weal, or lamb - and consequently are more eary of digestrow: The former from. greater strength of stomach, teeth 16. are more completity animalized than the latter, which connot sufficiently chew, nor digest, their nigetoible food; and, therefore frictain so much of white the arms of there regulables, in their blood, as m. prevents a speedy pritrefaction - Lee the Cast I Tish are supposed, by some, to have been the first rhon good of Adown after his expulsion from the garden of Eden; which he might probably oftained from the garden from the probably of than he from the servers loopshows more easily than he 800 · go y could conget any of the beasts of the field which shunned his presence. Tish soon become rainced; they should, therefore be eaten soon after they have been taken out of the water: They are a soled food, and require good health to use them - Repper, vinegas 46 are necessary with this alment to promote die gestion - hence the Africans, are all fond of

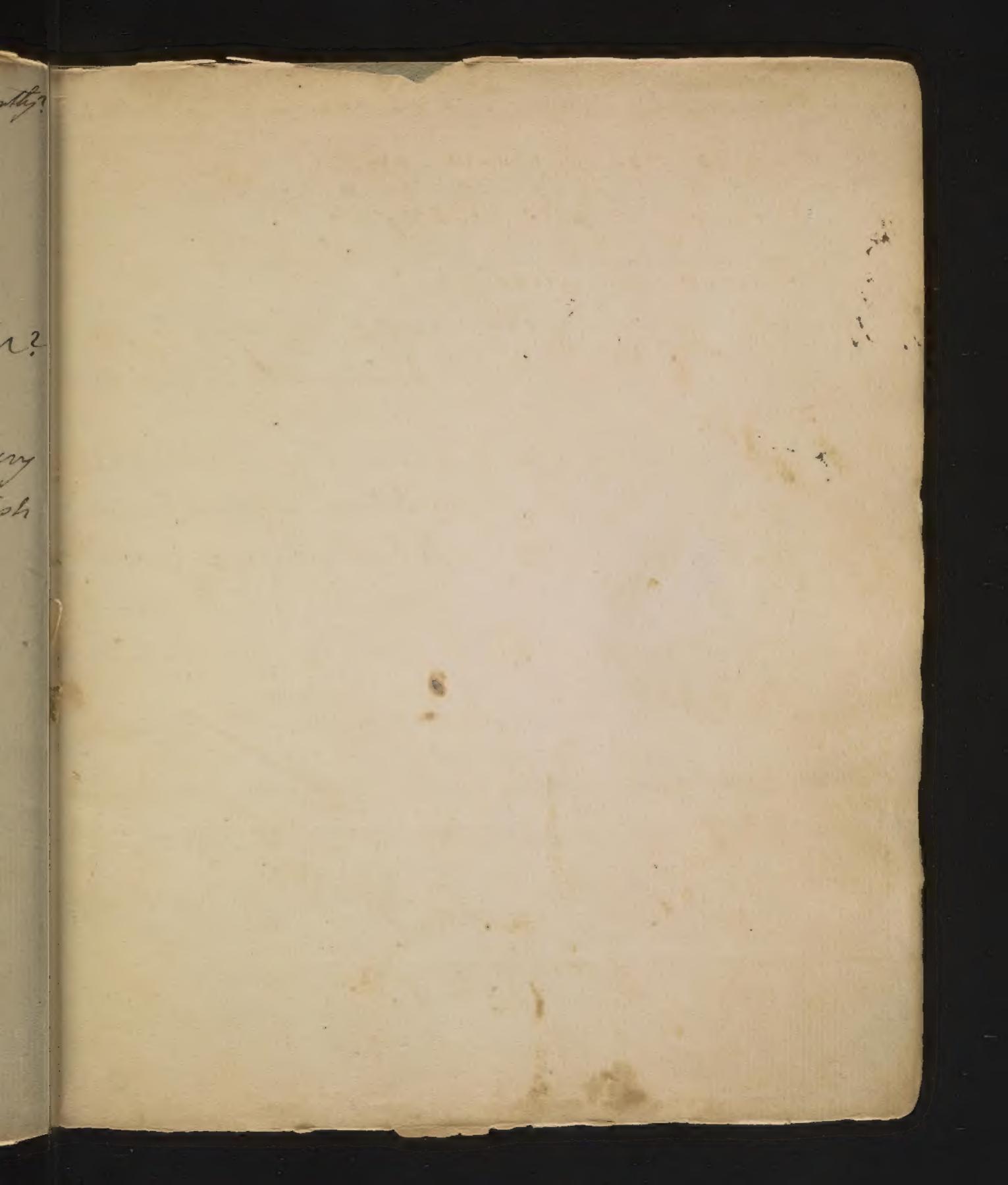
high seasoning with it - Butter harmonings wine, - it is also printent to drink a little. brandy; or other spirit, after a meal of it - hence I the provert of fish swerming three times - first in water- second in butter- ound, thirt in wine. On order to prepare as fish property much depends whom boiling it sufficiently; but not too much - At floats when boiled, and again. sinhs when boiled too much . my of Lancaster restored a fish beginning to be putrid by keeping it 12 hours in a livell of . to lipseftone water - covered with the Water. a compadding Twiles can grated fine Cremm to in butterlop in a dish som coming of the pland Under & around the pardving except in coneplace.

lette ! Whence is set Deniel? nee 2 et latget en all hadies? 3 Does hend ascend or descend? de 1 Kaw de yan front it?

5' Jaes hest contract or expend all hadies?

in 6 How do you from that there is heat in snow? y Now Josephone heat to he is ich? O Alben in find receptors in our apportements? 3 find in chemneis? How do you prevent Murquetal ? II Alhuch is the most ellectual method of Declaracy lugs? 12 Mon Jan pan fireseine misklen dottes from maths in Jummer? 18 How and lains of new wind Lehenries &c taken and of linen?

Mr. Con you lett when fish and bailed sufficiently? 15. Han de yan present eggs? 16. How and harles pereserved? 17. I tea wholesome? 101: What Go you think of Captur? It drysten - bust raw offish - very dlow be difficult of penfair? - hence nowish



Recommend the Use of Lig: Land: instead of spirits in Jamitris. Theman how Dinners 1 cold rooms - Lanada 2 faithen Olhina plates -penter best -3 carving - 4 houlth's 5 Silence - ford cats bost Debest chewich. - the lyp we drink with our dinners the better. Hard to tell iv: is wholsome & w not - Stamach like Conscience deups under trolence - & impro-: per alim often does not produce its bad effects for yours - moderation in grantity a good ville.

13-22 - Du-p-Cro - with ates the bost the th etter, nach

